LAWS OF GEORGIA,

PASSED IN

NOVEMBER AND DECEMBER, 1863,

AND

MARCH, 1864.





ACTS

OF THE

GENERAL ASSEMBLY

OF THE

STATE OF GEORGIA.

PASSED IN

MILLEDGEVILLE,

AT AN

ANNUAL SESSION

TN

NOVEMBER AND DECEMBER, 1863;

ALSO,

EXTRA SESSION OF 1864.

PUBLISHED BY AUTHORITY.

MILLEDGEVILLE:
BOUGHTON, NISBET, BARNES & MOORE, STATE PRINTERS.
1864.



TABLE OF TITLES, DIVISIONS, &c.

PART I.

PUBLIC LAWS-

TITLE I.—APPROPRIATIONS.

- " II.—ASYLUMS.
- " III.—BANKS AND BANKING
- " IV.—COUNTY OFFICERS.
- " V.—DISTILLATION.
- " VI.—EDUCATION.
- " VII.—ELECTIONS.
- " VIII.—EX'RS, ADM'RS, GUARDIANS AND TRUSTEES.
- " IX.—GENERAL ASSEMBLY.
- " X.—INSURANCE COMPANIES.
- " XI.—JUDICIARY—AMENDMENTS TO CODE.
- " XII.—MILITIA.
- " XIII.-OATHS.
- " XIV.—PAUPERS.
- " XV.—PENAL CODE.
- "XVI.—RAILROADS.
- " XVII.—RELIEF.
- " XVIII.—SOLDIERS AND SOLDIERS' FAMILIES.
- "XIX.—STATE HOUSE OFFICERS—CLERKS, SALARIES, &c.
- " XX —TAXES AND REVENUE.

PART II.

PRIVATE AND LOCAL LAWS.

TITLE I -- CITIES AND TOWNS.

- " II.—CITY COURTS.
- " III.—CORPORATIONS.
- " IV.—COUNTY LINES.
- " V.—COUNTY REGULATIONS.
- " VI.—EDUCATION.
- VII.—RELIEF.
- " VIII.—TAXES.



STATUTES OF GEORGIA

PASSED BY THE

GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF 1863.

PART I .--- PUBLIC LAWS.

TITLE I.

APPROPRIATIONS.

Sec. 1. Salaries of Governor, Secretary of Sec. 13. Payment of public debt, &c.

State, Treasurer, Comptroller General,
Secretaries of Executive Department,
Messenger. Librarian, Attorney and
Solicitors General, and Reporter of
Supreme Court. Extra pay to Clerk
of Supreme Court for stationery and
advertising. Salaries of Judges of
"17. Pay Recording Clerk Ex. Dep't.
"18. Pay Page House Reps. Per diem and advertising. Salaries of Judges of the Supreme Court and of the Superior

Courts. Contingent Fund. Printing Fund.— Pay for cleaning and airing Rep. Hall and Senate Chamber. State House Clock

3. Pay of President of Senate and Speaker of House. Per diem and mileage

of members of General Assembly.

4. Pay of Secretary of Senate and Clerk of House of Representatives. Contingent expenses of same officers. Pay Clerks of standing committees in each branch.

5. Pay of Doorkeepers and Messengers.
Attending to chandaliers.

Authorizing payment for services and labor directed by General Assembly,

and no appropriations made.

7. Appropriations for salaries to continue, till salaries changed by law.

Advances to salaried officers.
 Georgia Relief and Hospital Associa-

"10. Purchase of clothing, shoes, &c., of soldiers from Ga.

" 11. Support of indigent widows and orphans of soldiers, and ludigent soldiers them-selves, and mode of providing means. alt supply, &c. For purchase and

"12. Salt supply, &c. For manufacture of cards.

"16. Pay of guard at State Magazine and Military Storekeeper."
"17. Pay Recording Clerk Ex. Dep't."
"18. Pay Page House Reps. Per diem and nuleage to Wm. Herrington, deceased, Rep. from Terrell county.
"19. To reimburse Messrs. Warren and Graham for expenses in accompanying remains of Mr. Herrington.
"20. Advance to Public Printer.
"21. Henningson Hospital, Richmond, Va.

" 21. Henningsen Hospital, Richmond, Va. 22. Gov. authorized to import mllitary supplies, export cotton, purchase steamer,

" 23. Stationery for Ex. Dep't.

"24. Extra allowance to Doorkeepers House and Senate.

" 25. To Hon. Richard Clark for services in preparing Code.
" 26. Expenses of Committee to Academy for

 \mathbf{B} lind. " 27. To Rev. Sam'l Higgins for Fast Day sermon. Secretary of State for fuel, lights and other contingencies.

" 28. Support of State Lunatic Asylum. " 29. To Rev. Jos. J. Ridley, for services as

chaplain. "30. For purchase of forges, hammers and

gudeons.
" 31. To J. S. Walker and R. B. Knight, for

services to Conference Committee on Militia Bill. " 32. Pay of Compiler of laws. To committee for preparing Great Seal.

(No. 1.)

An Act to provide for raising a revenue for the political year 1864, and to appropriate money for the support of the Government during said year, and to make certain special appropriations, and for other purposes therein mentioned.

1. Section I. Be it enacted by the General Assembly of Georgia, That the following sums of money be, and the same are hereby Salary of Governor-Salaries of State House Officers-Solicitors General.

Governor.

General.

Contingent

Pay of Presi-

the House. Mileage.

Per diem of members.

Mileage.

Proviso.

appropriated to the respective persons and objects hereinafter named, viz: The sum of four thousand dollars to his Excellency the Governor as his salary for the year 1864; and the further sum Secretary of three thousand dollars, each, to the Secretary of State and Comptroller, Treasurer, and the sum of three thousand dollars to the Comptrol-General, secretaries of ler General, for the year 1864; and the sum of two thousand five Executive hundred dollars, each, to the Secretaries (not exceeding two) employed in the Executive Department, for the year 1864; and the Messenger. sum of six hundred dollars to pay the Messenger of the Executive State Libra Department for the year 1864; and the sum of one thousand dollars to the State Librarian, as his salary for the year 1864; and Attorney and the sum of two hundred and twenty five dollars to each, the State's

Attorney and the Solicitors General, for the year 1864; and the Reporter of Supreme C't sum of one thousand dollars to the Reporter of the decisions of the Supreme Court, as his salary for the year 1864; and the fur-Clerk of the ther sum of six hundred dollars be, and the same is hereby appro-

for stationery priated to pay the Clerk of the Supreme Court for the Correction of Errors, for stationery and advertising notices of the meeting of Judges of Su-said Court in the year 1864; and the sum of thirty-five hundred dollars to each Judge of the Supreme Court, as his salary for the

Judges of Sn. year 1864; and the sum of twenty-five hundred dollars to each Judge of the Superior Court, as his salary for the year 1864. 2. Sec. II. Be it further enacted, That the sum of fifty thousand

dollars be, and the same is hereby appropriated as a contingent Printing fund for the year 1864; and the sum of thirty thousand dollars be appropriated for a printing fund for the current year, and in case of a deficiency in this appropriation, the Governor is hereby authorized to draw his warrant on the Treasury for the deficit, to be paid out of any money in the Treasury not otherwise appropriated; Cleaning and and the sum of seventy-five dollars to the person selected by the airing Rep. and the sum of seventy-five dollars to the person selected by the Halland Sen-Governor to keep, clean, scour, air the chambers, &c., of the Sen-

ate Chamber and Representative Hall, for the year 1864; and the State House sum of fifty dollars, or so much thereof as may be necessary, to pay for repairing and keeping in order the State House clock, for Pay'for State the year 1864; and the sum of twenty-four hundred dollars to pay

House guard the State House Guard for the year 1864.

3. SEC. III. Be it further enacted, That the sum of ten dollars, dent of the each, per day, be paid to the President of the Senate and Speaker of the House of Representatives, during the present session of the General Assembly, and the sum of five dollars for every twenty miles of travel, going to and returning from the seat of Government, the distance to be computed by the nearest route usually traveled; and that the sum of six dollars, each, per day, be paid to the members of the General Assembly, during the present session, and five dollars for every twenty miles of travel, going to and returning from the Capitol, under the same rules which apply to the President of the Senate and Speaker of the House of Representatives; provided, that no member of the General Assembly shall receive pay for the time he may be absent, unless his ab-

Secretary of Senate and Clerk of House of Representatives-Doorkeepers and Messengers.

sence was caused by the sickness of himself or family, or he had leave of absence granted by the Senate or House for satisfactory reasons.

- 4. Sec. IV. Be it further enacted. That the Secretary of the Pay of Secretary Senate be paid the sum of eighty-seven dollars and fifty cents per ate. day for the present session, and the Clerk of the House of Repre-Clerk of the sentatives be paid one hundred dollars per day for the present session, out of which sums they shall pay all their assistants and sub-clerks; provided, that no warrant shall issue in favor of either Browner. until his Excellency the Governor shall have satisfactory evidence that they have carefully marked and filed away all reports of standing committees and all papers of importance connected with either house; and the sum of seventy-five dollars, or so much Contingent thereof, as may be necessary, is hereby appropriated, each, to the expense of Secretary of the Senate and Clerk of the House of Representatives, to defray the contingent expenses of their respective offices, House. at the present session of the General Assembly; and that the sum Pay of Clerks of ten dollars per diem be appropriated to pay the Clerks of the committees standing committees of the Senate and House of Representatives; branch. provided, that the Auditing Committee of either the Senate or Provisc. House shall not be authorized to audit said Clerks' accounts for any greater number of days than shall be certified to by the Chairman of the Committee to which he was clerk.
- 5. Sec. V. Be it further enacted, That the sum of six dollars per Pay of Doorday be paid to each of the Doorkeepers and Messengers of the keepers and Messengers. Senate and House of Representatives, at the present session of the General Assembly, and the same mileage to each of said Door-Mileage. keepers and Messengers as is paid to the members of the General Assembly; and that the sum of fifty dollars, or so much thereof as may be necessary, is hereby appropriated for cleaning, lighting lighting dallers. and keeping in order the chandaliers of the Senate Chamber and Representative Hall, during the present session of the General As-

6. Sec. VI. Be it further enacted, That in all cases where the Pay provided General Assembly directs the performance of any service or labor or service is for which no provision is made for compensation, the Governor is directed and no compensation. hereby authorized to draw his warrant on the Treasury for such tion provided sum or sums as in his judgment may be a just compensation.

7. SEC. VII. Be it further enacted, That the various sums of the Appropriations for salaannual salaries of all the officers of this State whose salaries are ries continued to the salaries are ries are fixed by law, be, and the same are hereby appropriated annually, ed by law. to pay said salaries, until they are otherwise altered by law.

8. Sec. VIII. Be it further enacted, That the Treasurer be author-Advances by ized to pay from time to time to the officers of the Government Treasurer to challed officers of the Government Treasurer to whose salaries are appropriated by this act, seventy-five per cent of core. the amount for which service has been actually rendered, at the date of such payment, taking receipts from said officers for the same, which receipts shall be his vouchers, and are hereby declar-

Georgia Relief and Hospital Association-Clothing for Soldiers-Soldiers Families.

ed offsets to the extent of said payment, to executive warrants,

drawn at the end of the quarter for said officer's salary.

9. Sec. IX. Be it further enacted, That the sum of five hundred Appropriation for Geor, thousand dollars be, and the same is hereby appropriated for the gia Relief & "Georgia Relief and Hospital Association", to be drawn and exsociation. pended according to an Act, entitled "An Act to appropriate funds to the uses of the Georgia Relief and Hospital Association", assented to Dec'r 12th, 1862.

10. Sec. X. Be it further enacted, That the sum of two millions five hundred thousand dollars, or so much thereof as may be ne-Appropriation for purcessary, be, and the same is hereby appropriated for the purchasing characteristic and procuring clothing, shoes, caps or hats, for all the privates and for soldiers non-commissioned officers are the commissioned officers. non-commissioned officers, who are now or may hereafter be in the army of the Confederate States, from this State, during the present war.

11. SEC. XI. Be it further enacted, That the sum of six millions widows and of dollars, or so much thereof as may be necessary, be, and the orphans of of dollars, or so appropriated for the support of indigent widows same is nereby appropriated for the support of indigent widows wellas foi in and orphans of soldiers, and indigent families of soldiers, who digent families of soldiers may be in the public service, and for the support of in-and indigent and indigent soldiers, who may be disabled by wounds or disease, soldiers if dis-selves, if dis-selves, if dis-vice, Gov. author and during the year 1864, and if necessary, His Excellency the row money of the same six State bonds bearing no greater interest than six per cent, which under certain bonds shall be sold in the market to the highest bidder, in an amount sufficient for said purpose, and in such sums as may be needed from time to time to effect the object of said appropriation.

12. Sec. XII. Be it further enacted, That the sum of five hundred thousand dollars, or so much thereof as may be necessary, be, and the same is hereby appropriated, to be used for the purpose of supplying the people of Georgia with salt, as directed by an act entitled an act to provide for the supply of the people of Georgia with salt, and to appropriate money for the accomplishment of For the pur-that object, assented to Dec 6th, 1862; and that the sum of two hundred thousand dollars, or so much thereof as may be necessary, for be, and the same is hereby appropriated out of any funds in the Treasury not otherwise appropriated, for the purpose of purchasing cards, and procuring the necessary materials for carrying on the work of manufacturing wool and cotton cards, and card clething for factories.

> 13. Sec. XIII. Be it further enacted, That the sum of one million seven thousand and ninety-five dollars, or so much thereof as may be necessary, be, and the same is hereby appropriated, to pay any portion of the public debt, which may become due within the present political year, and to pay the interest on State bonds, as may be issued by authority of any law, passed during the present session of the General Assembly, the same to be paid out of any money in the Treasury, not otherwise appropriated.

14. Sec. XIV. Be it further enacted. That the sum of three thou-

For support of indigent

· Proouring supply of salt.

ulacture cards and elething fo factories.

For payment of public debt, &c.

Supt. Ga. Military Institute-Military Fund-Guard State Magazine-Military Storekeeper.

sand dollars is hereby appropriated to pay the salary of the Super-Salary of San. Ga. Mil. Institute. at Marietta.

15. Sec. XV. Be it further enacted, That the sum of three millions of dollars, or so much thereof as may be necessary, be, and Military fund the same is hereby appropriated as a Military fund for the year for 1864. 1864, to be drawn from the Treasury on warrants of the Governor, from time to time as the same may be required, to defray the expenses for Military purposes.

16. SEC. XVI. Be it further enacted, That the sum of eight hun-at State Magdred dollars, or so much thereof as may be necessary, is hereby ap-ledgeville. propriated, to pay for the guard at the State Magazine, at Milledgeville, for the year 1864; and the sum of nine hundred dollars Military Storekeeper.

to pay the Military store keeper in the city of Milledgeville.

17. Sec. XVII. Be it further enacted, That the sum of twenty-five Pay for Rehundred dollars be, and the same is hereby appropriated, to pay the Ex. Dept for least the graph of the pay the Ex. Dept for least the graph of the pay 1864.

recording Clerk of the Executive Department, for the year 1864.

18. Sec. XVIII. And be it further enacted, That the sum of one Page for hundred and fifty dollars be, and the same is hereby appropriated Reps. of to pay Iverson L. Hunter for his services as page of this House for the present session of the General Assembly. And that the sum of three hundred and seven dollars and fifty cents be appropriated To Ron. Wm to pay the per diem and mileage of the Hon. William Herrington Rep. from Terrell county, and that K. J. War-for per diem and mileage: ren be authorized to receive the same and pay it over to his rep-

resentatives.

19. Sec. XIX. Be it further enacted, That thesum of thirty-five and Graham for expenses dollars each, be appropriated to reinburse Hons. Mr. Warren of in accompanying home Lee, and Mr. Graham of Clay, for expenses incurred in accompanying home nying the remains of the Hon. Mr. Herrington to his residence.

To reimburse Mr. Warren and Graham for expenses in accompanying home home. nying the remains of the Hon. Mr. Herrington to his residence.

20. SEC. XX. Be it further enacted, That the sum of three thousand dollars be, and the same is hereby appropriated as an advance Advance to Public Printto Messrs. Boughton, Nisbet and Barnes, on the State printing for er. the year 1863, and that the Treasurer be, and he is hereby authorized to pay the same to said State Printers, on the warrant of his Excellency the Governor, of this State.

21. SEC. XXI. Be it further enacted, That the sum of five thou-For Henningsand dollars be appropriated for the use and benefit of the Henning-in Richmond, sen Hospital, at Richmond Va.; and the Governor is authorized drawn by Mrs. W. A. and required to draw his warrant on the Treasury in favor of Mrs. Henningsen.

W. A. Henningsen for said sum of five thousand dollars.

22. Sec. XXII. Be it further enacted, That the Governor be and described to he is hereby authorized to import any of the Military supplies ne-tary supplies. cessary to be purchased for the use of our troops, under any of the Also, to expressions of this Act; and to use all the means and take all the other conrisks necessary to accomplish this object, and if necessary, in his modities for opinion, he is authorized to purchase one good swift steamer, to be to purchase used in running the blockade, for the purposes aforesaid, to export cessary. cotton or other commodities, to be used in place of exchange, in the purchase of the necessary supplies. For the purpose of pur-

Fast Day.

Stationery for Ex. Dep.-Hon. Rich'd Clark-Committee on Academy for the Blind-Rev. Sam'l Higgins

Gov. author chasing such steamer the Governor is authorized to purchase and chase and cell'sell or hypothicate cotton, or to issue and sell or hypothicate bonds cate cotton or of this State, bearing six per cent interest, payable semi-annually, bonds to put the principal payable twenty years after this date; Provided, that the sum expended for each purchase shall not exceed seven hun-Proviso. dred and fifty thousand dollars, which sum is hereby appropriated for that purpose.

23. Sec. XXIII. Be it further enacted, That the sum of eighteen For purchase 23. Sec. XXIII. Be it further enacted. That the sum of eighteen of stationer, thousand dollars be, and the same is hereby appropriated, for the purchase of stationery for the use of the Executive Department.

24. SEC. XXIV. Be it further enacted, That the sum of one hun-Extra allowance to Door- dred dollars be appropriated to each, the Door Keeper of the House heepers of House and of Representatives, and the Door Keeper of the Senate, to pay for Scuate. negro hire necessary to discharge the duties of their respective offices, the present session of the General Assembly:

To Hon. Rich 25. Sec. XXV. Be it further enacted, That the sum of three hunard Clark for services in superintend dred dollars be, and the same is hereby appropriated to Richard ing printing Clark for his services in superintending the printing of the Code of index for Chargin and preparing an index to the same

Georgia, and preparing an index to the same.

26. SEC. XXVI. Be it further enacted, That the sum of two hun-To defray expensos of Committee dred and thirty-one dollars be, and the same is hereby appropriavisiting Academy for the ted to defray the expenses incurred by the Committee who visited. Blind. the Asylum for the Blind, at Macon, during the present session of the General Assembly,

27. Sec. XXVII. Be it further enacted, That the sum of two hundred dollars be, and the same is hereby appropriated to Dr. Samu-To Rev. Sam. el Higgins, for his services, and payment of expenses in attending net Higgins and preaching a sermon, by invitation of the General Assembly, on the late Fast Day, and the Governor is authorized to draw his warrant for the same on the Treasury, in favor of said Dr. Samuel Higgins; and the farther sum of four thousand eight hundred and

To see'y of twenty-five dollars and twenty-five cents be, and the same is here-state for fuel, lights and oth- by appropriated to the Secretary of State, to pay for fuel, lights, resonance and other contingencies provided by him for the General Assem-cles provided and other contingencies provided by him for the General Assem-by him for General As- bly, as por account tendered the Finance committee, to be drawn on the warrants of the Governor, and paid out of any money in the

Treasury, not otherwise appropriated.

For support 28. Sec. XXVIII. Be it further enacted, That the sum of one natic Asylum hundred and forty-two thousand five hundred dollars be, and the same is hereby appropriated to aud for the support of the State Lunatic Asylum, for the year 1864, according to the provisions of an Act passed at the present session of the General Assembly, to appropriate money for the support of the State Lunatic Asylum for the year 1864.

29. Sec. XXIX. Be it further enacted, That the sum of two hun-For services 29. SEC. XXIX. Be it further enacted, That the sum of two hunof Rev. Jos. dred dollars be, and the same is hereby appropriated to pay the
Chaplain of Rev. Dr. Joseph I. Ridley for his services as Chaplain to the Senate Rev. Dr. Joseph J. Ridley for his services as Chaplain to the Senate during its present session, to be paid out of the contingent fund.

30. Sec. XXX. Be it further enacted, That the sum of twenty-

Compiler of Laws-Great Seal-Superintendent Lunatic Asylum.

five thousand dollars, or as much thereof as may be necessary, is to parchase hereby appropriated, to have cast twenty sets of forge hammers mers and gudgeons.

and gudgeons, which may be sold to persons at cost ...

31. SEC. XXXI. Be it further enacted, That the sum of fifty dol-Pay to J. s. lars each, be paid to James S. Walker and R. B. Knight, for servi-R. B. Knight, ces rendered the conference committee upon the bill to reorganize conference the Militia, in copying said bill, and making out two reports for militia bill. the committee.

32. SEC. XXXII. Be it further enacted, That the sum of five hun-piler of the dred dollars is hereby appropriated to pay the Compiler of the laws of 1863. of this session of the Legislature; and that the sum of two thousand dollars, or so much thereof as may be necessary, be, and the to Hon same is hereby appropriated, to pay George N. Lester, B. H. Big-N. Lester and same is hereby appropriated, to pay George N. Lester, B. H. Big-N. Lester and same is hereby appropriated, to pay George N. Lester, B. H. Big-N. Lester and same is hereby appropriated, to pay George N. Lester, B. H. Big-N. Lester and same is hereby appropriated, to pay George N. Lester, B. H. Big-N. Lester and same is hereby appropriated, to pay George N. Lester, B. H. Big-N. Lester and same is hereby appropriated, to pay George N. Lester, B. H. Big-N. Lester and same is hereby appropriated, to pay George N. Lester, B. H. Big-N. Lester and same is hereby appropriated, to pay George N. Lester, B. H. Big-N. Lester and same is hereby appropriated, to pay George N. Lester, B. H. Big-N. Lester and same is hereby appropriated, to pay George N. Lester, B. H. Big-N. Lester and same is hereby appropriated, to pay George N. Lester, B. H. Big-N. Lester and same is hereby appropriated, to pay George N. Lester, B. H. Big-N. Lester and same is hereby appropriated, to pay George N. Lester, B. H. Big-N. Lester and same is hereby appropriated, to pay George N. Lester, B. H. Big-N. Lester and same is hereby appropriated, to pay George N. Lester, B. H. Big-N. Lester and same is hereby appropriated, to pay George N. Lester, B. H. Big-N. Lester and same is hereby appropriated, to pay George N. Lester, B. H. Big-N. Lester and same is hereby appropriated, to pay George N. Lester, B. H. Big-N. Lester and same is hereby appropriated, to pay George N. Lester, B. H. Big-N. Lester and same is hereby appropriated, to pay George N. Lester, B. H. Big-N. Lester and same is hereby appropriated, to pay George N. Lester, B. H. Big-N. Lester and same is hereby appropriated and s burse them such funds as they, or either of them may have paid out for the accomplishment of the said work. The Governor is hereby gov. to audit authorized to audit the accounts therefor, and to pay so much of the accounts said accounts as he may find just, from any fund in the Treasury, not seat. otherwise appropriated.

Assented to Dec'r 14th, 1863.

TITLE II.

ASYLUMS.

(No. 2.)

Sec. 1. Salary of Superintendent Lunatic Asylum.

" 2. Salaries of Trustees, other officers, and hire of Servants.

" 3. Support of pauper patients.

" 4. Purchase of provisions.

" 5. Contingent appropriation.

" 6. Appropriations, how raised and disburs-

" 7 \$12.000, appropriated to Georgia Academy for the Blind.

An Act to appropriate money for the support of the State Lunatic Asylum for the year 1864, and for other purposes.

1. Section I. The General Assembly of the State of Georgia do Salary of Suenact, That the sum of two thousand five hundred dollars be, and porintendent. the same is hereby appropriated, to pay the salary of the Superintendent and resident Physician of the State Lunatic Asylum for the year 1864.

2. Sec. II. And the General Assembly do further enact, That from and immediately after the passage of this act, the sum of twenty Salaries of thousand dollars be, and the same is hereby appropriated, to pay Treasurer, the salaries of Trustees, Treasurer, sub-officers, attendants, and &c. servant's hire, for the said Asylum for the year 1864; Provided, such amount be found necessary for said purposes.

Contingent Appropriation-Academy for the Blind.

For support of pauper pa-tients.

3. SEC. III. And the General Assembly do further enact, That the sum of fifty thousand dollars, or so much thereof, as may be necessary, is hereby appropriated, for the support of pauper patients in said Asylum, for the year 1864.

Appropria 4. SEC. IV. And the General Assembly de James is hereby appropriated to pursuant sum of twenty thousand dollars be, and the same is hereby appropriated to supply the means of purchasing previsions in the fall of ing year. 4. Sec. IV. And the General Assembly do further enact, 'That the the year 1864, for the ensuing year.

Contingent necessity. ,

5. Sec. V. And the General Assembly do further enact, That the sum of fifty thousand dollars, be and the same is hereby set apart appropriation and appropriated, as a contingent fund, upon which His Excellency the Governor is authorized to draw his warrant upon the Treasury, if the amount above appropriated for procuring supplies, should become exhausted, and his Excellency be satisfied of the necessity for farther aid.

6. Sec. VI. And the General Assembly do further enact, That the moneys hereinbefore appropriated, shall be raised and disbursed, in the manner and under the same limitations and restrictions as are prescribed in the fourth and fifth sections of an Act, entitled "An act to appropriate money for the support of the State Lunatic Asylum, for the year 1863, and for other purposes, assented to December 15th, 1862".

7. Sec. VII. All conflicting laws are hereby repealed. Assented to Dec'r 12th, 1863.

(No. 3.)

An Act for the support of the Georgia Academy for the Blind.

7. Section I. The General Assembly of the State of Geoegia, do \$12,000 appropriated enact, That the sum of twelve thousand dollars is not be propriated for Academy ated for the support of the Georgia Academy for the Blind, during for Blind. authorized to draw his warrant for the same, in favor of the Trustees of said Academy.

S. Sec. II. All conflicting laws are hereby repealed. Assented to Dec'r 7th, 1863.

Stay Law-Treasury Certificates of Deposit.

TITLE III.

BANKS AND BANKING.

Sec. 1. Stay Law continued in force.

2. When goes into effect.

3. Georgia Treasury Notes may be cancelled on certain conditious, and in

lieu certificates may issue.
4. Comptroller General shall register and

countersign certificates. 5. How Treasury Notes when cancelled to be disposed of. Treasurer and Comptroller General shall state in their reports amount of notes cancelled and certificates issued.

6. Treasurer and Comptroller General authorized to issue change bills. Under what restrictions.

Sec. 7. Authorized to employ Clerks. How Clerks compensated.

" 8. For what purpose change bills to be *paid out.

9. Location of Bank of Whitfield changed on certain conditions.
10. Name of Traders' and Importers' Bank

in Augusta changed.

"11. The President and Directors of the
North Western Bank of the State of Georgia authorized to carry on their banking operations at Atlanta.

(No. 4.)

An Act to continue in force the fourth section of an act passed over the Governor's veto on the 30th day of November, 1860, entitled an act to provide against the forfeiture of the several bank charters of this State on account of non-specie payments for a given time, and for other purposes, passed in the year 1857, and to suspend the pains and penalties imposed upon the several banks and their officers in this State for non-payment of specie, and for other purposes; and also an act to add a proviso to the 4th section of an act entitled an act for the relief of the people and banks of this State, and for other purposes, passed on the 30th of November, 1860, and to add an additional section to said act, assented to December 20th, 1860.

1. Section I. The General Assembly of Georgia do enact, That the Stay law continued in before recited part of an act, and also the before recited act, be, force. and the same are hereby re-enacted and continued in force until the first day of January, 1865.

2. Sec. II. Be it further enacted, That this act shall go into ef-whenleves

fect and be in force on and after the first day of December, 1863.

Sec. III. Repeals conflicting laws.

Assented to Dec. 1, 1863.

(No. 5.)

An Act to cancel certain portions of the Georgia Treasury Notes lately issued, by issuing Treasury Certificates of Deposite, and for other purpo-

WHEREAS, His Excellency the Governor, in his late annual mes-Preamble. sage, represents that Bankers, Capitalists, and others holding Georgia Treasury Notes, desire to have the same cancelled by recertificates.

Treasurer and Comptroller General to issue one million dollars in Change Bills.

ceiving in lieu of said notes, Treasury Certificates of Deposite, for larger amounts, binding the State to the same obligations contain-

ed in the face of said notes:

3. SEC. I. Be it enacted by the General Assembly of Georgia, That Georgia Tree-upon the presentation to the State Treasurer, of five thousand sury notes in dollars, or any larger amount, of Georgia Treasury Notes, by any than \$\frac{85,000}{\text{evan}}\$ holder, who may desire the same to be cancelled by the issue of celled and Treasury Certificates of Deposite, it shall be the duty of the Treastificates issue on therefor. Urer to receive, and give Certificates of Deposite, in sums of not less than five thousand dollars for the same; said Treasury Certificates to be made payable in the same manner as is expressed on the face of the Treasury Notes thus cancelled.

4. SEC. II. Be it further enacted, That upon the issue of said Comptroller Treasury Certificates, they shall be taken to the Comptroller Gen-general shall register and countersign the same; the registry countersign the same; the registry shall contain the date of issue, the number and amount of each

certificate issued. How cancelled Treasury .5. Sec. III. Be it further enacted, That upon said Treasury Notes and the being thus taken up, each number shall be marked redeemed "by Certificate" in the Registry Book in the Comptroller General's office, and once in every two months the Treasurer and Comptroller General shall in the presence of the Governor burn said notes thus

cancelled, and his Excellency will cause the proceedings to be en-Treasurer and tered upon the minutes of the Executive Department, and the Comp. Gen'l Treasurer and Comptroller General are hereby directed in their general reports general reports to give the amount of Treasury Notes thus can-

celled, and the amount of Treasury Certificates thus issued:

Provided, That the cancelling of these notes shall not be reporissued. Provisoes. ted among the receipts and disbursements at the Treasury; Provided further, That the parties who hold said Treasury Notes shall pay all expenses of printing and carrying into effect the provisions

of this Act.

SEC. IV. All conflicting laws are hereby repealed.

Assented to 14 Dec. 1863.

(No. 6.)

An Act to authorize the Treasurer and Comptroller General to issue one million of dollars of change bills.

Treasurer and Comp. Gen'l 6. Sec. I. The General Assembly do enact, That the Treasurer to issue change bills of and Comptroller General are hereby authorized and required, unthis state. der the supervision of the Governor, to have prepared, issued, and Of what deput in circulation, change bills of this State, of the denomination nemination. of four, three, two and one dollars, and of fifty cents, the aggregate For what amount of which shall not exceed one million of dollars; the said Under what change bills to be issued in the terms of, and under the restrictions of the Act assented to Dec. 5th, 1862, entitled "An Act to

Bank of Whitfield-Traders' and Importers' Bank-Northwestern Bank.

authorize the Treasurer and Comptroller General of this State, to issue change bills for the State of Georgia, under the supervision of His Evellerey the Covernor.

of His Excellency the Governor.

7. Sec. II.. Be it further enacted, That the Treasurer and Comp-Treasurer and troller General, under the approval of the Governor, shall have authorized to power to employ such number of clerks or assistants as may be necessary, to issue said change bills at an early day, and that said compensations or assistants shall have such compensation for his or their services, as the Governor may deem just.

8. Sec. III. Be it further enacted, That the Treasurer be au-forwhat purthorized to pay out said change bills from the Treasury, in pay-possepaidout

ment of appropriations made by the General Asssembly.

SEC. IV. All conflicting laws are hereby repealed.

Assented to Dec. 14th, 1863.

(No. 7.)

An Act to amend the Charter of the Bank of Whitfield Dalton Ga.

19. Sec. I. Be it enacted &c., That the location of the Bank of Whit-Location of the Bank of the Bank

SEC. II. Repeals conflicting laws.

Assented to Dec. 11th, 1863.

(No. 8.)

An Act to amend an Act to charter and incorporate a Bank in the city of Augusta by the name and style of the Traders and Importers Bank.

10. Sec. I. The General Assembly of the State of Georgia do enact, Name of the That the name of the Bank incorporated by the above recited Importers' Act, shall be from and after the passage of this Act, The Importers ed.

Assented to Dec. 1st, 1863.

(No. 9.)

An Act for the relief of the President and Directors of the North Western Bank.

11. Sec. I. Whereas, the invasion of the State of Georgia, by the Federal army renders it necessary that the assets of the North Preamble. Western Bank of Georgia, should be removed from Ringgold,

Receivers of Tax Returns and Tax Collectors.

Therefore Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of President and the State of Georgia in General Assembly met, and it is hereby enacted the N. W. by the authority of the same, That from and after the passage of this State of Go. Act, the President and Directors of the "North Western Bank of invested with the State of Georgia," shall be invested with all the powers, rights and privileges of hanking in the city of Atlanta Georgia. and privileges of banking in the city of Atlanta Georgia, that it is secured to them in the charter granted on the fourth day of March eighteen hundred and fifty six, for the North Western Bank of the State of Georgia, located at Ringgold, in the county of Catoosa.

Sec. II. Repeals conflicting laws.

Assented to Nov. 23rd, 1863.

TITLE IV.

COUNTY OFFICERS.

Sec. 1. Repeals Act of 30th November 1861, Sec. 5. When fees are increased by any act of consolidating offices of Tax Receiver and Collector. Proviso.

2. Tax Collector of Walker and other

counties similarly situated allowed until the 1st day of March 1864, to make final settlement with Comp-

troller General. " 3. When necessary, Governor authorized to detail a Guard from any forces in the service of Georgia for protection of Tax Collectors in discharge of their duty. In certain cases allowed to summons Guard. Guard to receive pay for their services. Amount

of pay " 4. Ordinaries allowed to charge and receive certain fees in addition to those now allowed by law. Fees. In certain cases same fees as allowed Clerks of the Superior Courts for similar services.

present General Assembly, the rate of per centage of increase to obtain on the tees allowed by this Act.

6. County Treasurers to hold their offices for two years after Jan. 1st, 1864.

7. Preamble. Act separating offices of Receivers of Tax Returns and Tax Collectors to go into operation 1st day of January 1864.

8. Act to take effect and be of force from the day of its passage.

(No. 10.)

An Act to repeal the Act assented to the 30th day of November, 1861, consolidating the offices of Receiver of Tax Returns and Tax Collector in this State.

1. Sec. I. Be it enocted by the General Assembly of Georgia, That Repeals act of the Act to consolidate the offices of Receiver of Tax Returns and 30th Nov. 61, consolidating of Tax Collector in this State, and to require the duties thereof offices of Tax to be discharged by one officer, to be styled "Tax Receiver and Reseiver and to be discharged by one officer, to be styled "Tax Receiver and to be discharged by one officer, to be styled "Tax Receiver and to be discharged by one officer, to be styled "Tax Receiver and to be discharged by one officer, to be styled "Tax Receiver and to be discharged by one officer, to be styled "Tax Receiver and to be discharged by one officer, to be styled "Tax Receiver and to be discharged by one officer, to be styled "Tax Receiver and to be discharged by one officer, to be styled "Tax Receiver and to be discharged by one officer, to be styled "Tax Receiver and to be discharged by one officer, to be styled "Tax Receiver and to be discharged by one officer, to be styled "Tax Receiver and to be discharged by one officer, to be styled "Tax Receiver and to be discharged by one officer, to be styled "Tax Receiver and to be discharged by one officer, to be styled "Tax Receiver and to be discharged by one officer, to be styled "Tax Receiver and to be discharged by the best discharged by the styled "Tax Receiver and to be discharged by the best discharged by the b Collector," assented to on the 30th day of November, 1861, be; and the same is hereby repealed: Provided, that no Receiver of Proviso. Tax Returns or Tax Collector shall receive more, than fifteen hundred dollars commissions on the general State Tax.

Assented to Nov. 30th, 1863.

Tax Collector of Walker-Fees of Ordinaries.

(No. 11.)

An Act to extend the time for the collection of Taxes in the county of Walker, and to provide a guard for the Tax-Collector in said county, and all other counties similarly situated.

2. SECTION I. The General Assembly of Georgia do enact, That Tax Collector of Walker and the time for the Tax-Collector of Walker county, and all other other counties similarly situated, to make his collections and final settle-to make final ments with the Comptroller General, be, and the same is hereby ex-settlement with Comp. tended to the 1st day of March, A. D. 1864.

3. Sec. II. Be it further enacted by the authority aforesaid, That When necessary, Gov. au-whenever it shall appear necessary for the protection of the Tax thorized to Collector of said county, in the discharge of his duty, the Govern- of Tax Color be, and he is hereby authorized to detail all such officers and lector in discharge of daty men from any forces in the service of Georgia, as may be necessary, in certain can see allowed to to act as a guard for said officer, and in all such cases as may ap-summons pear eminently necessary to the said Tax-Collector, shall be authorized to summons one or more men to act as guards during the continuance of the danger. In which event, the parties, so acting, Shall received shall receive the same pay as if in service in either of the Georgia pay for servi-Regiments, to be paid upon warrant of His Excellency the Governor, out of the Military fund of this State.

Assented to Dec'r 14, 1863.

(No. 12.)

An Act to allow the Ordinaries of this State to charge and receive certain fees.

4. SEC. I. The General Assembly of Georgia do enact, That the lowed to Ordinaries of this State be, and are hereby allowed to charge and charge and receive establishment. receive the following fees, in addition to the fees now allowed them tain fees, by law, to-wit:

For signing probate of will or codicil, 25 12 Fees. For copying of Records per hundred words, " Each certificate or seal, 60 " Process against any Executor, Administrator or Guardian charged with mismanagement, 50 " Each search, 15 " Each case litigated before the Ordinary, 3 00 " Issuing commission to examine witness, 1 25. " Issuing commission to examine any person alleged to be idiot, lunatic, insane, &c., 2 500 " Decision or judgment on hearing such case, 2 000 " Commission to have one year's support set apart to widow or minor, 1 25 " Recording return of commission in such case, if under . \$500, 1 00 " If over \$500, 1 25

- mble.

County Treasurers-Receivers of Tax Returns and Tax Collectors.

	The second secon		
66	Examining books where Ordinary's aid is required,		25
. "	Examining book and giving extract,	1	00
. "	Appointing Guardian to each free negro, whole service.	2	50
-46	Every order passed, (including any fee heretofore allow-		
	ed for an order,) the whole fee to be,	1	00
- 66	Every copy of such order (including any fee heretofore		
	allowed for copying any order), the whole fee to be.		50
"	Every service required and performed for which no fees		
3	are specified by law, the same fees as are allowed		. 1
	Clerks of the Superior Courts for similar services, or		
	for a like amount of labor.		

Allowed same fees as Clarks
Sup. Onarts, when not specified.

When fees are been as Clarks of the Superior Courts for similar services, or for a like amount of labor.

When fees are been and support of this General Assembly, the rate of per centage of incomposition on the fees allowed in this Act.

SEC. IV. All conflicting laws are hereby repealed.

Assented to Dec. 14th, 1863.

(No. 13.)

An Act to define the time, that County Treasurers in the several counties of this State shall hold their offices.

6. SECTION I. Be it enacted by the General Assembly of the State of County Trea. Georgia, That from and after the first day of January next, the office for two county Treasurers of the several counties in this State shall hold years after Jan. 1st, 1864. their offices for two years, whether said Treasurers are elected by the people, or appointed by the Inferior Courts.

SECTION II. All conflicting laws are hereby repealed.

Assented to Dec. 14th, 1863.

(No. 14.)

An Act, to amend the 3rd section of the Code, and to carry into effect on the first day of January 1864, an Act passed by the present General Assembly, relative to separating the offices of Receiver of Tax Returns and Tax Collectors of this State.

Whereas the 3rd section of the Code provides, That "All Acts hereafter passed by the General Assembly, unless specially provided otherwise in the Act," shall take effect and be obligatory only from the first day of July next succeeding the date of this passage;" and whereas the present General Assembly passed an "Act to repeal an Act assented to the 30th day of November 1861, consolidating the offices of Receiver of Tax Returns and Tax Collector of this State," which was approved by the Governor Nov. 30th, 1863. And the said Act does not state when it shall go into effect, for remedy whereof,

Unlawful Distillation of Grain in this State.

7. SECTION I. Be it enacted by the General Assembly of the State of To go into op-Georgiu, That the above recited Act, separating the offices of Re-gan, 1864. ceiver of Tax Returns and Tax Collectors shall go into operation on the first day of January, 1864.

8. Section II. This Act shall take effect and be of force from To be of force the day of its passage, and that all conflicting laws are hereby re-from its passage,

pealed.

Assented to Dec. 14th 1863.

TITLE V.

DISTILLATION.

- Sec. 1. Distilleries run contrary to law declared Sec. 8 Amount restricted. public nuisances. " 2. Justices of the Peace and Justices of Inferior Court to investigate and suppress. Proceedings in such cases.
 - 4. 3. Officers liable for failure of duty.
 4. Warrant may be transmitted to Gov. ernor in certain cases.
 - 5 Proceeding by Governor and his offi-cers, when warrant is sent to him.
 - " 6 Distilleries seized, paid by valuation of Inferior Court.
 - 7 Repeals 5th section of Act 22nd Nov 1862, and allows Government to con tract on certain terms.

- 9 Violations punished. " 10 Takes effect immediately.
- " 11 Licenses to distill alcohol granted under certain restrictions.
- " 12 To be good article. How long license.
 " 13 Outh and bond of persons licensed.

- " 14 Violations indictable.
 " 15 Bonds may be sued on.
 " 16 Licenses may be withdrawn. Inferior Courts may contract for medicinal

(No. 15.)

An Act to further provide for the suppression of unlawful distillation of grain and other commodities in this State ..

1. Section, I. The General Assembly of Georgia do enact, That each and every distillery which may be run or worked in this run contrary State contrary to any or either of the provisions of the laws here-to-law public misances. tofore passed, to prevent unlawful distillation, is hereby declared to be a public nuisance, and in addition to the remedies heretofore

provided, may be abated as follows:

2. Section II. It shall be the duty of each and every Justice of the Peace, in the several Militia Districts of this State, and Jus-Justices of tices of the Inferior Courts, to diligently enquire about every such Justices and still as may be either publicly or clandestinely run in his District, tigate and or County, and upon being informed on oath, or being otherwise suppress. induced to the opinion, that such still or stills are running unlawfully, or that unlawful sales of spirituous liquors are made from the proceeds of such stills, by the owner of said stills or his agent, he shall issue his warrant against the party or parties owning and soperating said still, and the still itself, including both, which said

Proceedings

Unlawful Distillation of Grain in this State.

warrant shall forthwith be delivered to the Sheriff of the county, who, thereupon, shall arrest the party and seize the still. The writ shall be returnable twenty days after it shall thus be issued, and at that time the Magistrate shall summarily try the question with the assistance of twelve free holders of the county, and oneor more Magistrates, as to whether or not such still so seized, is a public nuisance. The effect of a verdict of no nuisance, shall be a such cases, to discharge the party or parties, and release the still. The effect of a verdict of nuisance, shall be to retain both in custody. but the party or parties shall have the right of appeal or certiorari to the Superior Court of the county, pending which, however, the still or stills shall be retained in the custody of the officers of the law, and not to be run during the pendency of the suit, but the party or parties shall be at liberty to go at large upon giving bond with good and sufficient security in a sum to be judged of by the Court. This however, shall in no wise exempt such party or parties from indictment under other provisions of law, to prevent unlawful distillation, and it shall be the duty of the presiding Magistrates to investigate fully, whether or not such party or parties have violated any of the provisions of the law, and in each case, and for each day, to bind such party or parties over in bonds for their appearance to the next Superior Court for trial, or else commit them to jail. The Magistrates shall return their proceedings to the next term of the Superior Court.

Officers liable duty.

3. Section III. For non-compliance with the provisions of this. for failure in Act each officer failing promptly and fully to do his duty, shall be guilty of malpractice in office, and it shall be the duty of the

Grand Jury to make presentments thereof.

4. Section IV. In all cases when in the discretion of the Mag-Warrant transmitted to istrate or Magistrates, it shall be deemed best, the warrant shall, in the first instance, be transmitted to His Excellency the Governor, who is hereby empowered to have the same executed by any officer of the State, Civil or Military, he may deem the peculiar exigencies of the case require. In which event, the subsequent

proceedings shall be as hereinbefore provided.

5. Section V. In all cases where the Governor shall be in-Proceedings formed, that any still or stills are run in any county of this State by Gov. and in violation of law, or that any unlawful sale or sales are made. when warrant from any such still or stills, and the Justices and other county officers have failed to act, he shall forthwith send an officer or person to be designated by him to the vicinage, who shall investigate the facts, and upon being satisfied that there exists probable cause for the charge against any one or more persons in the county, such officer or person shall make complaint thereof on oath to any Justice of the Peace or Justice of the Inferior Court of the county, or to the Judge of the Superior Court of the circuit of which such county is a part, or in case of his absence, to any Judge of the Superior Courts of this State. The officers thus applied to, shall thereupon issue a warrant for the seizure of the still or stills, as a...

'Unlawful Distillation of Grain in this State.

nuisance, and the arrest of the person or persons owning or engaged in running the same, including all who either own or are engaged in running the same, so far as they may be set forth in the affidavit, or can be ascertained, which said warrant shall be directed to any lawful officer to execute and return. The Governor shall thereupon cause the same forthwith to be executed by any officer of the State, Civil or Military, he may deem the exigencies of the case require; all further proceedings shall be as provided in the preceding sections, only, that in the event the warrant shall be issued by any Judge of the Superior Courts (it?) shall be made returnable before him on a day to be named therein, at the Court house of the county in which it is charged that the nuisance exists; and it shall be the duty of the Judge to attend on the day mentioned, and assisted by a Jury of twelve free holders make the summary investigation in the preceding sections provided.

6. Section VI. The parties owning such distilleries as may be be seized to be so taken and held by the Government, shall be entitled to pay-paid by value-paid by value-paid by the Government, shall be entitled to pay-paid by value-paid by v ment for the same, the value to be fixed by the Inferior Court in Court accordance with the statutes now in force, providing compensation to owners for stills seized by the Government.*

Assented to Dec. 3, 1863.

*For providing compensation, see Act Dec. 9, 1862, page 28.

(No. 16.)

An Act to alter and amend an act entitled an act to prevent the unnecessary consumption of grain by distillers and manufacturers of spirituous · liquors in Georgia, approved Nov. 22d, 1862; also, to alter and amend an act supplementary to the said recited act, assented to December 11th, 1862, and for other purposes.*

WHEREAS, In the fifth section of the above first recited act, it is provided, that no person distilling under any license authorized by that act, shall sell any whiskey or any other spirituous liquors for Preamble. more than one dollar and fifty cents per gallon, nor alcohol at more than two dollars and fifty cents per gallon, under the penalties recited in said act; and whereas, since the passage of said act, from the greatly increased and increasing value of grain and labor, of all implements, machinery and articles used in distilling, as well as on account of the heavy taxes imposed by both the Confederate and State governments upon distillers, the above named prices have become wholly inadequate and unremunerative to persons who have heretofore contracted, or may hereafter contract, to distill whiskey or alcohol, for the Confederate government; therefore, for remedy whereof,

7. Section I. Be it enacted, &c., That all that part of the said fifth section of said act of the 22d November, 1862, which restricts the price of whiskey to one dollar and fifty cents, and the price of

^{*}See Pam. Act, Nov. 22, 1862, pages 25 and 26. Also, Act Dec. 11, 1862, pages 27 and 28.

Unlawful Distillation of Grain in this State.

Ropeals 5th alcohol to two dollars and fifty cents per gallon, be, and the same Nov. 1632 and is hereby repealed; and that the Confederate government may, by allows Government of the contract for the distillation in this State of kyand alcohol whiskey and alcohol for the use of the Confederate government, at by contract, by contract, whiskey and alcohol for the source of the contracting not exceeding such price or prices as may be agreed upon by the contracting prices fixed prices fixed such prices as may by state Comparties; and the said government may, by its officers or agents, increase the price to be paid for whiskey and alcohol under contracts heretofore made, or hereafter to be made, to distill whiskey or alcohol for said government, to any extent which may be agreed upon; provided, such contract price shall not exceed the prices for whiskey and alcohol respectively fixed from time to time in the schedule of prices established by the commissioners for Georgia, ap-

· Proviso.

pointed under the impressment act of Congress.

Amount re-

8. Sec. II. Be it further enacted, That, hereafter in issuing licenses for the distillation of whiskey or alcohol for the use of the Confederate government, authorized to be issued by the above recited acts as altered and amended by this act, his Excellency the Governor may issue the same, regardless of the price or prices to be received by the party or parties applying for such license or licenses; Provided, such price or prices does not exceed those fixed by the commissioners under the impressment act of Congress, as set forth in the first section of this act; And provided further, that nothing in this act shall be so construed as to authorize or require the Governor of this State to issue licenses for the distillation in Georgia, for the use of the Confederate government, of more than one million of gallons of spirituous liquors of all kinds, including alcohol.

Violations punished.

9. Sec. III. Be it further enacted, That all and any such person or persons who may be at any time distilling under any contract with the Confederate government, who shall at any time make or sell or otherwise dispose of any whiskey, brandy, or other spirituous liquors, the product of his or their still or stills, on private account, or to any other person or corporation or partnership, or who may ship from his or their distillery any such product thereof, other than to the government or its authorized agent, he or they so offending shall be deemed guilty of a misdemeanor, and upon conviction thereof, shall be punished, in the discretion of the Court, by fine not less than one thousand dollars for each and every such offense so committed, or imprisonment in the common jail of the county, or both; and any and all officers and agents of the Confederate government who shall consent to any such sale, disposal or shipment, shall be held and deemed a principal in the first degree, and upon conviction thereof, shall be punished by like fine and imprisonment.

Takes effect

10. Sec. IV. And be it further enacted by the authority aforesaid. immediately. That this act shall go into operation and take effect from and immediately after its passage.

Sec. V. Repeals conflicting laws. Assented to Dec. 14th, 1863.

Governor to grant a license to manufacture Alcohol for medicinal and mechanical purposes.

(No. 17.)

An Act to authorize the Governor of this State to grant a license for the manufacture of Alcohol for medicinal and mechanical purposes.

11. SEC. I. The General Assembly do enact, That from and after the passage of this Act, the Governor be, and he is hereby author-distil alcohol ized to grant a license for the manufacture of Alcohol for medici-under certain nal and mechanical purposes, under the restrictions hereinafter restrictions, specified, to any person who shall make application for the same, and comply with all the provisions of this Act; provided, that the alcohol so authorized to be distilled, shall not be sold for an amount exceeding seventy-five per cent profit upon the actual cost of the

12. Sec. II. And be it further enacted, That in no case shall a To be good arlicense be granted for the purpose aforesaid, until the applicant has ticle. How license, made it satisfactorily appear to the Governor, that he is prepared to produce alcohol of good quality; which license shall not be granted for a longer time than twelve months, and may be renewed at the discretion of the Governor.

13. SEC. III, And be it further enacted, That before a license shall Oath & bond be granted, the applicant shall take and subscribe an oath, that he of person I will not make spirits other than alcohol by himself, his agent or servants; that he will not make more than the number of gallons allowed by the terms of the license, that he will not make it for sale to speculators, and that he will not abuse the privileges granted under this Act, or violate any of its provisions in any respect whatever, and shall give bond and security to the Governor, in the sum of one hundred thousand dollars, that he will faithfully observe the requirements of this Act.

14. SEC. IV. And be it further enacted, That for a violation of Violation inany of the provisions of this Act, the person so violating may be indicted and tried for false swearing, and on conviction, be punished in the same manner.

15. SEC. V. And be it further enacted, That for any violation of sued on. the provisions of this Act, the Governor may institute suit on said bond, for the recovery of the full amount of said bond; and should recovery be had, the sum to be applied to the fund for the relief of soldiers' families.

16. SEC. VI. And be it further enucted, That the Governor be, Licenses may be withdrawn and he is hereby authorized, whenever it is made appear to him he withdraw that the privileges of this Act are abused to withdraw from the contract for person abusing the terms of this Act, said license, which withdraw-purposes. al shall not prevent prosecution for false swearing, or suit on the bond as before provided for; provided further, that the Inferior Court of any of the counties in this State may, with the consent of the Governor, contract for such quantity for medicinal use in the county, as the Governor may deem necessary, and all quantities made for the Confederate government shall be estimated as part of the one million of gallons allowed by law.

SEC. VII. Repeals conflicting laws.

Assented to Dec. 12, 1863.

Increase the per diem pay of School Teachers-Returns of children entitled to the Educational Fund.

TITLE-VI.

EDUCATION.

Sec. 1. Educational Board authorized to allow same per diem for teaching poor as other children. Proviso there children to take January 1861, to make return of beneficiaries.

5. Surplus of Educational Fund may be turned over to Inf'r Court for support of indigent families of soldiers.

6. Clerks of Courts of Ordinary may draw common School Fund for 1862 and

make return of beneficiaries.

3. When Ordinary has removed or is in service, fund may be drawn on certified return of the Clerk of Superior or Inferior Court.

4. How estimated and drawn, when no return is made on account of presence of the enemy,

1863, when Ordinaries have resigned without drawing.

(No. 18.)

An Act to increase the per diem pay of school teachers for children entitled to the benefit of the poor school fund of this State.

1. Section. I. Be it enacted &c., That from and after the pas-Board authorized to allow sage of this Act, the Educational Board of the several counties in same per diem this State, be, and they are hereby authorized to allow the teachers for teaching for teaching poor as other children in of children entitled to the benefit of the poor school fund, the same same studies. per diem pay for teaching said children, as is charged by the same teachers for other children pursuing similar branches of study. Provided, said charge shall not exceed sixteen cents per day.

Sec. II. Repeals conflicting laws. Assented to Dec. 14, 1863.

(No. 19.)

An Act to extend the time of making returns of the children entitled to the benefit of the Educational fund of Georgia for the year 1863.

WHEREAS, The Ordinary of each county in this State is now required by law, to report to the Governor, under hand and seal, annually, by the 3d Monday in November, the whole number of children in his county, entitled to the benefits of the educational fund; and whereas, it is further provided that if any County neglects to present a proper return to the Governor, by the time prescribed, it loses its share; and whereas, it appears, a number of counties have forwarded for 1863, which however, failed to arrive before Monday in November 1863, whilst no returns have as yet been received from numerous other counties of the State. And whereas, the apportionment directed to be made by the Governor, has not yet been completed, and it is manifestly improper, that the children of these several counties should thus be deprived of the benefits of this fund in the present condition of the country, if practicable to prevent it. Therefore for remedy thereof:

Preamble.

Educotional

Proviso.

Surplus Educa. Fund for benefit of indigent soldiers' families-Clerks or Ordinary can draw School Fund.

- 2. SECTION I. The General Assembly of Georgia do enact, That the Time extendtime for making the returns required by the law for the year 1863, ed to lat Jan. be extended to the first day of January 1864, and that the Govern-returns of beneficiaries. or shall on that day make the estimate and apportionment of the Educational fund for 1863.
- 3. Sec. 2. Be it further enacted, That in all cases when the Ordinary is in sernary of any county may have removed from the county, or be in vice or has the Military service of the country, or from any cause be unable funds may be fail to act, it shall and may be lawful for the apportionment and tified return of ait to act, it shall and may be lawful for the apportionment and of the Clerk distribution of the educational fund to be made upon the certified of the Sept. return of either the Clerk of Superior Court or Clerk, of the Inferior Court of such county.
- 4. Sec. 3. Be it further enacted, That in all cases, when the ene-How estimated and shall have been in any county of the State, and said county when no reshall have thus failed to make return within the time prescribed, because of it shall be the duty of the Governor to pay over to the Ordinary, the enemy. or upon his failure to act, to the Inferior Court of such county, such sum as he may deem equitable and just, at least equal in amount to the sum drawn the next preceding year by such coun-

Assented to Dec. 11, 1863.

(No. 20.)

- An Act to authorize and empower the Ordinaries of the several counties in this State to pay over to the Inferior Courts, any surplus of funds in their hands belonging to the Educational fund, for the benefit of the indigent families of soldiers now in the military service, or who may have died in the service.
- 5. SECTION I. The General Assembly of the State of Georgia do en-Surplus Eduact, That it shall be lawful for the Ordinaries of the several counties in this State to pay over to the Inferior Courts of their respective counties any surplus of funds in their hands belonging to lief of indigent families the Educational fund, not appropriated for the benefit of the poor of soldiers. children of the county, and that said surplus when paid over, shall be subject to disbursement by the Inferior Courts for the relief of the indigent families of soldiers now in service, or who may have. died in the service.

SECTION II. Repeals conflicting laws.

Assented to Dec. 12, 1863.

(No. 21.)

- An Act to allow the Clerks of the Courts of Ordinary of this State to draw Common School funds due their respective counties for the years 1862 and 1863, when the Ordinaries have resigned without drawing the same.
 - 6. SECTION I. Be it enacted, &c., That the Clerks of Courts of

Persons in military service to vote at municipal elections.

of Ordinary may draw drawing.

Clerks of C'ts Ordinary of the several counties in this State, be, and they are hereby authorized to draw from the Treasury of this State, the eomoting portion of Common School Funds going to and belonging to their for 1862 and 1863, when respective counties for the years 1862 and 1863, where the same have resigned has not been drawn, in the same manner and under the same provisions as the Ordinaries themselves would have been entitled to draw, had they not resigned.

Sec. II. Repeals conflicting laws.

Assented to Nov. 28, 1863.

TITLE VII.

ELECTIONS.

Sec. 1. Citizens in State or Confederate service Sec. 4. Commissioned officers to subscribe a allowed to vote in municipal elec-tions, at any place where stationed.

Two resident commissioned officers of

the State to preside and hold the election. Under what regulations. Returns to be made. Copy of talley

voting.

sheet and list of voters to be sent. To whom sent. Elections thus held to be accounted good and valid. Proviso. ". 3. Registry laws not to apply to those thus

statement. Requisites of statement. Copy of statement talley sheet and list of voters to be taken in lieu of oath now required by law.
5. Act of December 14th, 1862 amended.

Section added. Commissioned officers to subscribe statement in writing. Statement.

6. Superintendents to journal copies of statement, Talley sheets and list of voters. When forwarded to be taken in lieu of oath now required by

No. 22.)

An Act to authorize all persons in the military service of this State or Confederate States, including those in hospitals, and detailed service to vote at municipal elections.

1. Sec. I. Be it enacted by the General Assembly of Georgia, That Citizens in all persons in the military service of this State, and the Confederfederate ser-ate States, including those in hospitals, and detailed men for any to allowed men purpose by the military authority, citizens of this State, who are nicipal elec-purpose by the military authority, citizens of this State, who are At any place tion, be entitled to vote at any municipal election in this State, be where star and they are hereby authorized to assemble at may be stationed at, and cast their votes, as though they were in the town or city where they reside.

2. Sec. II. That at said elections it shall be lawful for any two Two resident commission 2. SEC. II. That at said elections it shall be lawful for any two ed officers of commissioned officers, residents of the State, to preside and hold this fixet to said elections under the same rules and regulations that are now Volunteers and other troops to vote at all elections.

prescribed by law for holding such elections, and make returns of under what the same, as though the said election had been held in the town or city of the residence of the voters respectively, sending a copy of Returns to be the list of voters, and a copy of the tally sheet to either the May-List of voters or, Intendant, Alderman, Councilmen or Wardens of the town or and tally city, where the soldiers voting reside; and all elections thus held sent. shall be accounted good and valid; provided, the returns thereof, Proviso. shall reach the proper municipal authority, within fifteen days after the day of said election.

diers and detailed men, voting under the provisions of this Act.

3. Sec. III. Be it further enacted, That the registry laws in force Registry laws for all cities and towns in this State, shall not apply to absent sol-those thus voting.

4. SEC. IV. Be it further enacted, That said commissioned offi-com, officers cers authorized to hold the several elections provided for by this statement. Act, shall, before they proceed to hold said elections, subscribe the following statement in writing; (first state the regiment, Battalion or company of which they are members, station and date); each and both of us declare on honor, that we will faithfully superintend this day's election; that we are commissioned officers in Requisites of the Confederate, or State service, (state the regiment, Battalion or company,) that we will make a just and true return thereof, that we will not knowingly permit any one to vote, unless we believe he is entitled to do so, according to the laws of Georgia, nor knowingly prohibit any one from voting, who is entitled by law to vote, and we will not divulge for whom any vote was cast, unless called copy of stateon under the law to do so; and it shall be the duty of said Super-ment, tally intendents to forward a copy of said statement, with the copies of of voters to be taken in lieuther tally sheet and list of voters, and the same shall be taken in for oath now required by lieu of the oath now required by law to be taken by Superinten-law. dents of such elections.

Sec. V. Repeals conflicting laws.

Assented to Dec. 1st, 1863.

(No. 23.)

An Act to amend an Act entitled an Act to authorize all volunteers and other troops in the service from this State, to vote at all elections without reference to the place where they may be in service at the time of such elections and for other purposes, assented to December 14th, 1862.

5. Sec. I. The General Assembly of Georgia do enact, That from amended. and after the passage of this Act the above recited Act be amended Sec. added. by adding the following section thereto, That said commissioned Com. officers officers so entitled to hold said elections, shall before they proceed to subscribe statement in to hold the same, subscribe the following statement in writing: writing. (first state the regiment; Battalion or company,) each and both of us do declare upon honor, that we will faithfully superintend this Statement day's election, that we are commissioned officers of the State or Confederate government, (state the regiment, Battalion or compa-

Volunteers and other troops to vote at all elections.

ny) that we will make a just and true return thereof; that we will not knowingly permit any one to vote unless we believe him entitled to do so according to the laws of Georgia; nor knowingly prohibit any one from voting, who is entitled by law to vote, and we will not divulge for whom any vote was cast unless called on under the law to do so.

6. Sec. II. Be it further enacted, That it shall be the duty of Tobe forward said Superintendents to forward a copy of said statement with the ded with tally sheet, to be copies of the tally sheet and list of voters, and the same shall be taken in lieu of the oath now required by law to be taken by Superintendents of such elections.

Sec. III. Repeals conflicting laws.

Assented to Dec. 14th, 1863.

Guardians, Trustees &c., may invest in Confederate bonds and in land and negroes.

TITLE VIII.

EXECUTORS, ADMINISTRATORS, GUARDIANS AND TRUSTEES.

Sec. 1. Guardians, Executors, Administrators, and Trustees allowed to invest funds, in Confederate interest bearing notes or in State or Confederate Bonds. Proviso. Must first make application to Judge of Superior Court Within 12 months after investment. full and specific returns to be made.

Same as to investment in land and negroes.

2. Preamble. Executors, Administrators, and Gurrdians may publish notice of sales in newspapers having largest circulation in counties where property is sold.

(No. 24.)

An Act to amend an Act entitled an Act'to authorize Guardians, Trustees, Executors and Administrators to invest in Confederate bonds and in land and negroes, assented to December 16th, 1861.

1. Sec. I. The General Assembly of Georgia do cnact, That the Guardians, ad-Act to authorize Guardians, Trustees, Executors and Administraministrators, allowed tors to invest in Confederate bonds and in lands and negroes, astoinvest their sented to December 16th, 1861, is hereby amended as follows: in est bearing addition to the investment in said Act authorized, Guardians, Exfed. States & in any bonds ecutors, Administrators and Trustees are hereby authorized to invest in interest-bearing Treasury notes of the Confederate States, State, already and all such bonds as may have been and may hereafter be issued of tob and all such bonds as may have been and may hereafter be issued issued. by the Confederate States and by the State of Georgia; provided, Proviso, that before making any such investment as in said Act allowed, and as in this Act is allowed, the Exe'r., Adm'r., Guar'n or Trustee, so de-Must first siring to invest, shall first make application to the Judge of the Supe-to Judge of rior Court of the circuit in which he resides, or in case of the absence Sup'r Court. of such Judge from the State, the Judge of any adjoining circuit for leave to do so, whereupon the Judge is hereby authorized to hear testimony and argument either at term time or at chambers in vacation, as to which of the investments authorized is the best for the interest of the wards, heirs, legatees or cestui qui trust; and shall in his order direct in what securities or property the proposed investment shall be made; and whenever such investment shall be made in bonds or interest-bearing notes of the Confederate States of America, or bonds of the State of Georgia, the Executor, Administrator, Guardian or Trustee so investing, shall within twelve within 12 months thereafter, make a legal return thereof, in which he shall investment investment in the shall investment in the sh set forth the prices paid, the time of the purchase and the name he made. of the seller; and whenever the investment shall have been madein land and negroes or other property, he shall set forth a particu-same as to inlar description thereof, stating price, and from whom and when land and nepurchased, all which shall be entered on record by the Ordinary groes. subject to like scrutiny and exceptions, with other returns of persons acting in any of the above mentioned capacities.

SEC. II. Repeals conflicting laws.

Assented to Dec. 14, 1863.

Sales by Administrators, Executors and Guardians-The hour of the meeting of the General Assembly.

(No. 25.)

An Act regulating the advertising of sales by Administrators, Executors and Guardians, and for other purposes.

Preamble.

Whereas, the Code of Georgia requires Administrators, Executors and Guardians to publish the notice of the sales they are authorized to make in the gazette in which the county advertisements are published; and whereas, this means of advertising not unfrequently fails to accomplish the object of giving publicity to those sales, for the reason, that the property to be sold may be located in some county remote from the one in which the gazette aforesaid is published, and where it has little or no circulation;

Administrations, oxecutions and guartors and

Sec. II. Repeals conflicting laws.

Assented to Dec. 11, 1863.

TITLE IX.

GENERAL ASSEMBLY.

Sec. 1. Changing the hour of meeting of the General Assembly of the State of Georgia From what hour. To what hour.

(No. 26.)

An Act to alter and change the hour for the meeting of the General Assembly of the State of Georgia.

Change the hour of meet. Section I. Be it enacted by the General Assembly of the State of Georgia, That the hour for the meeting of the General Assembly From what hour changed from noon, to the hour of ten o'clock in the forenoon; any law or custom to the contrary notwithstanding.

Assented to Nov. 23d, 1863.

TITLE X.

INSURANCE COMPANIES.

Sec. 1. Empire State Insurance Company.
Capital stock and size of shares.

" 2. Company incorporated. Name. General powers.

3. Election of Directors and other officers Vacancies how filled.
4. Powers of President and Directors.

5. May take fire, marine and inland risks of insurance and upon lives. When contracts of company binding. May receive deposits, loan mouey, dis-

count notes, &c.

6. Liability of company—of Stockholders. How payable.

7. When losses to be paid.8. Legal effect of notes, &c. Payable at

- office of Company.

 9. Duration of charter.

 10. Oglethorpe Insurance Company of Savannah. Corporators. Name. Subscriptions may be received to amount not exceeding one million of dollars; in shares of \$100. Twenty per cent to be paid in at time of subscription, subscriptions to be sealed How publication for opening books to be made.
- "11. When corporate powers attach. Pow-crs granted. Proviso as to real estate.
- " 12. Notice of time and place to organize otice of time and place to organize to be given when \$100,000 cash paid in. Notice how given. How many Directors and mode of election. Stockholders allowed to vote according to shares held. Regulations for voting. Duties of commissioners as to issuing certificates of elections and turning over money and books. and turning over money and books to Directors.

" 13. Term of office of Directors. President how elected. Vacancies in office of President and Directors how filled.

" 14. Number of Directors may be increased by convention of Stockholders. Directors may pass necessary By-Laws. Proviso?

" 15. Directors may receive subscriptions of stock until made up—certificates of stock to be issued. Transfers of stock allowed on conditions.

" 16. Directors may enforce by suit all assessments by summary process.

" 17. By whom and how convention of stock-

holders may be called.

" 18. When organized may insure against risks by fire, &c., also vessels, freights, profits, &c. May be rein-

" 19. Officers and Stockholders personally liable for any insurance until \$100,-000 be paid in.

" 20. May borrow and invest its money in profits. Liable to suit.

" 21. Duration of franchise. Liable to tax-

ation. " 22. Individual property liable to amount

of stock

- "23. Charter for thirty years,
 "24. "Home Insurance Company" incorporated. Capital Stock and size of shares.
- " 25. Corporators. Name. General powers. " 26. Election of Directors and other offi-
- " 27. Powers of President and Directors. " 28. May take fire, marine and inland risks of insurance and upon lives. contracts binding. May receive de-posits, loan money, discount notes,

" 29. Life department may be seperated from general business. Married wo-

men may insure lives of husbands. "30. Liability of Company and stockholders to creditors.

" 31. Losses against Company, how obtain-

" 32. Bills, bonds and notes payable at office of Company governed by Bank rules.

" 33. Charter for 30 years.

" 34. Charter "Stonewall Insurance Company" amended, 5th, 7th and 8th Sees. of Act April 16, 1862, repealed.

" 35. Directors may give notice to doubtful Stockholders to strengthen stock, or in default order sale. Purchaser substituted. Defaulters liable to suit.

" 36. Directors may call in stock notes and assessments on 30 day's notice. Pro-

" 37. Conditions of purchasing stock.

" 38. Name of Southern Insurance Company changed.

(No. 27.)

An Act to incorporate an Insurance Company in the city of Macon, to be called the "Empire State Insurance Company."

1. Sec. I. Be it enacted by the General Assembly of Georgia, That Capital stock there shall be established in the city of Macon, an Insurance com- and pany, the capital stock of which shall be three hundred thousand dollars, but which may be increased to a further sum of one milEmpire State Insurance Company.

lion of dollars should the interest of the company require it, to be divided into shares of one hundred dollars each, but said company may organize and proceed to business when one hundred thousand dollars shall have been subscribed, and twenty per cent paid there-

Name.

2. Sec. II. Be it further enacted, That for the purpose of organ-Company in-izing said corporation, J. E. Jones, J. W. Fears, James J. Snider, P. Loud, and Geo. S. Obear or a majority of them, citizens of Macon, their associates and successors, are hereby created a body corporate under the name and style of the "Empire State Insurance Company," by which name they may have, purchase, receive, pos-General pow sess, enjoy and retain, and sell property of all kinds, sue and be sued, have and use a common seal, which they may break, alter and renew at pleasure, elect its own officers, and make such By-Laws, rules and regulations as may be deemed necessary to carry.

into effect the objects of this corporation.

3. Sec. III. The said corporation shall be managed by not less Election of Directors, a majority of whom may constitute a quorum. other officers. for the transaction of business, each of which directors shall be a stockholder to an amount not less than ten shares, who shall be elected at such time and place as the corporators or their successors may designate, and hold their offices for one year, or until their successors are elected; the directors aforesaid shall out of their number elect a President, who shall serve for twelve months, or until a successor is elected, and fill any vacancy occasioned by death or otherwise in the office of the President, and with the advice and consent of the President, elect a Secretary, Actuary, or any other officers or Agents whose services may be needed in carrying out the objects of this corporation; a vacancy in the Board of Directors occurring during the period of their election may be filled by the remaining Directors until the next annual election by the Stockholders; at all elections by the Stockholders a Stockholder may vote by proxy, none but a Stockholder acting as such proxy.

Vacancies how filled:

cal offices.

4. SEC. IV. Be it further enacted, That the President and Direc-President and tors shall have power to appoint and remove at pleasure all officers or agents of said corporation; They shall have power to appoint To appoint agents and locate offices in such places and at such times as they shall deem best for the interests of said company; to prescribe the duties of agents and officers, to take from them bonds for the faithful performance thereof, to appoint a President pro tem, in the absence of the President; and further, the said President and Directors shall have power and authority from time to time to call for the payment of the unpaid stock in such sums as they may deem proper, and said stock shall be considered and held as personal property; and upon the neglect or refusal of any Stockholder to To sell stock pay the instalment as called for by the President and Directors of delinquent therefor, thirty days' notice being given in any one or more of the city papers, said Board may sell such stock at public outcry, and said delinquent Stockholders shall be liable for any balance due

Empire State Insurance Company.

or which may become due by him or them to said corporation, and may be sued for in any Court having jurisdiction; and the said President and Directors shall have further power to make dividends dividends and dividends an and fix the place, and define the manner of paying the dividends, transfer of paying interest and transferring stock, and no stockholder shall have power to transfer his stock in said corporation while indeb-indebted to ted to the same, and said stock shall not be liable for any other ob-nor transferaligation, so long as he is a debtor to said corporation for money be or hable.

borrowed, or premiums due, or installments unpaid.

5. SEC. V. Be it further enacted, That said corporation shall May take fire, have authority to insure against losses by fire in all kinds of prop-marine and risks erty, real, personal, or mixed; also against all the hazards of ocean of insurance or inland navigation, and transportation of every kind; also to lives. make insurance on lives, and all and every insurance appertaining to the duration of human life, for such nett premiums as they may determine; and said company shall be liable to make good, and pay to the several persons who may insure in said company, for the losses they may sustain, or for life insurance, in accordance with the terms of the contract or policy issued by said company; and when conno policy or other contract of said company shall be binding, except it be signed by the President or Vice President, Secretary or Actuary of said company; and said company shall have power to receive money on deposite, to loan and borrow money, to take and hey, discount give such securities therefor as may be considered best, to invest notes, &co. its moneys upon such terms as may be best, and transfer its property at pleasure; to purchase and discount notes and bills of exchange, and to do all other acts it may deem advisable for the safe keeping and secure investments of its funds; and said company shall have power and authority to make re-insurances of any risks that may be taken by them.

6. SEC. VI. Be it further enacted, That said company shall be Liability of responsible to its creditors to the extent of its property; and the co. Stockholders shall be liable to the extent of double the amount of Stockholders. their respective stocks, payable in currency, for the debts of the How payable. company, in proportion to the number of shares held by each.

7. SEC. VII. Be it further enacted, That all claims for losses When losses against said company shall be due and payable in sixty days after to be paid, proof of the loss has been furnished at the office of said company; and in disputed cases, in ten days after final decision of the proper tribunal; and in each case named, the sum ascertained to be due shall bear interest from the time made due and payable.

8. SEC. VIII. Be it further enacted, That all bills, bonds, and Legal effect of promissory notes made payable at the office of said company, shall able at office have the same legal effect, and may be subject to all legal remedies, of Co. the same as if they were made payable at any bank in this State.

9. Sec. 1X. Be it further enacted, That this charter shall be in Duration of charter. full force and effect for the term of thirty years.

SEC. X. Repeals conflicting laws.

Assented to Nov. 24, 1863.

Oglethorpe Insurance Company.

(No. 28.)

An Act to incorporate the Oglethorpe Insurance Company of Savan-

10. Section 1. Be it enacted &c., That Robert Habersham, Ed-Corporators. ward Padelford, Andrew Low, John L. Villalonga, James W. Lathrop, James McHenry and Noble A. Hardee, be and are hereby constituted and appointed commissioners to open books of subscription to the capital stock of the company by this act to be incorporated, and to be located in the city of Savannah, in this State, to be called "The Oglethorpe Insurance Company of Sa-Name: vannah;" said commissioners, or any three of them, shall have power, and are hereby authorized to keep open said Books for such time as they may think proper in the city of Savannah, and at other places

Subscriptions if they deem it proper so to do, and receive all subscriptions that to an am't not may be offered to an amount not exceeding in the whole one milexeeding **Recording in any be offered to an amount not exceeding in the whole one mil\$1,000,000 in lion of dollars, in shares of one hundred dollars each, whereof

20 per cent to twenty per cent shall be paid to said commissioners at the time be paid in at of sub-cription, but should it so happen, that subscriptions to an scription. sabscriptions tent of the capital stock of said company, be received by the action be scaled, ting commissioners, while the books are open, it will be their duty capital. To scale down the subscriptions for the greatest amount exceeding one million of dollars, which shall be the exso as to reduce the whole subscription to one million of Dollars, and said commissioners shall give notice of the time and place or

The publication or places of opening such books by publication in at least in books to one newspaper published in the city of Savannah, and in such other papers as they may deem best, at least twenty days before the time appointed for opening the books. All subscriptions which may be made in pursuance of this act shall, with the exception of the payment herein before required to be made at the time of subscribing, be binding on the subscribers respectively, their heirs and legal representatives, and be payable in such instalments and at such times as the President and directors, to be constituted under this act may prescribe in conformity with the

provisions of this Act.

2. Section II. And be it enacted by the authority aforesaid, That When corpo- when the subrciption, authorized in the first section of this Act shall amount to one million of dollars, or when one hundred thousand dollars in cash shall have been received by said commissioners, on account of said subscriptions, then said subscribers shall be and become a body corporate and politic, with continued succession, under the name of the Oglethorpe Insurance Company of Powers grant. Savannah, and by that name shall exercise corporate powers and be competent to contract and be contracted with, sue and be sued, plead and be impleaded, in any court having Jurisdiction in the subject matter involved; and shall be capable of receiving, purchasing, holding, owning and using property of all descriptions,

Oglethorpe Insurance Company.

of aliening, conveying, leasing, mortgaging or otherwise disposing of the same in any manner that a natural person lawfully might dispose of similar property, Provided, that said company shall not have, or hold, or own more real estate than may be considered real estate. necessary for offices, and other buildings, wherein to carry on its business, except for the purpose of collecting some debt, or due, or demand of the company; said company shall have power to make and use, renew and alter at pleasure a corporate seal, and to do all acts and things necessary or proper to carry into effect the objects and purposes of this Act, and the business of said corporations, not inconsistent with the laws of this State or of the Con-

12. Section III. Be it further enacted by the authority aforesaid, That when the Commissioners who may act to receive subscriptions, as provided for by the first section of this Act, shall have received one hundred thousand dollars in cash, on account thereof, and place to they shall cause notice to be given to the subscribers by adver begiven when tisement, in at least one newspaper published in the city of Savan-spaid in. nah ,and elsewhere if they see fit, two consecutive weeks prior to the time appointed for the meeting of the subscribers, requiring Notice how them to assemble at the time and place to be designated in the publication, to organize and elect a board of directors. On the assembling of the subscribers, or such of them as may choose to attend, the Commissioners who may act, shall proceed to hold an How many election for Directors of the company, seven in number, to be Directors, and mode of elecchosen by ballot from the stockholders, and no person shall be a tion. director of said company who shall not be a stockholder to the extent of twenty shares and upwards. All stockholders, at all electians of the company, and in all matters pertaining to the interests stockholders of the company, acted on in convention, shall be entitled to one vote according to shares vote for every share of stock, owned and may vote in person or by held. proxy in writing. Executors and Administrators shall be entitled to control the votes to which the testator or intestate would be entitled if living, and the stock of minors will be represented by their Guardians. All votes shall be by ballot and in all cases a for voting plurality of the votes given shall elect. The Commissioners who may act (any three or more named in the first section of this Act,) shall be judges of the first election of directors, and shall receive and count the votes, and ascertain the result and certify accordingly, and the certificate of three or more of said Commissioners, who may act, shall be sufficient evidence of the election of the commissionpersons declared by them to be elected. After the election of saiding certifications, the Commissioners shall deliver to the Board of Direction and turntors chosen, all moneys and credits in their hands, and the sub-ing over moscription books to the stock of said company, and an account of all books to Discourse in the stock of said company, and an account of all rectors. their actings and doings as such Commissioners; whereupon their functions shall cease.

13. Section IV. Be it further enacted by the authority aforesaid, That the first and all subsequent boards and Directors shall be

Oglethorpe Insurance Company.

Tenure of elected to serve for one year, or until the election of their succesrectors.

sors, and each board shall choose one of their countil the sors, and each board shall choose one of their own number as President, be shall act as President of the Company, and shall be so styled, and shall hold the office of President until the election

vacancies in of his successor. Every board of Directors shall have power tooffice of President or Di-fill all vacancies, which may occur in the office of Director or President, and may appoint from their own body, or from the

body of the stockholders, a President protempore, to serve as President of the company, during the absence of the regular President. 14. Section V. Be it further enacted by the authority aforesaid,

That the number of Directors of said Company shall consist of seven, including the President, but the company in convention creased by shall have the power to increase or diminish the number of Distockholders, rectors, as may be desired. A majority of the Directors known to be in the city of Savannah at the time of meeting, including the President or President mo tempore, shall constitute a board for Directors may all purposes, which shall have power to enact all by-laws which

pass all necessary and proper for the business of the Company, and may amend and repeal the same, and may exercise all the powers granted by this Act to the Company to be organized under it, and may confer on the Presi lent and other officers to be appointed, such powers as may be deemed proper, consistent with this Act; and may appoint all such officers and agents as the board may deem necessary and proper for the business of the company, and fix their rate of salary or compensation; and may require of any officer or agent appointed by the board such bond and security as may be deemed proper to secure the faithful discharge of duty, and trust of such officer, or agent, and may declare and pay or cause to be paid to the stockholders, at such time and manner as they may think proper, dividends, from the earned profits of the Company. Provided always, that the stockholders in convention shall have power to regulate and limit the discretionary powers conferred on the board of Directors, and to repeal, alter or amend any by-law or regulation which may be enacted or established by the board of Directors.

Proviso.

15. Section VI. Be it further enacted by the authority aforesaid, That in case the subscriptions to the capital stock of said compa-Directors may ny received by the Commissioners, while exercising their funcreceive sub-scriptions of tions under this Act, shall not reach one million of dollars, the board of directors after the organization of said company, as heremade up. in before provided, may continue to receive additional subscriptions to the stock of the company on such terms and payable in such manner as the board may prescribe, until the whole sum, Certificates of this Act, shall have been subscribed. Certificates of stock shall be issued to s namely, one million of dollars authorized to be subscribed for by

be issued to stockholders in such form and manner as the Board of Directors may prescribe, and the board shall have power from time to time to prescribe and regulate the manner in which the stock, or certificates of stock may be transferred, but no transferred Oglethorpe Iusurance Company.

or assignment of stock shall operate to release the subscriber from Transfers of any obligation to the company, without the express agreement or on conditions consent of the Board of directors.

• 16. Section VII. Be it further enacted, That in case any sub-directors may scriber to the stock of the company shall fail or refuse to pay any suital assessments or calls for payments, which may be made by summary the Board of Directors, within the time required, the Board process. of Directors may at any time thereafter, proceed to enforce the payment of the entire indebtedness for subscribtion to stock of such defaulting subscriber, by bringing suit therefor, in the Courts of the city or county where such defaulting subscribers resides, and when no valid defense is set up, judgement shall be given and entered at the first term of the Court, to which suit is brought, or the said stock belonging to such delinquent may be, by resolution of the Board of Directors, sold, in which case the portion previously paid in shall be forfeited to the company.

17. Section VIII. Be it further cnacted, That any number of the By whem Stockholders of said company who own or represent at the time and how conone quarter of the actual capital stock, may, by giving twenty may be called. days notice thereof, in at least one of the newspapers published in the city of Savannah, call a meeting or convention of all the Stockholders of the company, at such time and place in the city of Savannah, as may be in said call designated, but no act of the Proviso. Stockholders in convention, except the election of Directors, shall be valid or binding on the company, unless a majority of the

stock shall be duly represented.

18. Section IX. Be it further enacted, That when said company shall have received from the Commissioners in manner stated in when organsection three, the sum of one hundred thousand dollars, the said ized, may incompany shall have power to insure against loss or damage by risks by fire, &c. fire, dwelling houses, stores, ware houses, mills, manufactories, Also, vessels, vessels in port and their cargoes, produce, merchandise, furniture, fire, dec. and everything that can be lawfully insured against fire. Also to insure vessels, cargoes, freights, profits, bottomry, and respondentia interests, and to transact every kind of marine and inland navigation and transportation insurance business, and for all such insurances to fix rates of premium, and collect the same; and said company shall have the right to cause themselves to be re-insured, May be reinwhole or in part, against any risk upon which they may make insurance.

19. SECTION X. Be it further enacted, That said company shall not make any insurance, until as much as one hundred thousand stockholders dollars of the capital stock shall have been paid in, and if they be for any insurance usshall make such insurance, contrary to the provisions of this sec-til \$\frac{11}{2}\$100,000 tion, all officers and stockholders who assent thereto, shall be per-paid in. sonally liable for such insurance.

20. Section XI. Be it further enacted, That the said Company May borrow shall have power to borrow money and issue its obligations there-profits. for, to invest its money and property in such manner as the

The Home Insurance Company,

Board of Directors may approve, not inconsistent with the provisions of this Act, and the said property and securities to sell and transfer at pleasure. It may loan its money or property to any person, or persons, or corporation, on any security it may think proper, and all persons and corporations shall have the same remedies against said company, for any claim or demand against it, Liable to suit which the company may possess, for the enforcement of its claims and demands against all persons, other than its stockholders, as

well as all other legal remedies.

21. SECTION XII. Be it further cnucted, That this Act, and all the privileges and powers herein granted, shall continue in force for the term of thirty years, from and after the organization of the Company, which may be organized under said Act, and the property, funds and business transactions of said company during its existence, shall be subject to the same rate of taxation as is or may be imposed by law on money or property of the same kind and similar business transactions of individuals, like corporations or citizens of this State.

22. Section XIII. Be it further enacted, That the individual Individual property of each stockholder shall be held and bound for all losses ble to anyt of or liabilities, in proportion to the amount of stock held by each.

23. Section XIV. Be it further enacted, That this charter shall Charter for 80 be in full force and effect for the term of thirty years.

Section XV. Repeals conflicting laws.

Assented to Nov. 24, 1863.

(No. 29.)

An Act to incorporate an Insurance Company to be called "The Home Insurance Company."

24. Section. I. Be it enacted by authority of the State of Georgia, That there shall be established in the city of Savannah, or some other city, under the jurisdiction of the State of Georgia, an Insurance Company, the capital stock of which shall be five hundred thousand dollars, but which may be increased to two million and a half dollars, should the interest of the company require it, to be divided into shares of fifty dollars each, but said company may proceed to organize and commence business, when one hundred thousand dollars, shall have been subscribed, and twenty per cent paid thereon.

Corporators.

Name.

25. Sec. II. Be it further enacted, That John C. Ferrill, Isaac D. LaRorche, W. C. Butler, E. C. Wade, A. Wilbur, Jno. W. Anderson, D. H. Baldwin, Wm. Nagle Habersham and Henry Brigham of Savannah, E. C. Granniss, Isaac Scott, G. R. Barker of Macon, C. H. Johnson, A. Meritt, of Griffin, L. B. Davis, J. T. Porter, L. S. Salmons, M. S. Cohen, of Atlanta, or any five of them, their associates and successors, are hereby constituted a body corporate, under the name and style of "the Home Insurance Company", under which name they may have, purchase, receive, possess, enjoy and

Capital stock and size of shares.

The Home Insurance Company.

retain, and sell property of all kinds, necessary for the conducting General powof its business, or for the better securing of any debt due the cor-ers. poration; sue and be sued; have and use a common seal, which they may break, alter and renew at pleasure, elect its officers and make such by-laws, rules and regulations, as may be deemed neces-

sary to carry into effect the object of this corporation.

26. SEC. III. Be it further enacted, That said corporation shall Election of be managed by not less than seven Directors, five of whom shall other officers. constitute a quorum for the transaction of business, each of which Directors shall be a stockholder to the amount of fifty shares, who shall be elected at such time and place as the Corporators and their successors shall designate, and hold their office for one year, or until their successors shall be elected. The directors aforesaid shall out of their number, elect a President, who shall serve for twelve months, or until a successor is elected, and fill any vacancy by death, or otherwise, in the office of President; and with the advice and consent of the President, elect a Secretary, Actuary or any other officers or agents whose service may be needed in carrying out the objects of this corporation. A vacancy in the Board of Directors can only be filled by the stockholders at a meeting, after notice of the time and place of meeting, and further, there shall be one vote for each share, and that absent stockholders may vote by proxy; Provided, the party so voting by proxy, is himself a stockholder.

27. SEC. IV. Be it further enacted, That said President and Directors shall have power to appoint and remove at pleasure, all of-sident and Directors. ficers or agents of said corporation; they shall have power to appoint agents, and locate offices in such places, and at such times, as To appoint they shall deem best for the interest of said company; to prescribe eal officers, the duties of agents and officers; to take from them bonds for the faithful performance thereof; to appoint a President pro tem, in the absence of the President; and further, that said President and Directors shall have power and authority, from time to time, to call for the payment of the unpaid stock, in such sums as they may deem proper, and such stock shall be held and considered as personal property, and upon the neglector refusal of any stockholder to pay the installments, as called for by the President and Directors, thereupon ten days notice being given in one or more of the public prints said Board may sell such stock at public outcry, To sell stock and said delinquent stockholder shall still remain liable for the bal-of delinquent stockholders. ance due, or which may become due by him to said corporation, and may be sued therefor in any Court having jurisdiction; and said President and Directors shall have further power to make dividends, and fix the place and define the manner of paying the divi-Regulate dividends, paying interest, and transferring stock; and said President transfer of and Directors shall also have the power to give holders of the pol-Holders of icies of said Company the right to participate in the nett profits of policies to the company, to such an extent, in such manner, and upon such net profits. germs, as they may deem proper.

The Home Insurance Company.

marine and inland risks of insurance, and upon lives.

28. Sec. V. Be it further enacted, That said corporation shall May take fire, have authority to insure against losses by fire, in all kinds of property either real, personal, or mixed, or choses in action; also, against all hazards of ocean, or inland navigation, or transportation of any kind; also, to make insurance on lives, and all and every insurance appertaining to the duration of life, for such premium as it may determine; and said company shall be liable to make good, and pay to the several persons, who may insure insaid Company for the losses they may sustain, or for life insurance, in accordance only with the terms of the contract, or policies issued by said company; and no policy or other contract of said Company shall be binding; tracts of Co. except it be signed by the President, or Vice-President, Secretary

or Actuary, of said Company; and said Company shallhave power Power to receive money on deposit, paying therefor such interest as may ceive deposities, loan more be agreed upon; to loan and borrow money, to take and give thereney, discount notes, &c. for such securities as may be considered best; to invest its funds upon such terms as may be best, and transfer its property at pleasure; to purchase and discount notes and bills of exchange, and do all other acts it may deem advisable, for the safe-keeping and secure and profitable investment of its funds; and said Company shall have power and authority to make re-insurance of risks that may be taken by them.

business.

29. Sec. VI. Be it further enacted, That said Company shall have Life department power, when deemed advisable by them, for the interest of the ment may be companed Company, to separate the life department of their business from the from general general business of the Company, and when so separated, all the funds, whether received for premium, interest, dividend or otherwise, in said department, shall be held as a separate and sacred trust, for the sole use and benefit of those, who may be insured in that department, free from all other claims against said corpora-

Married wo-tion of every kind; and it shall be lawful for any married woman sure lives of to insure the life of her husband, for the sole use and benefit of herhusbands, self and children, and to pay the premium for the same.

Liability of Co. and stook-holders to crecitors.

30. SEC. VII. Be it further enacted, That the said Company shall be responsible to its creditors to the extent of its property, and the stockholders shall be liable to the extent of the full amount of their respective stock, subscribed for by them, for the debts of the company, in proportion to the number of shares held by them, but no stockholders shall sell or transfer his stock while he remains indebted to this company without the consent of the Company.

31. Sec. VIII. Be it further enacted, That all claims for losses Losses against against said Company, shall be due and payable in sixty days after said Co., how obtained. proof of the loss has been furnished, at the office of said Company, and in disputed cases, in ten days after final decision of the proper tribunal, and in each case named the sum ascertained to be due, shall bear interest from the time made due and payable.

Bills, bonds notes payable at office of said Co., gov. issory notes made payable at the office of said Company, shall have bankrules, the same legal effect, and may be subjected by

Stonewall Insurance Company.

the same as if made payable to any Bank in the State, and all privileges of removal heretofore granted to the Banks of Savannah, in

case of invasion or otherwise, are hereby granted to this Company.

33. Sec. X. Be it further enacted, That this charter shall be in years.

full force and effect for the term of thirty years.

Sec. XI. Repeals conflicting laws. Assented to Dec'r 7, 1863.

(No. 30.)

An Act to amend an Act, entitled an Act to incorporate the Stonewall Insurance Company, and for other purposes, assented to April 16th, 1862.

34. Section. I. The General Assembly do enact, That the fifth, Repeals 5th, seventh and eight sections of said Act, be, and the same are hereby 5cc. of Act of Apr. 16, 1862.

Apr. 16, 1862.

repealed, and the following be substituted in lieu thereof:

35. SEC. V. Be it further enacted, That the Directors shall have Directors power to inquire into said stock notes at any time; and if doubt is may give notice to doubt-entertained as to the solvency, it shall be their duty forthwith to full stockhold-give notice to the maker of such doubtful note to strengthen the strengthen same in ten days, and if not done in that time to the satisfaction of indefault, or-the Directors, the membership of said defaulting party shall cause the Directors, the membership of said defaulting party shall cease, and determine from the day of default, and the stock held by such defaulter shall be advertised ten days, at the expiration of which time it shall be sold at public sale to the highest bidder, who shall Purchaser substituted. make his stock note acceptable to the Directors, and the purchaser of such stock shall be substituted for the defaulting party. proceeds from the sale of such stock shall first indemnify the Com-Defaulter liapany for any loss and expenses incurred by such default, and the ble to suit. balance shall belong to the defaulting party, notwithstanding such defaulting party shall be liable to suit, for his pro rata share of loss

sustained by the Company, prior to the sale of his stock.

36. Sec. VI. Be it further enacted, 'I'hat the Directors shall have Directors power to call in any portion of said stock notes; provided, it is stock notes. needed to pay off losses sustained by the Company, and will also and assess-give thirty days notice of said call. And also, have power in their days notice. discretion, to call in installments of said notes, for other purposes; provided, they give thirty days notice thereof, and do not call in more than ten per centum of said notes, at any one time. And any stockholder failing to respond to the call, in either instance, in the time named, shall, at the discretion of the Directors, be liable to the con-

dition and penalties of a defaulting party in Section fifth.

37. Sec. VII. Be it further enacted, That no person shall become conditions of a stockholder in this Company by the purchase of stock, except he stock. shall make his stock note acceptable to the Directors; nor shall the liabilities of any stockholder to the conditions of this charter, cease, by sale of his stock, until such stock shall have been transferred on the books of the Company.*

Assented to Nov. 26, 1863.

^{*}For Act of Incorporation, see Acts of 1862, page 147.

Reorganization of Jury Boxes.

(No. 31.)

An Act to amend an Act incorporating the Southern Insurance Company, passed December 17th, 1861.

Preamble.

Whereas, In consequence of the similarity of names, (there being no less than five companies already in existence, with the word "Southern" in their title,) confusion, to a greater or less degree, exists among those doing business with said companies, and where-. as, it will be for the interest of the "public" generally, that a title designating this Company more particularly, be adopted, there-

Section I. Be it enacted, &c., That the title of the the Southern Name of the Southern Insurance Company, be changed, "To the Southern Insurance and surance Company of Savannah".*

SEC. II. Repeals conflicting laws.

Assented to Dec'r 5, 1863.

*For Act of Incorporation, see Acts of 1861, page 47.

TITLE XI.

JUDICIARY.

Sec. 1. Justices of the Inferior Court shall reorganize Jury Boxes. When 'done. Who liable.

- " 2. Of force for war.

 3. Adjournment of Superior Courts by Clerks legalized in certain cases.
- "
 4. Inferior Court may select place to hold Sup'r. and Inf'r, Courts of Glynn county.

5. Time of holding Inf'r. Court of Miller Co. changed

6. Time changed for holding Inf'r. Court of Stewart Co,
7. Change of Inf'r. Court of Pike Co.

8. Business transferred.

9. Supr. and Infr: Courts of McIntosh
Co. where held.

"10. Clks. Supr. and Infr. Courts of Charl-ton Co. must keep their offices at Court-house.

" 11. Respondent may recriminate in divorce cases, and jury must grant divorce to libellant or respondent, accord-

ing to proof.

12. Forfeiture for refusing to grant writ of
Habeas Corpus.

" 13. Legalizing marriages between first

Changes in Code, by amendment and repeal.

- Sec. 14. Repeals Sec. 4459 of Code.

 "15. Makes forestalling, regrating and engrossing indictable.
 - "16. Penalty for violating Sec. 1855 of Code.

 "17. Sec. 611 of Code amended.

 "18. Sec. 2480 amended.

- " 19. Repeals so much of Code as prohibits creation of trusts for male persons of sane mind.

" 20. Sec. 1658 of Code repealed.

" 21. Legalizes marriages not solemnized ac-

cordingly.

" 22. Secs. 3 and 12 of Code repealed.

" 23. Secs. 2509, 2510, 2512 and 3618 of Code repealed, as to requiring notice in a gazette, to obtain titles on bonds of deceased persons.

"24. Kind of notice prescribed.

"25. Caveat how tried. Appeal to Supr' Court allowed.

" 26. Costs how paid.
" 27. Tax defaulters double taxed first year, four fold second year, &c.

"28. Sec. 633 of Code repealed.

29. Sec. 1630 of Code amended. Proceeding to obtain charters for manufacturing parposes

" 20. As to cases pending.

(No. 32.)

An Act to reorganize the Jury Boxes of the several counties in this State, and to point out who shall be liable to serve on Juries.

1. Section I. The Senate and House of Representatives of the State

Adjournments of Superior Courts-Place of holding Superior and Inferior Courts in Glynn co.

of Georgia do enact, That the Justices of the Inferior Courts of the several counties of this State, or a majority of them, shall meet infr. Court at their respective Court-houses, on the first Monday in June next, is jury boxes or so soon thereafter as practicable, and cause lists of the names of all the citizens of such counties over the age of twenty-one years who are not physically and mentally unable to serve on juries, to be made out and placed in the jury boxes of said counties, which who liable. persons shall be required to serve on juries, regardless of age or profession, except practicing Attorneys at Law.

2. SEC. II. Be it further enacted, That this Act shall be of force of force for from its passage, and shall continue until the termination of the war.

SEC. Repeals conflicting laws.

Assented to Dec. 7, 1863.

(No. 33.)

An Act to legalize and make valid all adjournments of the Superior Courts of the several counties of this State by the Clerks of said Courts, where the presiding Judges of said Courts may have been absent, and may have failed to issue an order for adjournment to the Clerks of said Courts, from Providential cause.

3. Section I. Be it enacted, &c. That in all cases where any of the Superior Courts of this State may have been adjourned by the Clerks of Superior of said Courts, in the absence of the presiding Judge, who may sufficient have failed to issue an order for adjournment to the said Clerk, tain cases. from Providential cause, said adjournment by said Clerks are hereby legalized, and declared to be valid, to all intents and purposes.

SEC. II. Repeals conflicting laws.

Assented to Nov. 18, 1863.

(No. 34.)

An Act to alter and change the place of holding the Superior and Inferior Courts of the county of Glynn.

WHEREAS, The Court-house of said county is untenable on ac-

count of the proximity of the enemy at Brunswick.

4. SECTION I. Be it enacted by the General Assembly of Georgia, That from and after the passage of this Act, the Superior and In- may select ferior Courts of the county of Glynn, shall be held at such place superior as the Inferior Court may select.

Gurt in Glynn Co.

SEC. Repeals conflicting laws.

Assented to Dec. 14, 1863.

Superior and Inferior Courts in the counties of Miller, Stewart, P.ke and MsIntosh.

(No. 35.)

An Ac to alter and change the time of holding the Inferior Courts of Miller and Stewart counties.

5. Section I. Be it enacted by the General Assembly of Georgia,
That the time of holding the Inferior Courts of Miller county, be
Miller county so changed, as to hold the Courts on the first Mondays in June and
December, in each and in every year.

. 6. Sec. II. Be it further enacted, That the time of holding the Stewart Co. Inferior Courts in the county of Stewart be changed from the first Mondays in February and June, to the third Mondays in January

and July.

SEC. III. Repeals conflicting laws.

Assented to Dec. 7, 1863.

(No. 36.)

An Act to change the time of holding the Inferior Courts of the county of Pike.

Time changed for holding Infr. Courts of Pike Co.

7. Section I. The General Assembly of Georgia do enact, That from and after the passage of this Act, the time of holding the Inferior Court of Pike county shall be changed from the first Mondays in June and December, to the first Mondays in January and July.

Business transferred. 8. Sec. II. Be it further enacted, That all suitors, witnesses and parties interested in the proceedings of said Court, shall be bound to appear at said terms of January and July, and on failure, shall be subject to the same liabilities and penalties, as though they had failed to appear at the terms of June and December.

SEC. III. Repeals conflicting laws.

Assented to Dec. 5, 1863.

(No. 37.)

An Act to alter and change the place of holding the Superior and Inferior Courts for the county of McIntosh.

Whereas, the Court-house of said county has been burned by the public enemy at Darien, as well as the entire city of Darien.

Supr. & Infr.

9. SECTION I. Be it enacted, &c., That from and after the passage
Courts of Mc. of this Act, the Superior and Inferior Courts of the county of McIntosh shall be held at Ebenezer Church, near the residence of W.

H. McDonald in said county, or at such other place as the Inferior
Court shall ordain and direct.

SEC. II. Repeals conflicting laws.

Assented to Nov. 23, 1863.

Divorces-Habeas Corpus Laws-Marriage of First Cousins.

(No. 38.)

An Act to repeal an Act entitled an Act to authorize the Clerks of the Superior and Inferior Courts and Ordinary of Charlton county to keep their offices at their residences, if within six miles of the Courthouse.

10. SECTION I. The General Assembly of Georgia do enact. That and Infr. Cts. the above recited Act, be, and the same is hereby repealed, and Comustkeep that said offices be hereafter kept at the Court-house.

SEC. II. Repeals conflicting laws.

Assented to Dec. 11, 1863.

(No. 39.)

An Act to carry into effect so much of the second section of the fourth article of the Constitution as relates to divorces.

11. Section I. The General Assembly of Georgia do enact, That when a libel for divorce is instituted, the respondent may in his a divorce plea and answer recriminate, and ask a divorce in his or her favor, or cases may repeat and if on the trial, the jury believe such party is entitled to dispar divorce vorce instead of the libellant, they may so find upon legal proof, proof, so as to avoid the necessity of a cross action; if one verdict is found in favor of the respondent, the libellant cannot dismiss his or her suit, without the consent of the opposite party.*

SEC. II. Repeals conflicting laws.

Assented to Dec. 3, 1863.

*See Constitution of State Sec. 4974 of Code.

(No. 40.)

An Act to Amend the Habeas Corpus laws of this State.

12. Section I. The General Assembly of the State of Georgia do enact, That when any person shall apply for a writ of Habeas recising to Corpus to any Judge of the Superior, or Justice of the Inferior frant writ of Courts, whose duty it is to grant said writ, such Judge or Justice, pussorefusing to grant the same, shall forfeit to the party aggrieved, the sum of twenty-five hundred dollars, to be recovered in any Court of law in this State having jurisdiction of the same.

SEC. II. Repeals conflicting laws.

Assented to Dec. 14, 1863.

(No. 41.)

An Act to legalise all marriages, between first cousins, which have been contracted since January 1st, 1863.

13. Section I. Be it enacted, That all first cousins, who have Marriages beheretofore intermarried since the 1st day of January 1863, are cousins since hereby relieved from any penalties they may have incurred under, legalized.

Changes in the Code of Georgia.

the laws of this State, and that all such marriages are hereby declared to be legal.

SEC. II. Repeals conflicting laws.

Assented to Dec. 11, 1863.

Changes in Code of Ga. by amendment and repeal*

(No. 42.)

An Act to repeal section 4459 of the Revised Code of Georgia, and to substitute another in lieu thereof.

14. Section I. The General Assembly of Georgia do enact, That from and after the passage of this Act, section 4459 of the revised

Gode repealed Code of Georgia be, and the same is hereby repealed.

SEC. II. Be it further enacted, That 'the common law be Forestalling, regrating and revived and declared of full force and effect, as if said section of engrossing in-dictable. the Code had not been adopted, and that any person or persons charged with the offences known to the common law as forestalling, regrating or engrossing, may be indicted in any Superior or Corporation Court having jurisdiction thereof, and who may be Penalty. found guilty, shall be punished by fine not exceeding the value of the goods so forestalled, regrated or engrossed, and punished in the common jail not exceeding six months. It is hereby made the duty of the Judges of the above named Courts to give this section Judges shall give this Act in special charge to their respective Grand Jurors at the opening charge. of the several terms thereof. †

SEC. III. Repeals conflicting laws.

Assented to Dec. 5, 1863.

*Changes in the Code have been inserted under the title of "Indiciary," as several of the Acts belong under that head, and all are of public importance. It was deemed advisable that all the Acts of this class should be compiled together. COMPILER.

†Sec. 4459 of Code abolished the offences of forestalling, regrating and engrossing. This Act reinstates and makes them indictable.

(No. 43.)

An Act to amend the 1855th paragraph of the Revised Code of Georgia.

16. Section I. The General Assembly of Georgia do enuct, That from and after the passage of this Act, if any person shall violate relating pro-the provisions of the one thousand eight hundred and fifty-fifth visions of Sec. (1855) paragraph of the revised Code of Georgia, he, she, or they shall be punished by fine, at the discretion of the Court. *

SEC. II. Repeals conflicting laws.

Assented to Dec. 12, 1863.

^{**}Sec. 1855 of Code provides, that each owner shall keep his slaves on his own premises, or within his control. Shall not permit them to labor or transact business for themselves, except on holidays, or on his own premises. Nor to rent any house, room, store or land on their own account.

Changes in the Code of Georgia.

(No. 44.)

An Act to amend section 611th of the Code of Georgia.

17. Section I. The General Assembly of the State of Georgia do enact, That from and after the passage of this Act, the following sec. 611 of words to-wit: "provided the public road overseer, in charge of Gode amenthem respectively, are paid one dollar per day for each hand so liable," in section six hundred and eleventh (611) of the Code of Georgia, be altered, so as to read as follows to wit: "provided the public road overseer, having charge of them respectively, are paid two dollars and fifty cents, per day, for each hand so liable."*

SEC. II. Repeals all conflicting laws.

Assented to Dec. 5, 1863.

*Sec. 611 of Code provided, that laborers on any line of incorporated Rail Roads, liable to road duty, could be relieved by paying to overseer one dollar per hand for each day: This Act raises amount to be paid, to \$2.50 per pay, to be expended in procuring other hands.

(No. 45.)

An Act to amend the 2480th section of the revised Code of Georgia.

18. Section I. The General Assembly of the State of Georgia do enact, That from and after the passage of this Act, the first clause Amends 15 conference of the two thousand four foundred and eightieth (2480) section of 2430 of Code. the revised Code of Georgia be amended, by inserting the words "real estate and" between the words "the" and "personal," thereby making said clause read, "all the real estate and personal property."*

SEC. II. Repeals conflicting laws.

Approved Dec. 12, 1863.

*The first clause of section amended, required Administrators to make an inventory and appraisement of personal property only. This Act adds the real estate of deceased, putting real and personal on same footing.

(No. 46.)

An Act, to repeal that portion of the two thousand two hundred and eighty seventh section of the Code of Georgia, as prohibits the creation of trusts for male persons of sane mind.

19. Section I. The General Assembly of Georgia do enact, That from and after the passage of this Act, that portion of the two muchof Code thousand two hundred and eighty-seventh (2287) section of the as prohibits Code of Georgia, as prohibits the creation of trusts, express or trusts for male person of sane mind, be, sane mind, and the same is hereby repealed.

SEC. II. Repeals conflicting laws.

Assented to Dec. 14, 1863.

Preamble.

cordingly.

Changes in the Code of Georgia.

· (No. 47.)

An Act to repeal paragraph 165S, of part second, title second, chapter first, article first, section first of the revised Code of Georgia, and to legalize marriages in violation of the same.

Whereas, by the above cited paragraph of the revised Code of Georgia, all marriages, not solemnized in conformity with the other provisions of said Code, are declared to be invalid; and whereas said innovation upon the law, as it stood before the adoption of said revised Code, will have the effect of giving rise to perplexing questions of legitimacy of children, and rights of property; and to domestic unhappiness. Therefore.

20. Section I. The General Assembly of the State of Georgia do Paragraph 1658 of Code repealed. enact, That from and after the passage of this Act, paragraph 1658 of part second, title second, chapter first, article first, section first of the revised Code of Georgia be repealed.

21. Sec. II. And be it further enacted, That all marriages here-Legalize man tofore solemnized, not in conformity with the provisions of said ringes not sol. Provided, not him in the before recited paragraph, shall be valid. Provided, nothing in the Act shall excuse any Ordinary, Judge, Justice or Minister of this Gospel, for any non performance of duty as required in said paragraph 1658, of said part, title, chapter and section of said Code.*

SEC. III. Repeals conflicting laws.

Assedted to Dec. 14, 1863.

*Paragraph 1658 of Code, hereby repealed, provides for obtaining licence, and publication of the banns of marriage in a neighboring church, in the presence of the congregation, for at least three Sabbath days prior to its solemnization. The repeal of this section of the Code does not dispense with license, as would seem by the repeal of the whole section, as other sec-tions previde for license, and it was manifestly designed to repeal only the part referring to publication or banus.

(No. 48.)

An Act to repeal the third and twelfth sections of the Code of Georgia, relative to the construction of statutes.

22. Section I. The General Assembly of the State of Georgia do Sees, of Code enact, That from and after the passage of this Act, the third and repealed. twelfth sections of the Code of Georgia be, and the same are hereby repealed. *

Sec. II. Repeals conflicting laws.

Assented to Dec. 14, 1863,

The third section of the Code, repealed by the foregoing Act, provided that all Acts passed by the General Assembly, unless otherwise decalred in such Acts, should take effect from the first day of July next succeeding their passage.

The twelfth section, also hereby repealed, provided that the repeal of a repealing Act shall not be construed to revive the former Act, unless such appears to have been manifestly y the

intention of the General Assembly.

Changes in the Code of Georgia. .

(No. 49.)

An Act, to repeal so much of the 2509th, 2510th, 2512th and 3618th sections of the Code of Georgia, as requires three months' notice to be given in a public Gazette of an application for titles upon bonds of deceased persons, and to provide for the trial of such cases, when objections are filed, and to provide for the payment of costs in such cases.

23. Section I. The General Assembly of Georgia do enact, That from and after the passage of this Act, so much of the 2509, 2510, Notice in ga-2512, and 3618, sections of the Code of Georgia, as requires notice to be given to all persons concerned, by publication in a Gazette, of application for an order requiring titles to be made by the legal representatives of a deceased person, be, and the same is hereby repealed.

.. 24. SEC. II. Be it further enacted, That fifteen days' notice in Kind of notice writing to the Administrator or Executor, and heirs at law of the deceased, if to be found in this State; and if non-residents, by publication in one of the Gazettes of this State for 30 days, shall be deemed sufficient notice to authorize the granting of an order for the execution of titles, when no objection is filed by the legal

representative of said estate, or heir at law.

25. SEC. III. Be it further enacted, That when objections in Cavent, how writing are filed in the office of said Or linary, it shall be the duty of the Ordinary to hear evidence, as to the fact, whether the condition of said bond has been complied with by the payment of the purchase money or not, and to grant an order requiring said titles to be made or not, as he may think the principles of justice may require; and either party being dissatisfied with the Appeal to decision, may appeal to the Superior Court upon the same terms a lowed. as appeals are granted in other cases.

26. Sec. IV. Be it further enacted, That whenever the party making said bond shall have died before the time at which said titles were to be made, and before the purchase money became due, the cost of said proceeding shall be paid by the representa-paid tive of said estate; but if the time for making said titles and the payment of said money elape before the death of the obligor, then the costs shall be paid by the applicant. .

Section V. Repeals conflicting laws.

Assented to Dec. 14, 1863.

(No. 50.)

An Act to amend the seven hundred and eighty-sixth section of the Code of Georgia relative to taxing Defaulters.

27. Section I. The General Assembly of this State do enact, That the seven hundred and eighty-sixth (786) section of the Code of Georgia, be so amended as to provide, That if any person shall

Changes in the Code of Georgia.

Tax default fail to make a return of taxable property, in whole or in part, under the tax acts in force in this State, such person so in default, year, fourfold shall be double taxed, for the first years default, for the second years default four fold, and increasing in the same ratio each year, until a return is made.*

Sec. II. Repeals conflicting laws.

Assented to Dec. 7th, 1863.

*The Section amended provided only double taxation on Receivers' assessment.

(No. 51.)

An Act to repeal the six hundred and thirty third section of the Code of Georgia, relative to road commissioners.

28. Section I. The General Assembly of the State of Georgia do en-Repeals 633 section of the sec of Code act, That the six hundred and thirty-third (633) section of the Code of Georgia be, and the same is hereby repealed, any law, custom or usage to the contrary notwithstanding. *

Assented to Nov. 28, 1863.

*The section repealed, exempted Road Commissioners while in office from all Jury, patrol, militia and other road duty, and for two years afterwards, if they had served faithfully.

(No. 52.)

An Act to amend the 1630th section of the revised Code of Georgia, and for other purposes.

tions.

29. Section I. The General Assembly of the State of Georgia do Sec. 1630 of 25. SECTION 1. The General Assembly of the State of Georgia and Code amend-enact, That that portion of the second paragraph which follows curement of the word "location" shall be steful away to the word "location" shall be steful away to the control of the code of the word and the remainder of charters for the word words as the steful away to the code of the code of the word words as the code of the word words are the code of the words are the code of the code of the words are the words are the code of the words are the code of the words are the code of the words are t said paragraph shall be as follows: The Clerk of said Court shall place before the Judge of the Superior Court of the county, at the next term after the expiration of said advertisement, a copy of said declaration, and affidavit, and certificate of publication; and if the Court be satisfied that the application is legitimately within the purview and intention of this Code, it shall pass an order declaring. the said application granted, and a certified copy of said declaration, affidavit, certificate of publication and order, shall be held and received as evidence of the charter of said corporation in any Court in this State.

As to cases pending.

· 30. Sec. II. Be it further enacted, That in any cases in which parties have made efforts to obtain a charter under said section of the Code, that they be allowed to have such declaration, affidavit and certificate filed, and such order taken at the next term of the Superior Court of their respective counties, succeeding the passage of this Act.

31, Sec. III. Be it further enacted, That this Act shall go into op-

eration from the day of its passage.

SEC. IV. Repeals conflicting laws.

Assented to Dec. 5, 1863.

TITLE XII.

Sec. 1. Each Senatorial District, a Military District Aid de-Camp for each. En-rollment of residents. Who liable, and how conducted Assistants may be employed. Their

compensation and liability.

How many lists made out, and where filed. Aids to recommend consolidation or division of Militia Districts

Governor to arrange Companies into regiments or battalions, of two classes. Proviso.

5. Organization of regiments, battalions and companies.

6. Governor to order elections, and issue commissions. Failure to elect provided for. State Guard may vote where stationed.

Officers holding commissions under present law, suspended, when new of ficers commissioned.

Duties of Aid-de-Camp. tion. How removable.

Aids to make quarterly reports to Adj Gen'l.

Militia proper. Militia reserve. Order of service.

"11. Governor may call out Militia in cer-tain events. Compensation tor active Bervice.

Brigades and Divisions, how organized. On requisition by President, Gav. may make apportionment. Draft, how con-ducted, and order of liability. Local service.

" 14. Penalty for disobeying summons to service

" 15. Surgeon for each District. Duties and compensation. How removable.

· 16. Exemptions and discharges, how grant-

" 17. Volunteering in Confed. service allow-

" 18. Details, how granted.

* 19. Guns, horses, bridles and saddles, to be reported, Arms furnished to be returned.

" 20. Staff-Officers. Governor may appoint additional Aids.

" 21. Exempts from enrollment. · 22. Governor to prescribe drills, &c. Pro-

ceedings against delinquents. " 23. Code where repugnant suspended for the war.

" 24. Liability of Conscripts. Of force immediately.

" 25. " 26. Rank of Adj't Gen'l changed to Major General.

(No. 53.)

An Act to re-organize the Militia of the State of Georgia, and for other purposes.

1. Section I. Be it enacted, &c., That each Senatorial District in this State shall constitute a separate Military District, and it shall military District and it shall constitute a separate Military District. And described after the pastired. Added be the duty of the Governor, as soon as practicable after the pastrict. Aidde Campforeach sage of this act, to appoint an Aid-de-Camp with the rank of Colonel, in each district, who shall be charged with the duties hereinafter set forth.

2. SEC. II. Be it further enacted, That within four days after being Enrollment of notified of his appointment, it shall be the duty of each Aid-de-Camp who hable, and how conto commence the enrollment of all free white males resident in his ducted. District, who are or shall be of the age of sixteen years, and not over sixty years, and also, those who shall from time to time arrive at the age of sixteen years, or who may come to reside within the District, except those who shall actually be in the Army or Navy of the Confederate States, or in the State service. The enrollment shall be by Company Districts, and shall show the age, occupation and nativity of each person enrolled, the number of the Company District in which he may reside, and if any exemption is claimed, the ground of it.

Assistants may be em-ployed.

liability.

For the purpose of facilitating the enrollment, the Aids-de-Camp shall be authorized to employ with the approval of the Governor, three or more assistants for each county, who shall receive for Their compensation and their services, compensation, at the rate of fifty cents for each perpensation and their services. son enrolled by them; but they shall not be exempt from service under this act, in consequence of their being such assistants. a failure faithfully to discharge their duty, the Assistant Enrolling officers shall be liable to removal by the Governor, and if without sufficient excuse to be judged of by the Governor, shall be liable further to forfeiture of all compensation.

3. Sec. III. And be it further enacted, That it shall be the duty How many of the Aid-de-Camp, within ten days after the enrollment has been and where completed in his district, to forward complete lists, in duplicate. of the enrollment in each county of his district, to the Adjutant and Inspector General, and to file with the Clerk of the Superior Court, in each county, a copy of the enrollment in his county; and the Aid shall be empowered and required, when there are but, few or division of persons enrolled in a particular company district, to incorporate militia dists, and consolidate cultivated to the consolidate contribution of the consolidate contribution of the consolidate cultivate the contribution of the contri and consolidate, subject to the approval of the Governor, two or more adjoining company districts into one, reporting the consolidation made, and the numbers of the company districts so combin-

Aids to re-

two classes.

Proviso.

Governor to ed, and in cities to divide districts.

arrange (Co.'s ed, and in cities to divide districts.

into regiinto regi-4. Sec. IV. Be it further enacted, That the Governor be authoribattalions of zed, on receiving the reports of the new company districts provided for in section third, to arrange said companies into Regiments or Battalions, defining their limits without regard to county lines, and if need be, for the purpose of effective organization, without regard to Senatorial Districts, Provided, that no Regimental district shall contain more than one thousand, or less than five hundred men, arranged in ten companies; that no Battalion district of the first class shall contain more than six hundred, or less than four hundred men, arranged in not more than nine, nor less than six companies; that no Battalion district of the second class shall contain more than four hundred, nor less than two hundred men, arranged in not more than five, nor less than two companies; and that no company district shall contain more than one hundred, nor less than * sixty-four men.

Organization of reg'ts bat-tallions and companies.

5. Sec. V. Be it further enacted, That to each Regiment there shall be allowed one Colonel, one Lieut. Colonel, and one Major; to each Battalion of the first class one Lieutenaut Colonel and one Major; to each Battalion of the second class one Major; and to each Company one Captain, four Lieut's, five Sergeauts, and four Corporals; and that each Company shall be divided into two platoons, each platoon into two squads, and that there shall be, for the purpose of drill and discipline, one Lieutenant, one Sergeant and one Corporal to each squad. 400

Gov. to order 6. Sec. VI. Be it further entitled, That companies shall be completies commission of Regiments and Battalions and Companies shall be completies commission. 6. Sec. VI. Be it further enacted, That so soon as the arrangebe required within ten days thereafter, to order elections for officers

to command said Regiments, Battalions and Companies in the same manner now prescribed in the Military Code of Georgia, and shall issue commissions on the election returns as therein also directed, under the Seal of the Exec'e Department; and that in the event of a failure or neglect on the part of the people to elect, the Governor Failure to shall commission to the vacancy, a fit and proper person, on the receict provide ommendation of a majority of the Company officers concerned. The officers thus elected, or appointed and commissioned, to be vested with all the authority usually appertaining to such grades. And all members of the State Guard, who are absent in the service of this State or the Confederate States, shall be permitted to vote may vote at said election for officers at the places where they are stationed, where stated and two commissioned officers shall preside at said elections, and transmit returns thereof, within fifteen days after said election, to the Governor of this State, whose duty it shall be to consolidate said votes as in other cases.

7. Sec. VII. Be it further enacted, That whenever the Governor Officers hold-shall have been advised by the Aid-de-Camp in any Senatorial Dis-ing commistrict, that the organizations hereinbefore provided for, have been present law suspended completed in the District, and the officers therein elected, or ap-officers compointed and commissioned, it shall be his duty, within ten days missioned, thereafter, to declare the militia organization theretofore existing in said District, under the Military Code of Georgia, suspended, and the officers under said previous organization, relieved from their command, and said officers shall be subject to all the Military duties imposed by this Act, upon persons of the same age with themselves.

ty of puties or d di- Aid de Camp. ithin veen

S. Sec. VIII. Be it further enacted, That it shall be the duty of puties of the Aid-de-Camp in each Senatorial District, to supervise and direct, under the orders of the Governor, all military matters within his District. He shall be the channel of communication between the Adjutant and Inspector General and the troops in his District, for the transmission of all orders, instructions, reports and military communications generally; and he shall be entitled to compen-Compensation at the rate of seven dollars per day, for the time he may be employed in perfecting the organization herein provided for, and for such time in each quarter, not to exceed ten days, as he may be required to devote to military matters in his District. He shall be How remove removable at the pleasure of the Governor.

9. Sec. IX. Be it further enacted, That it shall be the duty of each Lieutenant of a squad to keep a list of all persons enrolled dual to make within the limits of his squad beat, and shall notify the Aid-de-Beneral. Camp of his District, through his Captain, quarterly, of all persons arriving at the age of sixteen. or who shall move into or out of his beat; which notification shall be consolidated by the Aid-de-Camp, and forwarded within ten days after the end of each quarter of the year, to the Adjutant and Inspector General, noting also such other changes in rank, command, &c. that may have occurred during

the quarter. The object being to continue a complete enrollment

of the District, and to preserve its military organization.

Militia pro-

10. Sec. X. And be it further enacted, That the persons enrolled under the second section of this Act, shall be divided into two classes. The first shall be composed of those between seventeen and fifty years of age, to be styled the Militia Proper, who shall be first liable and subject to perform all the military duties contemplated by this Act. The second class shall be composed of those between sixteen and seventeen years of age, and between fifty and sixty years of age, and be styled the Militia Reserve; who shall organize with the Militia proper, but shall not be required to drill or perform any of the military duties contemplated by this Act, until the Militia proper shall have been called into active service, nor be subject or liable to any draft or other compulsory process to fill any requisition for troops, upon the Governor of this State, by the When the Militia proper shall President of the Confederate States. Order of set- be called into active service, the Lieutenant of each Company most

advanced in age, shall be left with, and in command of the Militia Reserve of their respective Companies. Any if any person belonging to the Militia Reserve, shall at any time be elected to, and shall accept any office under this Act, he shall be required to performall the duties of the office without reference to the class to

which he may have belonged.

Militia re-

11. SEC. XI. And be it further enacted, That whenever in the Gov. may opinion of the Governor, it shall be necessary either to repel inva-tiain certain ston, suppress insurrection, or to execute the laws, to call the State Militia, or any part thereof, into active military service, he is hereby authorized and empowered to do so; but the Militia Reserve created by this Act, shall be called into active military service only after the Milifia proper has been called out, in great emergencies, to meet which the Militia proper are deemed insufficient, and shall be discharged from such active service as soon as the emergency to meet which they are called out, shall have passed; and whenever the Militia or any part thereof, shall be called into active military. Compensa- the Milita of any part the cort, had in allowances as if they tion for active service, they shall receive the same pay and allowances as if they were in the service of the Confederate States, and shall be subject to the rules and articles of war, and the regulations for the government of the armies of the Confederate States.

12. Sec. XII. Be it further enacted, That whenever the militia shall be called into active service by the Governor, Brigades and Brigades and Divisions may be organized for the period of active service, in such divisions, how Divisions may be organized for the period of active service, in such manner as the Governor may direct; the officers and men composing the Brigades and Divisions in all cases electing their Brigade. and Division commanders; provided that the offices of Brigadier and Division General shall expire when disbanded, and the individuals holding them shall return to service according to their ages as provided for in this act.

13. Sec. XIII. And be it further enacted, That whenever a requisition for troops for local defence in this State shall be made by

the President of the Confederate States upon the Governor of this confederate State, the Governor shall be empowered and authorized to fill the doubt Governor shall be empowered and authorized to fill the norman make requisition by apportioning the number required among the differ-apportion mut. ent regiments, battallions or companies of the militia proper, provided for by this act; and when the apportionment is made, the Governor may order the number apportioned, detached, drafted or selected in such other manner as he may deem advisable, and may require the Aids de Camp for the Senatorial Districts to superintend the draft, or to execute such orders as may be necessary to ac-Draft how complish the object; Provided, that unmarried men, bachelors, or conducted, and order of widowers without children, shall be subject to draft before married hability. men or widowers who have children; and provided further, that the men drafted or selected shall be formed into companies, battalions or regiments, as the Governor may direct, and shall be permitted to elect the officers to command them while in service; and in case of neglect or refusal to elect when ordered, that the Governor may appoint the officers and compel them to organize, or he may appoint officers to fill vacancies, if the men to be commanded fail or refuse to elect; and provided further, that in case of requisition for troops for local service in a particular part of the State, the Gov-Local service. ernor may fill it by ordering the number of troops called for to be made up from such regiments, battalions or companics as he may select, in the section of the State, where the service is required.

14. SEC. XIV. And be it further enacted, That any militiaman ordered into active service, whether by order of the Governor, or refusing to on a requisition from the President of the Confederate States, who enter service on a requisition from the President of the Confederate States, who enter service on the confederate States, who enter service or the confederate States or the confederat shall fail or refuse after due notice to enter said service, or being tice. therein, shall leave the service without permission, shall be liable to be tried and punished as a deserter, and subject to all the pains and penalties imposed upon deserters in the Rules and Articles of War for the government of the army of the Confederate States.

15. Sec. XV. Best further enacted, That there shall be appointed Surgeons for by the Governor one Surgeon for each Senatorial District, whose duty it shall be to examine all persons who claim to be unable to bear arms, and shall give certificates to such as, in his judgment, are unable to bear arms, clearly stating therein the causes of such disability. Said Surgeons shall be sworn to discharge his duties Duties and faithfully and impartially, and shall receive compensation at the compensation rate of five dollars per day for every day he shall be employed un-How removeder the orders of the Governor, and who shall be removable by the ble. Governor for neglect or failure in the discharge of his duties.

18. Sec. XVI. And be it further enacted, That exemptions from, and discharges after enrollment, before organization under this Act, and discharge may be granted by the Aids-de-Camp of the Senatorial Districts, ed. how granton the certificate of the District Surgeons; and discharges from service after organization under this Act, may be granted by said Aidsde-Camp on the certificate of the battalion or regimental surgeous, approved by the company, and battalion, or regimental commanders. . .

17. Sec. XVII. And be it further enacted, That any person made volunteering subject to service under this Act, may volunteer in the military or vice allowed naval service of the Confederate States, or in any company authorized by the acts of Congress of the Confederate States, providing for local defense and special service, but shall again be subject to State service, when his term of service as a volunteer shall have expired.

18. Sec. XVIII. And be it further enacted, That any person sub-Details, how ject to service under this act, who is in the employ of the government of the Confederate States, or has a contract with said government, or is employed on any railroad, may be detailed for special duty, upon the request of the Secretary of War, addressed to the Governor, naming the employee or contractor, and the length of time for which such detail is requested; provided, that nothing herein contained shall be so construed as authorizing the detail for special duty of any common laborer or other persons in the employment of railroads, manufactories, &c., unless the President or Superintendent of the road, manufactory, or other labor, shall make application to the Governor, through the Aid-de-Camp of his Senatorial District, on affidavit, that such persons are indispensable to said road or work, and their places cannot be filled by other persons not liable to military duty.

19. Sec. XIX. Be it further enacted, That in making the en-Gins, horses, rollment provided for by this act, the enrolling officers shall report sported by name, all persons having efficient guns, describing the gun, whether rifle, musket, or shot-gun, and those who have not; also such persons who can furnish their own horses, saddles and bridles, and serve as mounted men; and that the Governor be authorized, whenever in his power to do so, to furnish arms and ammunition to the force herein created, as in his judgment he may deem advisable, upon the requisition and receipt, in duplicate, of the commanders of regiments, battalions or companies, who shall be held accountable for the same, and who shall make returns of the same quarterly to the Adjutant and Inspector General, through the Aidde-Camp of their Senatorial district, and who shall, for his own security, be entitled to make demand for any gun furnished by him to any person; and any person failing to return said gun to the. officer accountable for it, on his demand, or who shall injure or damage any gun or ammunition entrusted to his care, shall be guilty of a misdemeanor, and on conviction thereof in any county in this State, shall be fined or imprisoned, at the discretion of the

Arms furnished, to be re-turned.

Court trying the case. 20. Sec. XX. Be it further enacted, That the commanders of

Staff officers, regiments, battalions, brigades and divisions shall be entitled to ap-

point such staff officers as are allowed to similar grades in the Confederate service; and to secure the efficient operation of this Act, may appoint that the Governor be entitled to appoint from time to time such staff officers and additional Aids-de Camp, as he may think necessary.

21. Sec. XXI. And be it further enacted, That the officers of the Executive Department, members of the General Assembly, Secre-Exempts from earnly members of the General Assembly for the G tary of the Senate, and four principal assistants, Clerk of the House of Representatives and six principal Clerks, and the Clerk of the joint Committee of both houses on Finance, and the Clerk. of Military Committee of the Senate, Judges of the Supreme and Superior Courts and Justices of the Inferior Courts, Attorney and Solicitors General, Reporter and Clerk of the Supreme Court, Clerks of the Superior and Inferior Courts, Tax Collectors, Sheriffs, Ordinaries, Ministers of Religion in the actual care and charge of any organized Church or Synagogue, and such other persons as the Governor in his discretion may deem it absolutely necessary for the public interest to exempt, shall be exempt from the provisions of this Act.

22. SEC. XXII. And be it further enacted, That the Governor be Gov. to preauthorized to prescribe the number, and kind of drills, and military ic. exercises to be performed by the militia proper, created by this Act, when not actively engaged in the field, and that for a failure to attend as required on the part of either officers or men, it shall be the duty of the Aid-de-Camp of each district to whom reports of delinquencies shall be made, within three days after any called drill or exercise by the senior officer or non-commissioned officer present at the drill or exercise, to issue a writ of fieri fucias, directed to any Sheriff or Constable within his district, to collect out of the property of any delinquers, who shall not furnish a satisfactory excuse, within one week ther being reported, a sum not less proceeding than three dollars, nor more than fifty dollars, at the discretion of antinat delinsaid Aid-de-Camp, which sum shall be turned over by said Aid-de-Camp on receipt therefor, to the Justices of the Inferior Court of the county in which the delinquent may reside, to be applied

to the benefit of soldiers' families within said county.

23. Sec. XXIII. And be it further enacted, That so much of the code, where military code of the State of Georgia as is inconsistent with the repugnant provisions of this Act, shall be, and the same is hereby suspended, the war. so long as this Act, shall be in force, and this Act shall become inoperative and void upon the ratification of a treaty of peace between the United States and Confederate States.

24. SEC. XXIV. And be it further enacted, That no person shall Liability of be enrolled under this Act who, is subject to conscription under the conscripts. Conscript Act or Acts of the Confederate Congress; if the State Enrolling officer has doubt whether any person within his limits is subject to enrollment as a conscript, he shall report the fact to the Confederate enrolling officer of the Congressional district, and if said Confederate officer does not cause such person to be enrolled within twenty days after such notice is given, the State Enrolling. officer shall enrol him under this Act, or if he is found to be exempt after he is enrolled by the Confederate officer, he shall then be subject to enrollment by the State officer under this Act.

Rank of Adjutant and Inspector General-Oaths of Notaries Public.

25. SEC. XXV. And be it, further enacted, That this Act shall take Of force immediately. effect and be operative and in force from and immediately after its passage.

Sec. XXVI. Repeals conflicting laws.

Assented to Dec. 14, 1863.

(No. 54.)

An Act to change the rank of the Adjutant and Inspector General of this · State, and for other purposes.

26. Section I. The General Assembly of Georgia do enact, That Rank of Adj't Gen'l changed to Major Seneral, from and after the passage of this Act, the rank of the Adjutant and Inspector General of this State, shall be that of a Major Gen-

SEC. II. Repeals conflicting laws.

Assented to Dec. 14, 1863.

TITLE XIII.

OATHS.

Sec. 1. Oath of Notaries Public.

2. Authorized to administer oaths gener- 6 "

". 3. Seal not required. Former attestations without seal legalised.

". 4. Oath of non resident tax payers amended. Oath of tax-payers on general return amended.

Sec. 5. On refusal to take oath shall be double

taxed.
6. Indebtedness one, to be returned in Confederate valuation.

Tax payers may amend returns. 8. Additional oath of tax payers.

. (No. 55.)

An Act to define the oaths of Notaries Public in the State of Georgia and for other purposes.

WHEREAS, doubts exist in regard to the proper oaths to be administered to Notaries Public of this State; for, remedy whereof; Oath of Nota-ries Public. 1. Section I. Be it enacted, &c., That from and after the passage of this Act, the only oath or affirmation to be administered to Notaries Public of the State of Georgia, shall be, as follows; T do solemnly swear or affirm, that I will well and truly perform the duties of a Notary Public for the county of to the best of my ability, and I further swear or af-

firm that I am not the holder of any public money, belonging to the State, unaccounted for, so help me God.

Oath of Tax-payers.

2. SEC. II. And be it further enacted by the authority aforesaid, That Authorized to Notaries Public shall be authorized to administer all oaths, which administer oaths gener. are not by law required to be administered by particular officers.

3. Sec. III. And Whereas, doubts exist, whether under the seal not re-Statute, the seal of a Notary Public is necessary to his attestation quired. to deeds, Be it therefore enacted, That no such seal shall be re-Legalizes for quired to such attestation, and that all such attestations heretofore seal. made without a seal, shall be valid and binding in law.

Sec. IV. Repeals conflicting laws.

Assented to Dec. 1, 1863.

(No. 56.)

An Act to amend the oath of Tax payers for the year 1864; and for other purposes.

4. SECTION I. The General Assembly of the State of Georgia do Oath of non-resident taxcnact, That from and after the passage of this Act, the oath of non-payers amenresident Tax payers, required to be taken on special return as it now stands in the seven hundred and sixty-fourth (764) section of the Code of Georgia, be so amended for the year 1864, as to make it read; "And that it was not worth on the first of April in this year, more than the valuation you have affixed to it, in Confederate Treasury notes, to the best of your knowledge and belief," instead of reading as it now does, "and that it is not worth more than the valuation you. have affixed to it, to the best of your knowledge and beliet"; and that the oath of Tax payers required to be taken on general return, as is now required in the same sec-Oath of taxtion of said Code, be changed, so as to make it read; and the eral return ameuded. value you have affixed is a just and true valuation on the first day of April of this year in Confederate Treasury , notes," instead of reading, "and that the value you have affixed to it is a just and true valuation," as it now stands stated in said Code.

5. Sec. II. Be it further enacted, That in case any Tax payer shall fail or refuse to make his return in accordance with this resistance amended oath, he shall be deemed a defaulter, and his property double taxed, shall be double-taxed according to the valuation prescribed in the foregoing section of this Act.

6. Sec. III. And be it further enacted, That all persons holding due to be removed or indebtedness on any individual or incorporation, shall give comed, when the second of the relationship of the relation o

in the same, at its value in Confederate Treasury notes.

7. Sec. IV. And be it further enacted, That if any of the tax pay-may amend ers of this State, shall have made a return of their property to the returns. Receiver and Collector, previous to the passage of this Act, it shall be the duty of the said Collector and Receiver, to require of said tax payers that they make another return to him, upon valuation, as provided for in this Act.

SEC. V. Repeals conflicting laws.

Assented to Dec. 2, 1863.

Oath of Tax-payers-Burial of Paupers.

(No. 57.)

An Act to alter and change the oath of tax payers in this State.

Additional oath of texpayers.

S. Section I. The General Assembly of the State of Georgia do enact, That from and after the passage of this Act, in addition to the oath now required of all Tax payers of the State, they shall be required to state under oath, whether or not, they have refused to take Confederate treasury notes in satisfaction of any or all claims due them.

SEC. II. Repeals conflicting laws.

Assented to Dec. 14, 1863.

TITLE XIV.

PAUPERS.

Sec. 1. Inferior Court to pay for burial of paupers. How restricted.

(No. 58.)

An Act to provide for the burial of Paupers in this State.

1. Section. I. Be it enacted, &c., That whenever any free white person shall die in this State, whose family and immediate kinneys for burial dred are indigent, and unable to provide for the decent interment of such deceased person, and where the deceased is a pauper, and destitute of the means of paying for a decent interment, the Justices of the Inferior Court of the County where said death shall occur, are authorized, and it is hereby made their duty, in case there be any Pauper funds belonging to the county unexpended, to appropriate a sufficient amount thereof to provide a decent interment, for such deceased Pauper; or to re-imburse such persons as may have expended the same voluntarily after the passage moving to defray the ordinary funeral expenses of persons dying in humble

SEC. II. Repeals conflicting laws.

Assented to Dec. 14, 1863.

circumstances in this State.

Communications with the enemy-Slaves going over to the enemy.

PITLE XV.

PENAL CODE.

- Sec. 1. Communications with the enemy madel penal. Penalty. Provisoes.
- " 2, Slaves or free persons of color giving information to enemy. How punish-
 - 3. Slaves going over to enemy. Penalty. Proviso.

 - 4. Claves or free persons of color enticing slaves from owner. Penalty.
 5. Illegal impressments penal offence.
 Persons impressing without authori
 - ty. Penitentiary offences.
 6. Parties impressed may demand writter authority of Agents, who shall fur nish eopies.
 - 7. Takes effect immediately. 8. Concealing deserters. penal offence. Penalty.

- ". 9. Assisting deserters to resist legal arrest
- penal. Penalty.

 "10. Grand Juries to be specially charged.

 "11. Proclamation by Governor.

 "12. Remedy for intrusions or trespasses on
- Camp Grounds.

 13. Sales by white persons, negroes, or free persons of color prohibited with the color prohibited with the color persons of color prohibited with the color persons of color prohibited with the color persons of c in a mile without permission. Penalty.
- " 14. Of force at once."
- " 15. Skinning eows or other stock eattle without consent of owner, indictable, unless value of skins paid for to owner. Penalty.

(No. 59.)

An Act to add certain sections to the Penal Code of Georgia.

1. Section I. Be it enacted, &c.. That from and after the passage Communicaof this Act, any white person or persons, who shall, during the continumentation with the tinuance of the present war between the Confederate States and penal. the United States, communicate, or have intercourse with the enemy, or shall aid or assist any other white person or persons to hold communication or have intercourse with the enemy, shall upon conviction of the same, suffer the punishment of death, or such other punishment as the Judge of the Superior Court may inflict, or be confined in the Penitentiary for a term of not more than five years, or less than two years, as the jury may recommend in their verdict, provided, that the intercourse or communication referred to in the above section, shall not be construed to mean or include Provisors. any intercourse or communication had with the enemy, by order or permission of the proper civil or military authorities, proof of which permission shall rest upon the defendant; and provided further, that this Act shall not extend to any individual whose person or property may, by the accidents of war, be thrown within the lines of the enemy.

2. SEC. II. Be it further enacted, That any slave, or free person Slaves or free of color, who shall go to the enemy, with the intention of giving color giving color giving them information of any kind, shall on conviction of the same, to the enemy. suffer such punishment as the Court trying said offence, may in its How punish-discretion inflict, not extending to life or limb, or as the jury may

recommend by their verdict.

Illegal Impressment of Property.

Slaves going over to the enemy.

3. Sec. III. Be it further enacted, That any slave who shall leave the service of his owner or employer, and go over to the enemy, or shall leave the service of his owner or employer with the intention of going over to the enemy; or shall attempt to leave the service of his owner or or employer for the purpose of going over to the enemy, shall, on conviction of the same, suffer such punishment as the Court trying said offence, may inflict in its discretion, not extending to life or limb, or as the jury may recommend by their verdict; provided, that this Act shall not apply to a slave who voluntarily and bona fide returns to the service of his or her owner or employer.

persons of color enticing slaves from owner.

Penalty.

Penalty.

Proviso ...

4. Sec. IV. Be it further enacted, That any slave or free person of color, who shall, by promises of freedom or liberty, or by any kind of incitement, entice or induce any slave to leave the service of his master, or shall attempt to induce or entice said slave, shall on conviction thereof, suffer the punishment of death, or such other punishment as the jury may recommend in their verdict, and in case of no such recommendation, such punishment as the Judge presiding, in his discretion, may inflict.

Sec. V. Repeals conflicting laws.

Assented to Dec. 5, 1863.

(No. 60.)

An Act to prevent the illegal impressment of property in this State, and to punish for the same.

Illegal impressments, penal offense.

5. SECTION I. The General Assembly of the State of Georgia do enact, That if any person, claiming to act as the officer or agent of the Confederate States, shall impress the property of any citizen or resident of this State, contrary to the Act of Congress of the Confederate States, commonly called the "Impressment Act;" or if Persons impressing with any person shall claim to be an officer or agent of the said Confedout authority, erate States, with authority to make impressment of property under said impressment act, and who shall not have such authority, and who shall impress the property of any citizen or resident of this State, such person, or officer or agent so offending, shall upon conviction, be punished by confinement and labor in the Penitentiary for a term of not less than one year, nor longer than ten

years; provided, this Act shall not apply to any officer or agent of

the Confederate States, who is in good faith obeying the order of his superior officer, duly authorized by law to give such order.

Penitentiary offences.

Proviso.

6. Sec. III. Be it further enacted, That if any person or persons, Parties impressed, may claiming to be the agent or agents of the Confederate government, demand written authority shall seize or impress, or attempt to seize or impress private propofagent, who shall furnished erty for public use, shall fail or refuse to exhibit his written authority and the same to the ownthority for so doing, and give a true copy of the same to the owner, or other person having charge of said property, upon applicaTo punish persons who assist or conceal deserters-To protect Camp Grounds from intrusion.

tion,—such person so failing or refusing, shall be deemed, held, and considered as having no legal authority; except impressing officers of armies in the field; provided, that the failure of the impressing officer to exhibit his authority or furnish a copy thereof, upon demand, shall only operate as prima facie evidence of want of authority, and shall not conclude such party from proving his authority upon the trial.

7. Sec. III. Be it further enacted, That this Act shall take effect Takes effect

and be operative from and immediately after its passage.

Sec. IV. Repeals conflicting laws.

Assented to Dec. 14, 1863.

(No. 61.)

*An Act to punish any person who may hereafter conceal, or assist any deserter in resisting a legal arrest in this State.

8. Section I. The General Assembly of the State of Georgia do enact, That any person who shall hereafter conceal a deserter from Concealing the army or navy of the Confederate States, or from the militia of deserters p naloffense, State forces of this State, while in actual service, knowing him to be a deserter, shall be guilty of a misdemeanor; and on conviction Penalty. thereof, shall be punished by fine or imprisonment in the common jail of the county, or both, in the discretion of the Court; the fine not to exceed five hundred dollars, nor the imprisonment to exceed six months.

9. SEC. II. Be it further enacted, That any person who shall as-Assisting desist any deserter in this State in resisting a legal arrest, knowing senters to rehim to be a deserter from the army or navy of the Confederate States, or from the militia or State forces of this State, shall be guilty of a misdemeanor, and in conviction thereof, shall be punished by fine or imprisonment in the common jail of the county, or both, in the discretion of the Court, the fine not to exceed two thousand dollars, nor the imprisonment to exceed six months.

Grand Juries

10. Sec. III. Be it further enacted, That the attention of Grand charged.

Juries shall be specially called to this Act.

11. SEC. IV. Be it further enactea, That this Act shall, immedi-Proclamation by Governor. ately after its passage, be proclaimed by the Governor, and shall take effect ten days after such proclamation.

Assented to Dec. 15, 1863.

(No. 62:)

An Act to protect Camp Grounds from intrusion, and for other purposes.

12. Sec. I. The General Assembly of the State of Georgia do enact, Remedy for intrasions or That the Trustees, Commissioners and other owners of Camp trespasses on camp grounds grounds in this State, shall have the exclusive right to prevent intruders and squatters from occupying any land within the boundaries of said Camp ground, and for instituting proceedings against

To define and punish the offense of skinning cows

any such intruders and squatters, in the same manner as is now authorized by law, against intruders and trespassers upon land in this

Penalty.

13. Sec. II. And be it further enacted, That it shall not be law-Sales by sales by sal expose to sale, during the period of divine worship, within one mile of color protof the place of worship in said Camp ground, any article, comhibited with of the place of worship in said Camp ground, any article, comina mile,
without per- modity or thing whatever, without the written consent of a majority of said Trustees, commissioners or owners, under penalty, if a white person, of being indicted, and on conviction, fined or imprisoned at the discretion of the Court; and if a slave or free person of color, of receiving such corporeal punishment as the Court may

Of force at

14. SEC. III. Be it further enacted, That this Act shall take effect from and after its passage, and that all conflicting laws be repeal-

Assented to Dec. 14, 1863.

(No. 63.)

An Act to define and punish the offence of skinning cows, or any other kind of stock, cattle, sheep or gouts, and refusing to pay for the hides.

5. SEC. I. The General Assembly of the State of Georgia do enact, skinning of the first from and after the passage of this Act, it shall be unlawful stock cattle, without coursent of own. for any person in this State, to skin any dead cow, or any other unless value kind of stock cattle, sheep, or goats, without consent of the owner, not to when the for to owner, agent, or overseer of said stock or stocks of said cattle, that does not belong to him, her, or them, without accounting to the owner or owners thereof for the skin, when thereunto demanded; and in all cases when any person or persons shall have been engaged in skinning any cow, or other kind of stock, cattle, sheep. or goats, and shall refuse upon demand of the owner therof, or his agent, or overseer, to pay the reasonable value of the skin, he, she or they shall be subject to indictment, and upon conviction, shall be fined for each and every offence in the discretion of the Court, not less than fifty dollars, nor more than five hundred dollars, or imprisoned in the common jail of the county where the conviction takes place, not more than thirty days.

Penalty.

SEC. II. Repeals conflicting laws.

Assented to Dec. 14, 1863.

TITLE XVI.

RAIL ROADS.

- Sec. i. Macon & Western Rail Road authorized to charge same rates for travel and freight as Central Rail Road. under certain restrictions. Provi soes. As to shipment of grain of destitute sections. Fare of soldiers. Power to reduce retained by Legislature.
 - " 2. Of force from passage.

- 3. Overseer; and track-menders shall file with Station agents weekly returns of stock killed, &c Lists to be posted in Office of Station agents.
- 4. Liability of Overseer or track-mender for failing to comply.
 5. Rail Road Co. responsible, if overseer
- or track-mender insolvent.

(No. 64.)

An act to amend the Charter of the Macon and Western Rail Road.*

1. SECTION I. Be it enacted by the General Assembly of the State of Macon and Georgia, That from and after the passage of this Act, it shall and R. authorized may be lawful for the said Macon and Western Rail Road Compa-same rates for ny, to charge such rates of fare, per mile, for travel and freight, as freights centrel Rail Road Company now charges, or may hereafter der certain charge, for travel and freight per mile: Provided. said Magon and restrictions. Western Rail Road shall not charge more than fifty per cent, on Provisors. the rates of travel and freight allowed by the charter of said Rail Road Company: And provided further, that this increase of freight As to shipshall not apply to shipments of Corn, and other grain and pro-ment of grain duce for distribution without speculation, in destitute parts of sections. Georgia: Provided further, that this increase of fare shall not apply to officers and soldiers in the service of the Confederate States or Fare of sol-State of Georgia: Provided further, that the right and power to diers. compel said Company to reduce such rates of charge within the Power to relimits prescribed by their charter, hereby amended, be, and the duce retained by Legislasame is hereby reserved, to be exercised and put in operation by ture. any subsequent session of the Legislature of this State, if such Legislature shall deem proper.

2. SEC. II. Be it further enacted, That this Act shall take effect of force from

from and immediately after its passage. SEC. III. Repeals conflicting laws.

Assented to Dec. 14, 1863.

*For act of Incorporation, see Pam. acts of 1847. P. 181.

(No 65.)

An Act to compel Overseers or Track Menders on the different Rail Roads in this State, to file a list of the marks and brands of all stock killed upon their respective sections, and for other purposes.

3. Section I. Be it enacted, &c., That all overseers or track mend-track menders shall file with 3. SECTION I. Be it enacted, ger, Thank of shall file weekly with station agents ers on the different Railroads in this State, shall file weekly with station agents and hyands of all stock turns of stock the station agents, a list of different marks and brands of all stock killed, brands, killed upon their respective sections the preceding week, so as to where killed, whe

Relief of the People in certain Counties.

be compelled to identify in their weekly report, on what part of their section such stock was or may have been killed, by some des-Lists to be their section such stock was or may have been killed, by some desposted in of ignated place on said section; said list to be placed in a conspicuous place in the office of the said Station agents, for the inspection of all persons concerned.

- 4. Sec. II. Be it further enacted, That upon failure of any overseer Liability of overseer or track mender to comply with the provisions of the first section for failing to of this Act, he shall be liable to pay the owners of said stock comply. double the value of all stock killed on his particular section, and not reported during such failure; the same to be recovered in the same manner as now provided by law for the collection of claims for stock killed on Railroads in this State.
- 5. Sec. III. Be it further enacted, That in case the overseer or track Railroad Co. responsible, if mender is insolvent, then and in that case the Rail road Company overseer or in whose employ they are, shall be liable to pay according to the provisions of the second section of this Act, Provided, That in all cases when the penalty shall be collected from the track mender, the liability of the Railroad Company in whose employment he may be, shall thenceforth cease.

Sec. IV. Repeals conflicting laws.

Assented to Nov. 23d, 1863.

TITLE XVII.

RELIEF.

Sec. 1. The Quar. Master General of Geodirected to purchase and ship corn to certain counties in the State. To Chattooga county 6,000 bushels. Walker 10,000, Dade 8,000. Catoosa 8,000, Whitfield 10,000, Murray 7,000, Gilmer 8,000, Fannin 8,000. Union 8,000, Towns 4,000, Rabnu 3,000, Habersham 4,000, White 3,590, Lumpkin 4,000, Dawson 3,000, Pickens 3,600. Expense paid by Gov's, warrant upon the Treasury.

Sec. 2. Quar Master Gen, to employ agents and use transportation for this purpose. Sec. 1. The Quar. Master General of Geo.

Sec. 3. Justices of Infr. Courts to arrange fer transportation from Rail Road. Agents to be appointed to distribute. Destitute soldiers' families, &c., supplied with corn free of charge. Indigent families also furnished. Other persons enumerated, to be sup-plied at price of delivery. Money arising from such sales, how disposed

Sec. 4. Persons intentionally misapplying or converting corn, guilty of misdemeanor. Upon conviction, how punished.

Sec. 5. Disbursing agents to keep a book, under penalties, showing distributees, purchasers, prices, &c. Book open for inspection, and exhibited once a month to Justices of Inferior Court. Agents removable. Proviso.

(No. 66.)

An Act for the relief of the people in certain counties therein mentioned, and for other purposes.

WHEREAS, Owing to the depredations of the enemy, and the presence and necessities of our own army foraging upon the coun-

Relief of the People in certain Counties.

try, and also the extreme droughth and early frost, the people of Northern Georgia are in great need of breadstuffs; and whereas, nearly the entire laboring population of said section is now in the army, and the people must inevitably suffer unless aided by the generosity of the State,

1. Šection I. Beit enacted, &c., That the Quartermaster General master General of this State, be, and he is hereby directed and required to pure ted to pure ted to pure. chase and ship to such points on the Railroad as shall be designated to designate the designation of the Justices of the Inferior Courts of the several counties in the State. hereinafter enumerated, and subject to their order, the following

amounts of corn, to-wit:

6,000 Bushels of corn to the county of Chattooga. 10,000 bushels of corn to the county of Walker. 8,000 bushels of corn to the county of Dade. 8,000 bushels of corn to the county of Catoosa. 10,000 bushels of corn to the county of Whitfield. 7,000 bushels of corn to the county of Murray. 8,000 bushels of corn to the county of Gilmer. 8,000 bushels of corn to the county of Fannin. 8,000 bushels of corn to the county of Union. 4,000 bushels of corn to the county of Towns. 3,000 bushels of corn to the county of Rabun. 4,000 bushels of corn to the county of Habersham. 3,500 bushels of corn to the county of White.

4,000 bushels of corn to the county of Lumpkin.

Amount to each county.

3,000 bushels of corn to the county of Dawson and 3,000 bushels of corn to the county of Pickens, or so much Treasury for the amount of money necessary to pay for the purchase, sacking and shipping said corn; which amount shall be paid out of any money in the Treasury not otherwise appropriated.

thereof as the Governor may think necessary; and it shall be the Expenses paid by Gov's duty of his Excellency the Governor to draw his warrant upon the warrant upon the Treasury.

2. Sec. II. And be it further enacted, That said Quartermaster Gen-Q. M. Gent eral be authorized to employ such agents, and to take, control and to employ and agents and use such transportation, by the order of the Governor, as in his judg-use transportation for this. ment shall be absolutely necessary to carry out the objects of this purpose. Act; and to pay just compensation for the services of said agents or transportation, to be approved by the Governor.

3. Sec. III. And be it further enacted, That it shall be the duty courts to arof the said Justices, to make such arrangements for the transportation from ction of said corn from the Railroad to their respective counties, Railroad. charge of and distribute the same as may be necessary; and it shall distribute. be the duty of said Justices to furnish, or cause to be furnished by diers families, said agents, to each soldier's family, and the families of deceased with com soldiers; the families and widows whose sons are in the military free of charge. service, or whose sons have died in the military service, who are destitute of corn and need the same, a sufficient quantity of corn for their bread, and no more, free of charge; and to each person or

Relief, of the People in certain Counties.

Indigent per. family who are in such indigent circumstances as to require it, (to sons also fur be judged of by the Justices aforesaid) a sufficiency for their bread

posed of.

Other persons and no more, free of charge; and to such other persons in their rescountrated pective counties who may be destitute of corn and need the same, at price of a sufficiency for bread and no more, at the price or cost of its dedelvery. livery; and the money arising from such sale or sales, to be paid Money arising from such over to said Justices for the use and benefit of soldiers families, the sales how dis-widows of deceased soldiers, widows whose sons are in the army. widows of deceased soldiers, widows whose sons are in the army, or whose sons have died in the army, or been disabled, and the indigent poor of their respective counties, after paying all costs that

may arise in transporting and distributing said corn.

4. Sec. IV. And be it further enacted, That if any persons through in whose hands said corn may pass, shall intentionally misapply said misapplying corn, or convert the same to his own use, or in any other way corn, guilty of direct or use the same, contrary to the objects contemplated in this Act, he, she or they so offending, shall be guilty of a misde-

Upon convic-meanor, and on conviction thereof, shall be punished by imprisontion how pun ment in the common jail of the county, for not less than two

months; nor longer than six months.

agents to keep 5. Sec. V. And be it further enacted, That it shall be the duty of said abook, under disbursing agents, under the penalties contained in the fourth sec-certain penalties, showing tion of this Act, to keep a book in which he shall have entered distributees, tion of this Act, to keep a book in which he shall have entered purchasers, prices, &c. all corn distributed by him, and to whom, and how much, and Book to be at what price sold, and said book shall be open to inspection to any spection. Book to be person at any and at all times; and it shall be the duty of said exhibited once a month agent to exhibit said book to said Justices at least once a month; lof Court, and said Justices shall have nower to discrete Agents remo-vable. time they may see proper; Provided, the provisions of this bill Proviso. do not come in conflict with the absolute wants of the General Government.

SEC. VI. Repeals conflicting laws.

Assented to Nov. 26, 1863.

TITLE XVIII.

SOLDIERS AND SOLDIERS FAMILIES.

- Sec. 1. Six million dollars appropriated for "support, in 1864, of indigent families of Soldiers now in service, or who have died in service, or been disabled. Benenciaries defined. Excludes Soldiers detailed as Mechanics. What the term "indigent" includes. Mode of relief to families, partly self-sustaining Families of Substitutes in service, in
 - cluded 2. Funds derived from "Income Tax Act" to form part of the six million. How distributed, Gov. to furnish Inf'r Court with copy Act, and give instruc-tions. Schedule to be made out. Comp. Gen'l to be furnished with statement in detail. Beneficiaries. Statement &ccompanied with affilavit of Justices. Comp. Gen'l shall apportion fund ac-cording to number of beneficiaries re-
- Mode of drawing fund by Inf'r Court, Inf'r Court authorized to make arrangements for safe custody of funds, and purchase provisions. Bonds of Agents. Compensation. Number and name of beneficiaries, how obtained.

- Inf'r Court and agents to make dilige, to enquiries as to condition of applicants.
- Agents diverting or speculating on funds, or refusing settlement on detunds, or retusing settlement on de-nand, guilty of peual offence. Pun-ishment. Proviso.

 7. At what times, and in what install-ments, funds to be paid out. Proviso.

 8. In case of removal from one Countyto
- another, how beneficiaries paid.
- Grand Juries to investigate returns, accounts and disbursements, and report violations of the Act.
- " 10. Banks, and incorporated Companies with banking privileges, taxable like other property, to raise funds under this Act. Proviso.
- " 11. \$35,000 APPROPRIATED TO PAY 4TH GA. BRIGADE, arrearages for services. Also, all other troops similarly situated.
- " 12. Legal representative may draw, in case of death of any member entitled.
- Gov. to appoint Auditor. Quar. Mas. of State to pay acc'ts audited, and return vouchers to Ex. Dep't.
- What funds to be drawn on.

GEORGIA RELIEF AND HOSPITAL ASSOCIATION.

- "15. \$500,000 appropriated. How expen-| "18. ded. Additional provisoes. To whom supplies of clothing and shoes to be
- given.
 "16. Day of annual meeting of Superiutendents changed.
- 4 17. Exemption from Military service grant ed to Agents and Employees. Provi ded, not more than two are exempted How exemption to be obtained.
- Authorizes importation of supplies by association, under certain restrictions.
- Requiring conference with Governor. "19. Appropriation may be drawn on any funds in Treasury. How drawn.

(No. 67.)

- An Act to appropriate money for the support of indigent families of Soldiers, who may be in the public service; and for the support of indigent Soldiers, who may be disabled by wounds or disease in the service of this State, or of the Confederate States, for, and during the year 1864; and to provide for the application of the same, to the purposes aforesaid, and for other purposes; and to provide, in part, for the same, by levying a Tax upon the capital stock of the several Banking corporations of this
- State.

 Six million dollars appropriated for the passage of this Act, the sum of six millions of 1864 of indicated after the passage of this Act, the sum of six millions of 1864 of indicated after the passage of this Act, the sum of six millions of 1864 of indicated dollars, or so much thereof as may be necessary, be, and the same of soldiers never appropriated out of any money in the Treasury, not other have died in the sum of the sum erwise appropriated, for the support, for, and during the year 1864, been disabled

Beneficiaries

of indigent widows and orphans of soldiers, who have died, or been killed in the service of this State, or the Confederate States; for the support of indigent families of soldiers, who may be in the public service; and for the support of indigent soldiers and families of soldiers, who may have been, and who may hereafter be disabled by wounds or disease, in the service of this State, or the Confederate States, Provided, the word "families" whenever used in this Act, shall be taken and held to mean, all persons who were dependent for support on any such person, who has gone, or may go, into the Military service, from Georgia.

Provided, That the benefits of this act shall not apply to soldiers,

Excludes soldiers detailed as mechanics.

who have been detailed for the purpose of working in workshops, " and transacting other business, for which they are drawing Mechanics wages. The term "indigent" to include Wives, Mothers, What the term "indi- Grand Mothers, and all those who have to leave their ordinary bugent" in siness in the house, and to labor in the field to support themselves and children, and who are not able to make a sufficient support for Mode of relief themselves and families. Provided, that the said Inferior Courts, and persons appointed by them, be required to assist such families as are partly self-sustaining, by partial appropriations, from this fund, or by selling supplies to such families, at cost and carriage, if either, or both, can be done, without manifest injustice to the claims of the actually indigent, as determined, by the provisions of this Act, it being intended, that the provisions of this act shall ap-

2. SEC. II. Be it further enacted, That the funds raised by the

counties of the State, according to representative population, as in

to families partly self-sustaining.

Commilies of ply, as well to the families of all substitutes, who are indigents in service inclu-the sense herein determined, as to others.

ed from in-come tax act', assented to April 18th, to form part 1863,* shall form, and be a part of the six millions of dollars apmillion. propriated by this act; and instead of being distributed amongst the

How distrib-

said Act provided, these funds shall be distributed according to the number of beneficiaries, as provided in this law, for the distribution of the balance of the funds appropriated, by the foregoing first section thereof; and that it shall be the duty of the Governor, im-Cov. to furn mediately after the passage of this Act, to cause a copy thereof to ash inf. Court, meditarely arter the plants of each county in this State, with with copy of he furnished to the Inferior Court, of each county in this State, with act, and give instructions such instruction, if any, as he may think proper to give them; and upon the receipt thereof, by said Inferior Court, it shall be their duty forthwith to proceed under the rules hereinafter prescribed, to make out a schedule of persons within their respective counbe made out ties, who may be entitled to the benefits of this Act, and file the to be furnish same in their respective offices; and to forward to the Comptroller ed with state.

ment in detail General, before the first day of February 1864, or so soon thereaf-

Beneficiaries, ter as may be practicable, a statement from said schedule, of the number of widows, residing within their respective counties, of soldiers, who have died or been killed in the Military service of this State, or the Confederate States, during the existing war, or have

^{*}For "Income Tax Act" referred to, see Pam. Acts 1863, page 176

died, after being discharged, of sickness contracted, or wounds received in the service, and who are unable to support themselves, and have not the means of support; the number of Soldiers who have been discharged, and who are residing within the county, disabled by sickness or wounds in the service, and who are not able to support themselves, and have not the means of support; those who are the wives of Soldiers in the service, or of disabled discharged soldiers, or whose son or other person, upon whom they have usually depended for support heretofore, has died, been killed, disabled, or is then absent in the Military service, and who are indigent, and have not the means of support; also, the number of orphans, under the age of twelve years, of Soldiers hereinbefore described; and also, the number of children of other women, not widows, as hereinbefore set forth, who are under the age of twelve years, and children of indigent disabled soldiers, who have been discharged, and who are under said age, and which said orphans, and other children, are indigent, and have not the means of support; and also including in said schedule and statement, all children and other indigent persons, usually dependent on the Soldier for support, over said age, who, from bodily infirmity, or other cause, are unable to support and maintain themselves; which said Statement acstatement to the Governor, shall be accompanied by the affidavit companied with affidavit of the Justices making out the schedule, that the same is of file in of Justices. their office, and is just and true, and is impartial, to the best of their knowledge, and belief. When the Comptroller General re-comp. Gent ceives schedules of beneficiaries, as may be reported to him by the tion find action find the first day of February, he, under the supervision and control of the number of Governor, shall proceed to apportion the fund, provided by this returned. Act, among the several counties, where schedules are so reported, and the apportionment shall be made, upon the basis of the number of beneficiaries returned, at the time said apportionment is made.

3. Sec. III. Be it further enacted, That the funds to be disburs-Mode of ed in each county, shall be delivered to the Inferior Court of the drawing and county, or to their order, under the seal of the Court, and shall, by Court. said Court, be appropriated to the purposes aforesaid, in such manner as they shall deem most efficient, and in substantial compliance, as to the application of the funds, with the Act assented to, November the twenty-ninth, eighteen hundred and sixty-one*; or in cases when special Acts, have been passed for any of the Counties, then in such county or counties, in substantial compliance with the local Act in force, in such county or counties, except so far as the provisions of the Act of eighteen hundred and sixty-one, and such special Acts as may be inconsistent with this Act

4. SEC. IV. The Inferior Courts, respectively, of the several Inf. Court aucounties of this State, are hereby authorized to make all such ar-thorized to rangements and regulations, as they may deem necessary, to secure for suffects to dy of funds.

^{*}For Act of Nov. 29, 1861, see Pam. Acts, page 76.

Bonds of agents.

Compensa-

obtained.

the custody and application of the fund, they may severally receive; and they shall have power to appoint one or more, fit and discreet Agents may persons, in each County, or Militia District, to receive the fund to distribute from them, and appropriate it for the use of the beneficiaries of runs and pur-chase provisithis law, by purchasing articles of prime necessity for them, or otherwise, as may be found most to the advantage of the persons interested, and to receive and appropriate all such articles, as may be delivered to them, in lieu of money, under any provisions of this law. The Court may require bond and surety from each county disbursing agent, appointed under the provisions of this section; and may pay him such compensation as may be agreed up-Number and good and responsible citizens, in each Militia District of the Coun-The Inferior Court of each County, may employ one or more ty, to ascertain the names and number of persons entitled to the benefits of this Act, and return the same to the Court. The Court shall have power to decide on the return, and to consult other sources of information.

5. Sec. V. It shall be the duty of the Inferior Courts of the sev-Inf. Conrtand eral counties of this State, and all such agents, and other persons, as agents to make diligent they shall employ or appoint, to aid in carrying out any provisions enquiris 835 of this Act, or the provisions of the Act of 1861, not inconsistent with the provisions of this Act; to make diligent enquiries, and to see that no person shall receive any aid, or assistance, under this Act, who has sufficient income, or who might have a sufficiency, by

using proper industry and labor.

6. Sec. VI. If any agent appointed to receive, and pay out, and Agents diver-appropriate this fund, or such articles as may be delivered to lating oil fund, or refus. him, in lieu of money, for the purpose aforesaid, shall apply the ing settlement same, or any part thereof, to any other use, or uses, than those set sully of penal forth in this Act; or shall trade or speculate, on the same, or any offense. part thereof; or shall fail, or refuse, to come a full, and fair account, on demand, with the Inferior Court of the county, in which he may have been appointed, or to such agent as the Inferior Court may appoint, to demand, and make such settlement, he shall be deemed guilty of larcery, after trust delegated and confidence reposed, and on conviction thereof, shall be punished, by imprisonment in the Penitentiary. for a term, not less than two, nor more than seven years; Provided, this act shall not operate as a repeal of the Act.

of 1861, or of any local Act, authorizing county Taxes, for the support of Soldiers families.

7. SEC. VII. Be it further enacted, That the Governor shall make times and in apportionment, and distribution, of the fund herein appropriated, ments finds to the several Inferior Courts, in quarterly installments; or at such other stated intervals of time, as he may think best. In making each distribution, his Excellency the Governor, assisted by the Comptroller General, shall distribute the same, in such manner, and in such proportions, as he may find necessary, so far as practicable, to equalize the benefits to be received, under this Act, by each beneficiary, provided, that, if upon any distribution, it shall

applicants.

Punishment.

Proviso.

Proviso.

appear, that, owing to the presence of the enemy, or other cause, the return of any County has not been made, it shall be the duty of His Excellency the Governor, to retain, and hold for future delivery to the beneficiaries of such county, so failing, such reasonable and just proportion of the fund, as he may deem appropriate, which, he shall distribute to the proper authorities of such county, so soon as practicable; and if, at any time, he shall receive information, or come to such conclusion, he may require a full explanation and report, from the Justices of the Inferior Court of such county, and he may require in said report, that the said Justices, shall state on oath, to the best and utmost of their information and belief, the amount, and nature, of the aid received, and of the amount, and nature of the property, held by any, and all persons, who have been allowed to become beneficiaries of this Act, in their county.

8. Sec. VIII. Be it further enacted, That in all cases, where it shall be the desire of any of the beneficiaries of this Act, to re-In case of remove from any county thereof, he, she, or they, shall have the right one county to make known their desire to the Inferior Court of the County, of beneficiaries his, her, or their residence: Whereupon, it shall be the duty of paid, the Inferior Court to pay to the beneficiaries, so desiring to remove, the amount of money, to which he, she, or they, is, or are entitled, out of the funds already apportioned, and paid over to the Inferior Court for that county, for the current quarter; and also, forthwith to give a certificate to the party applying, of the facts, which shall be delivered to the Inferior Court of the County, to which the beneficiaries may remove; Whereupon, the Inferior Courts, of both counties, shall make a report of the facts to the Governor, who shall, in the next quarterly distribution of funds, cause the pro rata amount to which said beneficiaries may be entitled, to be deducted from the fund to be sent to the county, from which, he, she, or they, shall have removed, and distributed to the county into which, he, she, or they, shall have removed, for the benefit of such beneficiaries.

9. SEC. IX. Be it further enacted, That it is hereby made the duty to intestigate of the Grand Jury, in each county, to make diligent enquiry into counts and the returns accounts and disbuse of the Inferior Counts and disbuse. the returns, accounts and disbursements, of the Inferior Courts, disbussements, and and of such agents as may be appointed by said (ourts, under this tions of this Act; and to make report thereou, in their general presentments, in case they can obtain information and evidence of the violation of this Act, by any person, or persons, charged with its execution in their county.

10. SEC. X. Be it further enacted, That the several Banking cor-Banks and inporations; and all incorporated companies using banking privile companies with banking ges, of this State, are hereby subject, and liable, to pay such an privileges tax-adelike other day alorem tax upon their capital stock, assets, real and personal er property. property, as is laid upon the taxable property of the tax-payers, of under this act. this State,—said payments to be made directly to the Cemptroller General of this State—; and in assessing said taxes, the Comptroller General shall levy the same tax upon said corporations, as is lev-Proviso.

Payment of the members of the Fourth Georgia Brigade.

ied upon ail other property, provided, That the taxes raised under this section, shall become a part of the appropriation made by this Act.

Sec. XI. Repeals conflicting laws.

Assented to Dec'r 14, 1863.

(See also Act of Dec. 13, 1862, Pam. page 49, on same subject matter with this Act. COMPILER.)

(No. 68.)

An act to provide for paying the members of the Fourth Georgia Brigade, the half pay still due them, for the time they were in the service of the State, and for other purposes.

Preamble.

WHEREAS, The Fourth Georgia Brigade was called into service at Camp McDonald, in 1861, and were then held in service at camp two months, and received only half pay for the said time; and whereas, common justice requires that the volunteers who composed said Brigade should be placed on an equality with other troops, who have served the State, THEREFORE, 11. Sec. I. Be it enacted by the General Assembly of the State of

·4th Ga. pay 4th Ga Brigade ac-rearages for

\$35,000 appropriated to Georgia, That the sum of thirty-five thousand dollars, or so much thereof as may be nécessary, be, and the same is hereby appropriated, to pay the officers and privates of said Fourth Georgia Brig-Also, all other ade, and all other troops not paid, who were mustered into the serlarly situated vice of the State, and who received only half pay, their remaining half pay; so that each one when so paid, shall have received his full pay for the time he served the State, according to the law regulating the compensation of officers and privates at the time they served.

12. II. And be it further enacted, That if any officer or private sentative may belonging to said Brigade has died, or may hereafter die, without of death of having received his full pay the remaining half still due him shall or death of any member having received his full pay, the remaining half still due him shall entitled.

be paid to his legal representative or representatives.

13. Sec. III. Be it further enacted, That the Governor shall ap-Gov. to ap. 13. Sec. 111. De a farmer eachted, I hat the Governor shall appoint a fit and proper Officer, whose duty it shall be to audit the Quarternaster of State to claims of said officers and privates, and keep a full and complete audited, and record of the same, which shall be deposited in the Executive Officers. fice: and that when said claims are appropriately first to Ex. fice; and that when said claims are so audited, they shall be paid by the Quarter Master Ceneral of the State, who shall take and return proper vouchers for said payment to the Executive Office.

14. Sec. IV. Be it further enacted, That the amounts that may What funds what rands be found due by the Governor, shall be paid out of the fund hereon. inbefore appropriated, or any other funds in the Treasury not otherwise appropriated.

> SEC. V. Repeals conflicting laws. Assented to, Dec. 7, 1863.

Georgia Relief and Hospital Association.

(Nc. 69.)

GEORGIA RELIEF AND HOSPITAL ASSOCIATION.

An act to appropriate funds to the uses of the Georgia Relief and Hospital Association, and for other purposes.

15. Sec. I. The General Assembly of the State of Georgia do enact, \$500,000 ap-That the sum of Five hundred thousand dollars be, and the same is hereby appropriated and set apart, to the uses and purposes of the Georgia Relief and Hospital Association, to be expended by How expendthem, subject to the same uses and limitations as provided in the Act, entitled, "An Act to appropriate funds to the uses of the Georgia Relief and Hospital Association," assented to December Twentieth, one thousand eight hundred and sixty-two, with this additional proviso; that the supplying of clothing and shoes to Additional Georgia soldiers in the service of the Confederate States and of this proviso. State, be confined by the Association, in their discretion, to the To whom supplies of cloth-sick, wounded, and such destitute Georgia soldiers as cannot rea- are to be sonably obtain these articles from the Confederate Government, or given. from the clothing Bureau of the State of Georgia.

16. Sec. II. And be it further enacted. That the time of holding meeting of the annual meeting of the Board of Superintendents be changed, ents changed. from the last Monday in October, in each year, as provided in the third section of the Act of December 12th, 1862, to the first Wed-

nesday in October, in each year.

17. Sec. III. And be it further enacted, That in accordance with May first, one thousand eight hundred and sixty-two, entitled, "An from military service grant-Act to repeal certain clauses of an Act, entitled an Act to exempt ed to agents and emcertain persons from Military service, approved October eleventh, ployees. one thousand eight hundred and sixty-two," the necessary agents and employees of the Georgia Relief and Hospital Association, within the ages of Conscription, shall be considered officers of this State, and the same shall be and are hereby exempted from Military duty in the Provisional army of the Confederate States; provided, Provisoes. not more than two are exempted; and provided, the Executive Committee, or the General Superintendent of the Georgia Relief and How exemp-Hospital Association shall certify to the Governor of Georgia, in obtained. each particular case claiming exemption, that the agent or employee is necessary to carry on efficiently the purposes of the organization of the Association, and is an expert in the special duty to which such agent or employee may be assigned; and in every such case, the Governor is hereby authorized to certify, that such Authorizes agent or employee is an officer of the State, engaged in the due ad-fy such agents ministration of the government and laws thereof, and as such is exage officers of empted by law from Military duty in the service of the Confederate States, as provided in the Act of the Confederate Congress aforesaid.

Treasury.

Salary of Comp. General, Treasurer, and Secretary of State.

18. Sec. IV. And be it further enacted. That the said Association Authorizes be, and they are hereby authorized, to import any portion of the importation be, and they are hereby authorized, to import any portion of the of supplies by supplies necessary for the purposes of the charity they represent, and for that purpose they are authorized to adopt such means as Under certain they may deem most expedient for running the blockade, and procuring the supplies subject to the laws of the Confederate States;

Requiring conference with Gov. and they shall from time to time, confer with the Governor, as to

the best means of accomplishing this object. App'n may be drawn on any funds in 19. Sec. V. And be it further enacted, That the sum appropria-

ted by this Act, is hereby authorized to be drawn from any funds in the Treasury not otherwise appropria. d, upon the warrant or How drawn. warrants of His Excellency the Governor, to be drawn by him in accordance with the provisions of an act, entitled "An Act to appropriate funds to the uses of the Georgia Relief and Hospital Association," assented to December 12th, 1862, as the emergencies of the business of the Association may require.

Sec. VI. Repeals conflicting laws. Assented to, Dec. 2, 1863.

TITLE XIX.

STATE HOUSE OFFICERS---CLERKS, SALARIES, &C.

STATE PRINTER.

Sec. 1. Salaries of Com. Gen. Treasurer and Secretary of State increased.

" 2. Preamble. State Treasury allowed a Clerk. Salary.

" 3. Salary that the Charles of Fr. Deute

- 3. Salary of the two Clerks of Ex. Dep't. increased. Salary of Recording Cl'k of Ex. Dep't, increased.
- 4. Increase of salary of Clerk in Comp. Gen's. office.
- 5. Salary of principal keeper in Penitentiary increashd. Also salary of Sup,t Georgia Military Institute.
 - 6. Of force at once.

STATE PRINTER. (73.)

Sec. 7. State Printer paid 30 per cent on actual cost of material and labor. Must present sworn account.

(No. 70.)

An Act to increase the salaries of the Comptroller General, the State Treasurer and the Secretary of State, after the expiration of the present term of office of the incumbents.

Salaries SECTION I. The General Assembly of Georgia do enact, That from Salaries of Comp. Gen'l, Treasurer and after the seventh day of December next, the salary of the Comptroller General shall be three thousand dollars; that from and after the twelfth day of December next, the salary of the State Treasurer shall be three thousand dollars; and that from Clerk in State Treasury-Salaries Sec'ys Ex. Dep., Keeper of Penitentiary, &c.

and after the twenty-ninth of November instant, the salary of the Secretary of State, shall be three thousand dollars.

SEC. II. Repeals conflicting laws.

Approved Nov. 26, 1863.

(No. 71.)

An Act to authorize the employment of a Clerk in the State Treasury, and to provide compensation for the same.

Whereas, from the issue of bonds, Treasury notes and change PreamBle, bills by the State, the duties of the Treasury department have become too onerous to be properly discharged by one person, on which account, during the past year the Governor has thought proper to allow temporarily the employment of a Clerk, to assist the Treasurer in the discharge of his duties. And whereas, the Treasurer in his annual report, suggests that a permanent Clerk be attached to the department for the purpose of receiving and recording coupons and bonds falling due, and the discharge of other duties incident thereto, and connected with the Treasury, therefore,

2. Section I. Be it enacted by the General Assembly of the State of Georgia, That the State Treasurer be, and he is hereby authorized urer allowed to employ a suitable person as Clerk, to assist him in the duties of a clerk, his office, and to remove him at his pleasure; and to enable him to procure the services of a competent and trustworthy Clerk, the sum of sixteen hundred dollars is hereby annually appropriated for salary, the salary of said Clerk, to be paid in the same manner as other salaries of the civil establishment.

SEC. II. Repeals conflicting laws.

Assented to Dec. 7, 1863.

(No. 72.)

An Act to increase the salaries of the two Secretaries of the Executive Department; the salary of the principal Recording Clerk of the Executive Department; the salary of the Clerk of the Comptroller General's Office; the salary of the keeper of the Penitentiary, and the salary of the Superintendent of the Georgia Military Institute.

3. SECTION I. The General Assembly of the State of Georgia do salary of the enact, That from and after the 7th day of December inst., the sala-Ex. Dept inry of the two Secretaries of the Executive Department shall be creased. twenty-five hundred dollars each, per annum; and that from and salary of Reafter the 7th day of December inst., the salary of the principal of Ex. Dept Recording. Clerk of the Executive Department shall be twenty-increased, five hundred dollars per annum.

4. Sec. II. And be it further enacted, That the act approved Dec. Increase of 17th 1862, allowing the Comptroller General a Clerk, be so aclary of CPk amended as to authorize said Clerk to receive the same per annum, Gen'ls office.

Increase the pay of State Printer-To raise revenue for 1864.

salary as is here allowed to each of the Secretaries and Recording Clerk of the Executive Department.

5. SEC. III. Be it further enacted, That from and after the first Salary of Prin 5. SEC. III. Be it further enacted, That from and after the first Reeper of Penty increased ay of January 1864, the salary of the principal keeper of the Penitentiary shall be two thousand five hundred dollars per an-That from and after the first day of January 1864, the sala-

Also, salary of num. That from and after the first day of January 1864, the sala-Supt. Ga. Mil. ry of the Superintendent of the Georgia Military Institute, be three thousand dollars per annum.

Of force at

6. Sec. IV. Be it further enacted, That this act shall go into effect from and after its passage.

SEC. V. Repeals conflicting laws.

Assented to Dec. 7 1863.

STATE PRINTER, (No. 73.)

An Act to increase the pay of State Printer.

WHEREAS, The cost of material used in printing, and all labor have advanced to such an extent, that the State Printer cannot execute the work required of him by the present law, without great loss; Therefore,

7. SEC. I. Be it enacted by the General Assembly of this State, paid 30 per cent on actual That the State Printer shall be paid thirty per cent on the actual al cost of ma-cost of such material and labor, employed in such public printing, provided, that said public printer before being paid, shall make out an account, on oath, of the actual cost of material and labor Must present employed, and present the same to his Excellency the Governor, sworn acc't. who may allow or reject said account, or any part thereof, as in his judgment, may seem right and just.

SEC. II. Repeals conflicting laws.

Assented to Dec. 11, 1863.

TITLE XX.

TAXES AND REVENUE.

Sec. 1. Gov. and Comp. Gen'l to assess tan Sec. 6. Income tax to be assessed on persons for political year 1864. Not exceeding one per cent. on all taxable property, estimated in Confederate curbers. Specification of those liable. Net income to be rendered under oath, of profits over \$2.00. rency

" 2 Until tax is collected, Gov. may nego-tiate loan, or issue Treasury Notes under certain restrictions.

3. Specific exemption for soldiers in service, their widows and orphans, disabled soldiers, &c. Proviso.

4. Commissions of Tax Receivers and Collectors graduated by net am'ts of disease.

digests.

" 5. Of force immediately.

and corporations. Specification of those liable. Net income to be rendered under oath, of profits over 8 per cent., from the 1st April, 1863, to the 1st April, 1864.

7. Graduation of taxes.

8. Failure or refusal to make return Peniteutiary offense. Double tax also assessed.

9. Delinquent officers of corporations to be punished.

10. Tax Receivers to prosecute for all fail-

ures or refusals to make returns.

11. Preamble. Lands of refugees taxed one per cent per acre?

(No. 74.)

An Act to provide for raising revenue for the political year 1864, and for other purposes.

To raise revenue for 1864.

1. Section I. Be it enacted, &c., That it shall be the duty of the Governor and Comptroller General, in assessing the tax for the en-General assessing the day for the en-General assessing the en-General assessin suing year, to assess and have collected such per cent. as shall be tax for political year 1864, sufficient to raise an amount of money, added to the other resour- ing one per ces of the State, to support the Government for the political year taxable pro-1864; provided, that the amount raised shall not exceed one per red in Confedcent. upon the value of the taxable property of the State, estima-crite curren-

ted in Confederate Treasury Notes.

2. SEC. II. Be it further enacted, That the Governor shall be au- Until tax is thorized to raise the money necessary to meet the appropriations, collected, necessary to meet the appropriation of the appropriation o the amount needed, to be paid at the end of the year in currency; sury notes unor, if he cannot negotiate such loan, he may have issued Treasury strictions. Notes of this State, payable in Confederate States Treasury Notes at the end of the year; and the Confederate Notes, when collected for taxes, shall be deposited in the Treasury, and remain there to redeem said notes so issued, as they are returned, and shall not be issued or used for any other purpose. In case it shall become necessary for the Governor to issue such notes, he may direct that they be of such denomination, and for such amounts, as he may think best.

3. SEC. III. Be it further enacted, That of the property of all Specific exofficers and soldiers in the service of the Confederate States for emption for soldiers in three years or during the war; and of the two regiments of State widows and troops now enlisted for the war; of the widows and orphans of de-orphans discipled soldiers ceased soldiers; and widows and other females who have no husbands, whose sons are in the army, upon whom they are dependent for a support; of all disabled soldiers, whether rendered so by wounds, sickness, or other cause, while in said service; the sum of two thousand dollars be, and the same is hereby exempt from taxation under this act; provided, that the exemption contained in this Proviso. act shall not apply to such persons whose taxable property exceeds

the sum of ten thousand dollars.

4. Sec. IV. Be it further enacted, That in the assessment and col-commissions lection of the General State Tax for 1864, no Receiver of Tax Commissions Returns or Tax Collector shall receive more than fifteen hundred Gollectors graduated by dollars commissions on said tax; that is to say, on all digests that her amounts of digests. net ten thousand dollars and under twenty thousand dollars, not more than six hundred dollars commissions shall be allowed to each officer; where the digests net over twenty thousand dollars and under forty thousand dollars, not more than eight hundred dollars shall be allowed to each officer; that where the digests net over forty thousand dollars and under sixty thousand dollars, not more than one thousand dollars shall be allowed to each officer; where the digests net over sixty thousand dollars and under eighty thousand dollars, the amount allowed each officer shall not exceed twelve hundred dollars; and that where the digests net over eighty thousand dollars, fifteen hundred dollars, and no more, shall be allowed to each officer by the Comptroller General; and that in al-

Income Tax Act.

lowing these officers commissions, the Comptroller General be directed to allow the commissions to each, according to the schedule in the Code, until the limits above stated, as to commissions, are reached; after which, the limits shall be the whole commissions allowed for each net digest specified in this section.

5. Sec. V. Be it further enacted, That this act shall go into effect

of force im- from and immediately after its passage.

Sec. VI. Repeals conflicting laws.

Approved Dec. 12, 1863.

(No. 75.)

An Act to levy and collect a tax on the net income and profits of all persons and corporate bodies, and net profits of all persons making incomes, by purchase or sale of any property, real or personal; upon the net income of all Express Companies, Railroad Companies not exempt by their charters from taxation, Insurance Companies, Brokers, Auctioneers, all persons engaged in the manufacture of iron and salt, and cotton dealers, and upon all profits arising from the sale of goods, wares and merchandise, groceries and provisions; also on the income or profits of all persons and corporate bodies engaged in the manufacture of cotton and woolen goods; in the tunning and sale of leather, and the manufacture and sale of any articles made thereof; and in the distillation and sale of alcohol or spirituous liquors from grain of any kind, or from any other article; and to appropriate the same, and to nunish all persons as may fail to give in their income or net profits, and for other purposes.

6. SECTION I. The General Assembly of Georgia, do enact, That all

Income tax to person's and bodies corporate in this State, all persons making inpersons and come by purchase or sale of any property, real or personal, all keepers of hotels, inns and livery Stables, Express Companies, Rail Road Companies, not exempt by their charter from taxation, Specification Insurance Companies, Brokers, Auctioneers; all persons engaged in the manufacture of Salt, all persons engaged in the sale of goods, Wares and Merchandise, Groceries and Provisions; all persons and bodies corporate engaged in the manufacture and sale of cotton and woolen goods, in the tanning and sale of leather, and in the manufacture and sale of any article made thereof, and all per-

uors from grain of any kind, or from any other article, when they Net income to make a return of their taxable property, shall make a return unwet meome to make a return of their taxable property, shall make a return unbe rendered under oath, of der oath, of the net income or profits which he, she, or they, may
profits over 6 percent, from have made respectively in the sale or manufacture and sale of any
ist April, 1863 the articles above enumerated, and in the conducting of any
1864.

of the business aforesaid, from the 1st day of April 1863, to the 1st day of April 1864, over and above 8 per cent on the capital employed in his business.

sons engaged in the distillation or sale of alcohol or spirituous liq-

Income Tax Act.

7. Sec. II. Be it further enacted, That in all cases when the net incomes and profits, over and above the eight per cent on the capital stock so excepted as aforesaid, are ten thousand dollars or less, Graduation of the tax shall be five dollars for every hundred dollars; upon all sums not less than ten thousand dollars nor more than fifteen thousand dollars, seven and a half dollars upon every one hundred doflars; upon all sums not less than fifteen thousand dollars nor more: than twenty thousand dollars, ten dollars upon every one hundred dollars; upon all sums not less than twenty thousand dollars nor more than thirty thousand dollars, twelve dollars and fifty cents: upon every one hundred dollars; upon all sums not less than thirty thousand dollars nor more than fifty thousand dollars, fifteen dollars upon every one hundred dollars; upon all sums not less failure or rethan fifty thousand dollars nor more than seventy-five thousand dollars nor mo lars, seventeen dollars and fifty cents upon every one hundred dol-fense. lars; upon all sums not less than seventy-five thousand dollars nor more than one hundred thousand dollars, twenty dollars upon every one hundred dollars; upon all sums of one hundred thousand dollars and over, twenty-five dollars upon every one hundred dol-

Double tax

S. SEC. III. That if any person, or bodies corporate, embraced in the first section of this Act, shall fail or refuse to make a re- Delinqueats turn of his, her, or their profits, made or realized as aforesaid, he, officers of seasons, she, or they, shall be held to be guilty of a high misdemeanor, and be runtiable. on conviction thereof, shall be confined, at hard labor, in the Penitentiary, for any term not less than one year, nor more than fiveyears; and the Receiver of Tax-returns shall assess a double Taxon all taxable income, of such delinquent, as far as he may be able to ascertain, upon diligent enquiry.

9. SEC. IV. That if the officers of any body corporate, whose duty it is to make the proper returns, required by the provisions of this Act, shall fail, or refuse, to make just and proper returns of all profits, or net incomes, made by said corporation, or shall

enter and charge the profits in the extension of stock, and not as Tax Receive profits, or otherwise, so as to defeat the object of this Act; such end for all officer, or officers, so offending, shall be guilty of a high misdemean-refusals or, and upon conviction thereof, shall be confined, at hard labor, in make retreet the Penitentiary, for any time not less than two nor more than six years, and that the said Receiver of Tax-returns shall assess a double Tax on all taxable income of such delinquent, as far as he may be able to ascertain the amount, upon diligent enquiry.

10. Sec. V. That it shall be the duty of the several Tax-Receivers of this State, to prosecute all parties who shall fail, refuse, or neglect, to give in their Tax, as required by the provisions of this Act, or whom they may have good reason to believe have not done the same in good faith.

SEC. VI. Repeals conflicting laws.

Assented to Dec'r 14, 1863.

The "Income Tax Act", of April 18, 1863, (Pam., page 176.) assessed a Tax on income and profits, from the 1st day of April 1862, to 1st day of April 1863. This Act imposes a Tax from 1st April, 1863, to 1st April 1864, on a different basis of graduation.—Compiler.

Certain lands exempt from taxation.

(No. 76.)

An Act to exempt certain lands from taxation.

WHEREAS, A large number of persons in various parts of this State have been driven from their homes by the enemy, and have consequently been put to great expense and much loss by abandoning their homes, and many have not been able to make provisions for the support of their families.

11. Section I. Be it enacted, &c., That the lands of such persons lying in the counties from which they are driven by the public degrees taxed enemy, be, and the same are hereby exempt from taxation, except a mominal tax of one cent per acre.

SEC. II. Repeals conflicting laws.

Assented to Nev. 30, 1863.

PART II.

PRIVATE AND LOCAL LAWS.

TITLE I-CITIES AND TOWNS.

- II.—CITY COURTS.
- ?? 66 III.—CORPORATIONS.
- IV.—COUNTY LINES. 46
- V.—COUNTY REGULATIONS. 66
- VI.—EDUCATION.
 VII.—RELIEF.
 VIII.—TAXES.
- 16



PART II. PRIVATE AND LOCAL LAWS.

TITLE I.

CITIES AND TOWNS.

ATLANTA, (No. 77.)

Sec. 1. Corporate limits of Atlanta, extended so as to include Lot of Land No. 21, in 14th District, of originally Henry, now Fulton county, purchased for a

Cemetery.

Salary of Mayor—how fixed. Proviso. Salary of City Council for 1864, and thereafter; how determined.

3. Mayor and Council to have power of regulating retail of ardent spirits, under restrictions. Power as to Theatrical Companies, Shows, &c. Authorized to tax Commission Merchants, and Auctioneers, negro brokers

and traders generally.
4. In absence of Mayor, three members of Council may fine for violation of any City Ordinance.

5. Bonds of City Officers, how estimated and approved.

COLUMBUS, (No. 78.)

6. Marshal, Deputy Marshal, Clerk of Council and Sexton of City of Columbus, to be elected by general ticket.

DAWSON, (No. 79.)

7. President and City Council authorized to tax Shows, and issue retail li cence, under certain restrictions.

Itinerant traders. How fines and taxes collected.

GRIFFIN, (No. SO.)

8. Election of Mayor and Aldermen of Griffin, the first Wednesday in De-

cember of cach year.

LAWRENCEVILLE, (No. 81.)

9. Corporate limits of Lawrenceville extended.

" 10. Commissioners to have same powers as Justice of the Peace, as to evidence, trial and commitment. Powers and duties of President. Compensation.

" 11. Additional compensation may be allewed to President by Commission-

MARIETTA, (No. 82.)

" 12. Taxation of citizens limited.
" 13. Street and Road duty may be appor- " 14. Of force from Jan. 1st, 1864.

SPRINGPLACE, (No. 83.)

- 44 15. Commissioners authorized to issue re- "16. Selling without licence, how punished. tail licence under restrictions.

(No. 77.)

An Act to alter and amend the several acts incorporating the city of Atlanta.*

1. Section. I. Be it enacted, That immediately after the passage ed so as to in include a parcel of land situate on lot of land, number twenty-one, land No. 21 in in the fourteenth District, of originally Henry, now Fulton countiffication ty, containing one hundred and sixty acres; recently purchased by Henry now Fulton Co., the Mayor and Council of said city, for a Cemetery, the line to purchased for a cometery. commence at the present corporation line, near the South-east corner of Atlanta Cemetery, and to run in a South-east direction, until it strikes the line of said parcel of land, and thence to run around-the East and South lines of said land, to the South-west corner of the same, and thence in a North-western direction to the present corporation line, including said parcel of land and the land lying between it and the present corporation line within said city. 2. SEC. II. Be it further enacted, That the City Council of At-

Salary of Blayer, how fixed.

Proviso.

Salary of City Council for 1864 and thereafter, how determ-

lanta, or a majority of them now in office, shall have power and authority to fix the salary of the Mayor for next year; and the Council of any year hereafter shall have the power to fix his salary for the subsequent year, provided said salary shall not exceed the sum of Twenty-five hundred dollars; and City Council for the year Eighteen hundred and sixty-four, shall each receive for their services a sum of not exceeding two hundred dollars, the amount to be determined by the present Council; and each Council hereafter to fix the amount to be received by their successors, not to exceed the sum of two hundred dollars each, "per annum."

Aberer and 3. Sec. III. Be it further enacted, That the Mayor and Council of Council to have power or said city shall have full power and authority to regulate the retail regulating retail or ardent of ardent spirits, within the corporate limits of said city; and at apprixt. under their discretion, to issue license to retail, or to withhold the same, 3. Sec. III. Be it further enacted, That the Mayor and Council of and to fix the price to be paid for liceuse at any sum they may

* Incorporated as MARTHASVILLE, 23 Dec. 1843, p. 83.

Name changed to City of "ATLANTA," 29 Dec., 1847, p. 50.

Charter amended 23 Feb., 1850. Pam. p. 96.

Charter amended as to election of Marshal and Deputy Marshal, 20 Jan. 1852. Pam. p. 386.

Taxation on persons, property and professions, authorized Jan. 22, 1862. Pam. p. 387.

Limits extended Feb. 20, 1854. Pam. p. 213.

Charter amended as to power of Mayor and Council, over sale and disposition of ardent spirits, March 3, 1856. Pam. p. 395.

Repealed Dec. 21, 1857. Pam, p. 166.

City Court established, March 5, 1856. P. 245.

Election of Mayor and Council, changed from 3d Monday in January, to 3d Wednesday. December 12, 1859, p. 31.

Mayor and Council authorized to take possession of and improve ground about general Pec.

Mayor and Council authorized to take possession of and improve ground about general Passenger Depot. Nov. 23, 1859. Pam. p. 128.

Charter amended so that Mayor and Six Councilmen may make a quorum. May pass-Ordinances as to sale of spirituous liquors to negroes and free persons of color,—suppression of disorderly houses and of il-fame;—and of disorderly conduct and breaches of the peace. December 20, 1860. Pam. p. 90—91.

Charler amended, so as to make election of Mayor and Council, on the the first Wednesday of December in every year. Vacancy of Mayor. City tax Collector and Receiver. Market. Street duty and tax. Jail. Fees of Officers. Limits extended. Dec. 6, 1861. Pam. page 89, 90.

and 91.

Amend Charter of the City of Columbus-Amend act incorporating town of Dawson.

think proper, not exceeding two thousand dollars. Said Mayor power as to and Council shall also have power to pass such Ordinances as they companies, may think proper, in regard to granting or not granting licenses to theatrical companies, or performers, or for shows, or other exhibitions, provided the price to be paid for such licenses when granted, shall not exceed two hundred dollars for each performance or exhibition; and said Mayor and Council shall also have power and authority to levy such tax as they may think right and Authorized proper on all commission merchants, Auctioneers, or negro Bromission mechants, are chants, and the amount of their sales.

4. Sec. IV. Be it further enacted, That the Mayor of said city, or Mayor, throe in his absence, three members of Council when sitting as a Court, Council may shall have the power to impose a fine of not exceeding five hundred dollars for the violation of any Ordinance of said city.

5. Sec. V. Be it further enacted, That said Council and Mayor, Bonds of city shall be authorized to fix the amount of all bonds to be given by estimated and the various officers of said city: and to adjudge of and approve the same.

SEC. VI. Repeals conflicting laws. Assented to, Nov. 26, 1863.

(No. 78.)

An Act to alter and amend the charter and prescribe the mode of electing Marshal, Deputy Marshal, Clerk of Council, and Sexton in the city of Columbus.

6. Section I. Be it enacted by the General Assembly of Georgia, Marshal, Deput That from and after the passage of this Act, it shall be lawful for Marshal, CPk the citizens of the city of Columbus to elect by general ticket, a of Columbus Marshal, Deputy Marshal, Clerk of Council and Sexton; which to be elected election shall be held at the Court-house in said city on the second ticket. Saturday in December in each and every year, in the manner prescribed by law.*

SEC. II. Repeals conflicting laws.

Assented to Dec. 7, 1863.

*For mode of electing above named city officers, as heretofore prescribed, see Pam. Acts of 1862 & 3, pages 69 and 70.

(No. 79.)

An Act to amend the sixth section of an Act entitled an Act to incorporate the town of Dawson, in the county of Terrell, and to provide for the election of President, Councilmen and Marshal for the same, and for other purposes.

7. Section I. The General Assembly of the State of Georgia do enact. That from and after the first day of January next, the sixth section of the above recited Act, be so amended as to read as fol-

Amend Act incorporating the city of Griffin-Extend the limits of the town of Lawrenceville.

ocase under

president and Council shall have power to Cry Council tax all shows in said town of Dawson, performing there for the Next shows and purpose of gain; to issue license to retail spirituous liquors in said town, and to charge for the same a sum not exceeding four thousand dollars; and the said retailers of spirituous liquors in said town shall also comply with the law now in force, as to bond Timerant tra- and oath; the said President and Council shall have power to tax mod taxes out the collection of taxes, fines and penalties, in such manner as they itinerant traders in said town, and they shall have power to enforce shall see proper.*

Sec. II. Repeals conflicting laws.

Assented to Nov. 18, 1863.

*For 6th Section of Act incorporating the town of Dawson, amended and changed by this Act, See Laws of 1857, Pam. pages 174-5.

(No. 80.)

An Act to amend the first section of an Act incorporating the city o Griffin. assented to Feb. 18th, 1854.

Wednerday in Dec'r in meh year.

8. Section I. Be it enacted by the General Assembly of Georgia, Mayor & Al- That the first section of an act incorporating the city of Griffin, Friding the 1st assented to February 18th, 1854,* be so amended, that the election for Mayor and Aldermen of the city of Griffin shall take place on the first Wednesday in December, 1863, and every year thereafter, instead of the first Monday in April, all laws to the contrary notwithstanding.

Assented to Nov. 24th, 1863.

*For section of Act amended, see Pam. Acts 1853-4, pages 247-8.

(No. S1.)

An Act to extend the corporate limits of the town of Lawrenceville in the county of Gwinnett; to increase the powers of the Board of Commissioners of said town, and to provide for the compensation of their President.

Corporate Essaits of Law-

9. Section I. Be it enacted, &v., That the corporate limits of resocceville ex the town of Lawrenceville, in the county of Gwinnett, be, and the same are hereby extended to the distance of one half of one mile from the Court-house in said town, in every direction.

mitment.

President.

10. Sec. II. Be it further enacted, That the Commissioners of have said town, or a majority of them, when sitting as a board, shall are as to have the same power which Justices of the Peace now have in a standard the same with the same are evidence in all cases of alleged violation of the penal laws of this State, committed within the corporate limits of said town, and to discharge, bind over to the Superior Court, or commit to jail persons so charged, in their discretion, as such Jus-Mewers and tices may do; and that the President of said Board shall have the same power on affidavit made before him, to issue his warrant for

Amend Act making Marietta a city.

the arrest of persons so charged, and to prepare and sign all necessary commitments or other processes and papers which such Justices have in similar cases; and it shall be the duty of the Jailor of said county to obey all precepts and processes issued by such President as if issued by a Justice of the Peace; and it shall be the duty of such President to return all recognizances and papers by him so taken to the Superior Court, as such Justices are now required by law to do; and for such services the President of Compensasaid Board shall have the same fees and costs which are now allow-tion. ed to said Justices for such services, and to be collected in the same manner.

11. Sec. III. And be it further enacted, That it shall be lawful for the Commissioners of said town, or a majority of them, to pro-Additional vide for and allow the President of their Board such other and may be allowed by the such others. further compensation for his services, as a conservator of the by Comire. Peace and otherwise, within said town, as they from time to time may direct.

Sec. IV. Repeals conflicting laws.

Assented to Dec. 12, 1863.

(No. S2.)

An Act to amend an Act of the Georgia Legislature, approved the 22d day of January, 1852, making Marietta in said State a city.*

12. SECTION I. The General Assembly do enact, That for the Taxation of year 1864, it shall not be lawful for the Mayor and Councilmen of the citizens limitcity of Marietta, in said State, to levy a tax on the citizens and property-holders of said city, exceeding one-twentieth of one per cent.

13. Sec. II. That when any person in said city, liable to street or road duty in said city, shall make application to the Mayor and Council of said city for a proportion of streets or roads within Street and the limits of said city for himself and hands to work and keep in may be apportant to the limits of said city for himself and hands to work and keep in may be apportant to the limits of said city for himself and hands to work and keep in may be apportant to the limits of said city for himself and hands to work and keep in may be apportant to the limits of said city for himself and hands to work and keep in may be apportant to the limits of said city for himself and hands to work and keep in may be apportant to the limits of said city for himself and hands to work and keep in may be apportant to the limits of said city for himself and hands to work and keep in may be apportant to the limits of said city for himself and hands to work and keep in may be apportant to the limits of said city for himself and hands to work and keep in may be apportant to the limits of said city for himself and hands to work and keep in may be apportant to the limits of said city for himself and hands to work and keep in may be apportant to the limits of said city for himself and hands to work and keep in may be apportant to the limits of said city for himself and hands to work and keep in may be apportant to the limits of said city for himself and hands to work and keep in may be apportant to the limits of said city for himself and hands to work and hands to w repair, they shall parcel off to each applicant some equal and just plication. portion of said streets or roads, to be increased or diminished according to the number of hands, or according to the amount of taxes paid by said applicant to said city, to be judged of by the Mayor and Council of said city.

*14. Sec. III. Be it further enacted, That this Act shall take effect of force from let Jan, 1864. from and after the first day of January next.

SEC. IV. Repeals conflicting laws.

Assented to Dec. 14, 1863.

*For Act of incorporation amended, see Pam. Act of 1861-2; pages 390-1-2-3-4-5-6. &c.

Commissioners of Spring Place authorized to issue license-Judge of City Court of Augusta.

(No. 83.)

An Act to alter and amend an Act entitled an Act to authorize the commissioners of Spring-Place in Murray county to issue license for the retail of spirituous liquors, and to fix the amount of the license for the same, and to punish for selling without license, assented to December 13th, 1861.

Com'rs an-thorized to isrestrictions.

15. Section I. Be it enacted, That the Commissioners of the sne retail license under town of Spring-place, in Murray county, are hereby authorized to issue license to retail spirituous liquors therein, and to charge and collect for the same as they may think best, not exceeding three thousand dollars per year, for each license.

16. Sec. II. Be it further enacted. That all persons who shall rebew punish tail spirituous liquors within said town without license from said Commissioners, shall be punished as now provided by law for re-

tailing without license.

Sec. III. Repeals conflicting laws.

Assented to Nov. 26, 1863.

TITLE II.

CITY COURTS.

AUGUSTA, (No. 84.)

Sec. J. Judge of City Court empowered to issue writs of Habeas Corpus, and try the same. Judge of city Court

invested with power in case of possessory warrants. Proviso.

SAVANNAH, (No. 85.)

Sec. 2. Repeals clause requiring Justices of the Peace to hold their offices in their may hold their offices in any part of respective Districts.

the city.

(No. 84.)

An Act to confer certain powers upon the Judge of the City Court of Augusta.

1. Section I. The General Assembly of the State of Georgia do Judge of City Courtempowered to is enact, That from and after the passage of this Act, the Judge of the sue writs of habeas corpus City Court of Augusta shall have power in all cases arising within and try the the corporate limits of the city of Augusta, to issue writs of Habcas same. Corpus; and to hear and dispose of the same; and to discharge, admit to bail, or remand to jail any prisoner, according to his disJurisdiction of the Justices of the Peace in Savannah-Name of Athens Steam Co. changed.

cretion, and the law of the land, whether the Judge of the Superior Court be present or absent; said Judge shall have concur-Also, invest-rent jurisdiction with the Judge of the Superior Court, Justices et in case of of the Inferior Court, and Justices of the Peace of the county of warrants. Richmond, in all matters appertaing to the issuing of possessorry warrants, and the proceedings thereon; provided, that nothing Provise. herein contained shall be construed, so as to lessen, or take away the powers of the Judge of the Superior Court, Justices of the Inferior Court, or Justices of the Peace of Richmond county.

Sec. II. Repeals conflicting laws.

Assented to Dec. 7th, 1863.

(No. 85.)

An Act to alter and amend an Act entitled an Act, to repeal an Act to extend the civil jurisdiction of the Peace in the city of Savannah, and for other purposes, assented to 17th February, 1854.

2. Section. I. Be it enacted by the General Assembly of Georgia, Repeals That from and after the passage of this Act, the following clause clause regain in the several sections of the above recited Act, to-wit: and they to hold their are hereby required to hold their Courts, and keep their offices respective within the limits of the districts for which they have been respec-districts.

tively elected, be, and the same is hereby repeated.

3. Sec. II. And be it further enacted, That it shall be lawful for J. P.'s for let, the Justices of the Peace for the first, second, third, and fourth 2d, 3d and 4th districts, composing the city of Savannah, to hold their offices and held their of fices in any part of said city.

Sec. III. Repeals conflicting laws.

Assented to Nov. 28th, 1863.

*See Pam. Acts 1853--4, p. 325.

TITLE III.

CORPORATIONS, (No. 86.)

Sec. 1. Name of the Athens Steam Company|Sec. 2. Capital stock increased.

(No. 86.)

- An Act to change the name of the Athens Steam Company, to the "Athens Foundry and Machine Works," and to increase the capital of the same.
 - 1. Section I. The General Assembly of Georgia do enact, That

Change county line between Sumter and Terrell-Compensation of Petit Jurors in Emanuel county.

Name of Ath. the name of the "Athens Steam Company" of Clarke county, be ens Steam co. changed to the "Athens Foundry and Machine Works."*

Capital stock increased.

2. Sec. II. Be it further enacted, That the capital stock of said Company may be increased one hundred thousand dollars, under the restrictions and liabilities contained in its charter.

SEC. II. Repeals conflicting laws.

Assented to Dec. 18, 1863,

*For Act of incorporation, see Pam. Acts 1853--4. pages 383--4.

COUNTY LINES.

Sec. 1. Change of Conty Line between Sumter and Terroll.

(No. 87.)

An Act to change the county line between Sumter and Terrell counties; to make Kinchafoonee Creek the line between said counties of Sumter and Terrell, and for other purposes.

county line

1. Section. I. Be it enacted, &c., That from and immediately after the passage of this act, that Kinchafoonee Creek, shall be the between Sum-ter and Ter- dividing line between the counties of Sumter and Terrell, and all rell. that portion of Sumter that lies on the South-west side of said creek, shall be attached to and become a part of Terrell county; and all that part of Terrell that lies on the North-east side of said Kinchafoonee, shall be added to and become a part of the county of Sumter.

> SEC. II. Repeals conflicting laws. Assented to, Dec. 11, 1863.

TITLE V.

COUNTY REGULATIONS.

EMANUEL CO., (No. 88.)

Sec. 1. Repeals Act of 1860, allowing compen-| " 2. Of force from 1st Jan. 1864. sation to Petit Jurors. -

McINTOSH CO., (No. 89.)

3. Sheriffs bond of McIntosh county, fixed at \$10,000.

WARREN CO., (No. 90.)

4. Inf'r. Court of Warren county authorized to levy taxes without recommendation of Grand Jury.

(No. 88.)

An Act to repeal the second section of an act entitled an act to compensate officers and Free-holders for their services for holding general elections and county elections, in the county of Emanuel; also, to compensate Petit Jurors in said county, assented to December 8th, 1860.

1. Section I. The General Assembly of Georgia do enact, That

Bond of the Sheriff of McIutosh county reduced-Inferior Court of Warren county to levy taxes.

the second section of the above recited act, relative to the compen-Repeals act of 1360 allowing sation of Petit Jurors, be and the same is hereby repealed.*

2. SEC. II. Be it further enacted, That this act shall take effect, of force from and go into operation, from and after the first day of January next. 1st Jan., 1964.

SEC. III. Repeals conflicting laws.

Assented to, Dec. 26, 1863.

*See Pam. Acts of 1860. P. 157.

(No. 89.)

An Act to reduce the amount of the bond of the Sheriff of McIntosh county.

3. Section I. Be it enacted, &c., That from and after the passage Sheriff's bord of this act, the bond to be required of the Sheriff of McIntosh coun-of McInto

SEC. II. Repeals conflicting laws.

Assented to, Dec. 14, 1863.

(No. 90.)

- An Act to amend an act entitled "An act to authorize the Justices of the Inferior Courts of the several counties in this State, from time to time, in their discretion, to levy such extra taxes as they may deem necessary to equip Volunteer, or other soldiers from their respective counties, and to provide for the indigent families of soldiers; to authorize the collection of the same; and to legalize their previous action in the premises, and for other purposes, approved Nov. 29, 1861, so as to except the county of Warren, from the 2d section.
- 4. Section. I. The General Assembly of the State of Georgia do enact, That the 2d section of the before recited act be amended, so Inf. Court of warren co. as to strike out Warren county from said section; the intent and authorized to meaning of this act being, that the Justices of the Inferior Court without recommendation of Warren county, may levy taxes, and do any other act contemtion of Grand plated in said before recited act, without the recommendation of the Grand Jury of said county.

Sec. II. Repeals conflicting laws.

Assented to, Dec. 14, 1863.

Greensboro' Female College-Johnson Academy.

TITLE VI.

EDUCATION.

GREENSBORO FEMALE COLLEGE, (No. 91.)

Sec. 1. Greensboro Female College author-Sec. 2. Title how conveyed, ized to sell all its real and personal property to pay debts.

"JOHNSON ACADEMY" OF WALTON CO. (No. 92.)

Sec. 3. Preamble. Act of Dec. 25th, 1821, as Sec. 4. Commissioners confirmed. May reto Academy in Walton co, continued in force. Named "Johnson Academy." 5. 1st and 2nd Secs. of Act Dec. 25th, 1821 in force. 3rd Section repealed.

(No. 91.)

An Act to authorize the Greensboro Female College to sell their property, real and personal, for the payment of their debts.

Greensboro' 1. Section I. Be it enacted by the General Assembly, That the female College authorize Greensboro Female College in Greene county, be, and they are od to sell all hereby authorized and empowered to sell and dispose of all and personal property to pay singular, their real and personal property. In such a manner as they may deem expedient for the purpose of paying their debts and liabilities.

Title, how conveyed.

2. Sec. II. And be it further enacted, That the Trustees of said College, by their President or other officer by them appointed for the purpose, shall have full power to convey and make titles to any, and all of said property, to any person or persons, or body corporate whatever.

Assented to Dec. 14th, 1863.

(No. 92.)

An Act to amend and continue in force an Act entitled an Act to appoint Commissioners for the county Academics of Walton, Gwinnett, Hall, Habersham, Rabun, Warren and Pulaski, and to incorporate the same, assented to 25th, December, 1821, so far as the county Academy in Walton is concerned, and for other purposes.

Preamble.

Whereas, Nehemiah Johnson, late deceased, of Walton county, did by his last will and testament, make a liberal bequest to the county Academy in Walton; which fund is withheld by the Executor of said Johnson's estate, because the charter of incorporation is supposed to have been forfeited by non-user.

Act of Dec. 25, 1821, as to 25, 1821, as to 3. SECTION I. Be it enacted by the General Assembly of Georgia, county acade. That the provisions of the Act heretofore recited, be, and the Co, continue same are hereby recognized as valid and operative, and shall be so of the continue of th

Relief of Harriet M. R. Montmollin.

continued, so far as regards the county Academy in Walton; and Named Johnas no distinctive name was given by the charter, said corporation ** Academy. shall be hereafter known as the "Johnson Academy."

4. SEC. II. Be it further enacted, That Ralph Briscoe, Eli A. Commission-Smith, William W. Nowell, John Felker and Rufus Hughes are ers confirmed. hereby recognized and confirmed as Commissioners of said Academy, a majority of whom shall constitute a Board for business; and are hereby empowered to receipt for and receive the bequest here-bequests and inbefore recited, and any other gift or bequest which may be made donations. to said Academy; and to use and appropriate the same as has

been, or may hereafter be directed, by any donor or testator. 5. SEC. III. Be it further enacted, That all the rights, powers 1st and 2nd and privileges conferred by the first and second sections of the Dec. 25, 1821, Act, of which this is amendatory, are hereby continued and fully in force, vested in the Commissioners; and that the third section of saidsdecr, repeal-Act is hereby repealed, so far as the Academy in Walton is con-ed.

cerned."*

Sec. IV. Repeals conflicting laws.

Assented to Dec. 14th, 1863.

*See Dawson's Compilation p. 9.

TITLE VII.

RELIEF.

Sec. 1. Refunds over-payment of tax for 1863 Sec. to Admr'x. of estate of Jno. S. Mont-mollin, dec'd. Warrant on Treasury.

2. Legalizes the marriage of the parties

named.

- " 3, This Act in bar of any prosecution.
- 4. Preamble. Executors of Ross C. Davis, resident in S. Ca., authorized to qualify and carry out his will in this State.
- 5. Refunds overpayment of taxes by Westley Sheffield of Miller Co.

(No. 93.)

- An Act to refund to Harriet M. R. Montmollin, Administratrix on the estate of John S. Montmollin, late of Chatham county, deceased, the amount of a double tax paid by her for the year 1863, in Chatham county.
- 1. Section I. Be it enacted, &c., That whereas the returns of the Refunds over property of said estate in Chatham county, not having been made payment of the property of said estate in Chatham county, not having been made payment of the property of said estate in Chatham county, not having been made payment of the property of said estate in Chatham county, not having been made payment of the property of said estate in Chatham county, not having been made payment of the property of said estate in Chatham county, not having been made payment of the property of said estate in Chatham county, not having been made payment of the property of said estate in Chatham county, not having been made payment of the property of said estate in Chatham county, not having been made payment of the property of the propert from unavoidable causes, and the said Administratrix having paid admin'x of esa double tax of three hundred and fifty-seven dollars in consequence deceased. thereof, that the Governor of the State of Georgia he requested warrant on to draw his warrant on the Treasury, in favor of said Harriet M. Treasury. R. Montmollin, Administratrix, for the amount of one hundred and

Relief of James T. Patterson and Kate B. Patterson-James Ravenal and S. P. Ravenal.

seventy-eight dollars and fifty cents; the sum paid by her, over and above a single tax on said estate.

SEC. II. Repeals conflicting laws.

Assented to Dec. 14, 1863.

(No. 94.)

An Act for the relief of James T. Paterson and Kate B. Paterson.

Whereas, James T. Paterson and Kate B. Paterson intermarried under the impression that John H. Talbird, a former husband of the said Kate B. was dead at the time of said marriage, and whereas, doubts now exist whether or not the said John H. is alive, therefore.

Legalizes the marriage of the parties named.

2. Section I. Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the State of Georgia. That the said John T. Paterson and Kate B. Paterson, formerly Kate B. Talbird, of the county of Richmond, be, and are hereby relieved from all the pains and penalties under existing laws, in consequence of said marriage.

This act in bar of any prosecution. 3. Sec. II. Be it further enacted, δc ., That this Act may be specially plead in bar to any prosecution against either or both of said parties.

Assented to Dec. 11, 1863.

(No. 95.)

An Act to relieve James Ravenal and Samuel Priolau Ravenal, of the State of South Carolina, nominated Executors of Ross C. Davis, deceased, from legal disability on account of non-residence, and for other purposes.

Preamble.

Whereas, Ross C. Davis, a citizen of Charleston, South Carolina, while temporarily sojourning with his family in Richmond county, departed this life testate, leaving as his Executors his friends James Ravenal and Samuel Priolau Ravenal, of Charleston, South Carolina; and whereas, the family and a considerable portion of the estate of said deceased, are in this State, and it is earnestly desired that said Executors shall prove the will of said deceased, and qualify as Executors in this State as well as in South Carolina, which cannot be done without a special enabling Act, therefore,

4. Section I. The General. Assembly of the State of Georgia do Extre of Ross therefore enact, That James Ravenal and Samuel Priolau Ravenal, deat in S. C. of Charleston, South Carolina, be, and they are hereby relieved qualify and from all legal disability resulting from non-residence, and they are willin this state.

Davis, in the county of Richmond, and to qualify as the Executors thereof; and upon the issuing of letters testamentary, to do any

Relief of Westley Sheffield-Extra tax in Chatham county.

and all things appertaining to the carrying out of said will, in as ample a manner, as if they were citizens of this State, subject however, and in conformity with the laws of this State.

SEC. II. Repeals conflicting laws.

I am informed that the parties at interest consent, to the passage of this bill, and I therefore assent to it, this 24th, Nov. 1863. JOSEPH E. BROWN, Governor.

(No. 96.)

An Act for the relief of Westley Sheffield, of Miller county, and to appropriate money for the same.

WHEREAS, by an Act assented to December 14th, 1861, an appropriation was made to reimburse Westley Sheffield the amount of State tax overpaid by him in 1860, in Miller county, which money is withheld, the receipt showing payment by West Sheffield, instead of Westley Sheffield; and being satisfied that it is a mistake in the name of the same person.

5. SECTION I. The General Assembly do enact, That the amount of Refeded over State tax so overpaid by Westley Sheffield, of Miller county, be, payment of and the same is hereby appropriated to the said Westley Sheffield, Westley Sheffield, Geld of Miller and that the Governor issue his warrant on the Treasury for the county.

same, for the reimbursment of said Sheffield.

Assented to Dec. 11, 1863.

TITLE VIII.

TAXES.

Sec. 1. Infr. Court of Chatham authorized to Sec. 3. Compensation of Tax Collector and levy au extra tax, and on what basis. Amount of extra tax.

Sec. 1. Infr. Court of Chatham authorized to Sec. 3. Compensation of Tax Collector and Clerk Inferior Court for additional services under this Act. levy au extra tax, and on what basis. Amount of extra tax.

2. Amount raised to be used in paying house reut of families of indigent

soldiers in service. Proviso.

(No. 97.)

- An Act to authorize and require the Inferior Court of Chatham county. to levy and collect an extraordinary tax for certain purposes therein mentioned.
- 1. SECTION I. Be it enacted, &c., That the Inferior Court of the Inferior Court of county of Chatham, or any three Justices of said Court, be, and Chatham authorized to they are hereby authorized and required, to levy immediately after levy an extra the passage of this Act, an extraordinary tax upon the inhabitants what basis,

Extra tax in Chatham county.

Amount of

of said county, (over and above the State and county tax,) upon the tax digest of the present year, and each succeeding year, not to exceed the sum of ten thousand dollars each and every year, for the space of three years; which said tax shall be collected by the Tax Collector of said county, and shall be paid over, when collected by said Collector, to the Justices of the Inferior Court of Chatham county, to be by them applied to the purpose hereinafter set forth; provided, that should the existing war between the Confederate States and the United States end sooner than the term of three years above mentioned, the collection of said tax shall thenceforth cease.

2. Sec. II. And be it enacted by the authority of the same, That when the said sum of ten thousand dollars shall have been collec-Am'traised to ted each year, and paid over to the Inferior Court as aforesaid, the paying house said Court shall appropriate the same, or so much thereof as, may hereof indibe necessary, to the payment of house be necessary, to the payment of house rents of the indigent families of soldiers in the Confederate army, resident in the county of Chatham; provided, that no rent shall be paid which shall exceed

the sum of eight dollars and thirty-three cents per month.

3. Sec. III. The Tax Collector of said county of Chatham shall receive two per centum for collecting the above tax; and the Clerk compensation of Tax collector and of the Inferior Court of Chatham county one per centum for refor additional ceiving, and one per centum for paying out, the said sum of money services uuder this act. collected by the above tax, according to the direction of said Inferior Court.

Assented to Nov. 18. 1863.

RESOLUTIONS

ADOPTED BY

THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY

OF THE

STATE OF GEORGIA,

AT AN

ANNUAL SESSION IN 1863.

COMPLIMENTARY.

No. 1. Expressive of confidence in the Presi | " 2. Thanks to General Bragg and his ardent, and gratitude for his services. | my.

Gov. to transmit copies.

FASTING AND PRAYER.

No. 3. Setting apart a day for fasting and " 4. Sermons of Ministers requested for pubprayer.

IMPRESSMENTS.

No. 5. Requesting that citizens of their respective counties in the State, not liable to conscription, be appointed Impressing Officers.

MAIL ROUTES.

No. 6. Certain mail route recommended.

"7. """"

"10. """"

"10. """"

"10. """"

"10. """"

MILITARY AND CIVIL OFFICERS.

No. 11. Civil and Military officers of the State, exempt from conscription.

PROSECUTION OF THE WAR.

No. 12. War to be prosecuted with vigor. Copies to be transmitted.

Confidence in President Davis.

SOLDIERS AND SOLDIERS FAMILIES.

No. 13. Requesting relief of indigent families No. 16. Requesting Congress to pass laws allowing volunteers to elect their own 14. Recommending free transportation of Field and Company Officers.

soldiers on furlough. 17. Increase pay to privates and noncommissioned officers ree ommended

" 15. As to pay of detailed volunteers.

SUPPLIES AND PROVISIONS.

No. 18. Supplies of provisions and transportaion to be furnished certain counties, on conditions.

19. Spun yarns to be furnished soldier's

families in counties unsupplied. 20. The pro-rata of each county, to be furnished without reference to price of varus.

TAXES.

No. 21. Requesting appointment of citizens in No. 24. Joint Committee on Finance requested their respective counties to collect to report an tax act embracing the ad

recommended in certain cases.

tax in kind.

valorent and net income principles.

22. Purchase of tax in kind in certain coun
" 25. Increase of Depots on lines of Rail Road

ties recommended.

23. Suspension of the Act as to tax in kind "26 Tax payers to make returns of number" of sheep and dogs owned.

TROPHIES.

No. 27. Acknowledgement of battle flags, and how disposed of.

VOLUNTEER NAVY.

No. 23. Volunteer Navy encouraged.

WESTERN AND A. R. ROAD.

No. 29. Committee appointed to investigate No. 30. Certain books to be furnished Auditor, condition.

"31. Relative to passage and freights.

MISCELLANEOUS.

No. 32. Respect for the services and memory No. 35. Appointment of Committee of Conference on Militia Bill.

mittees.

34. Consolidation of certain standing committees.

" 33. Consolidation of certain standing com- " 36. Changes in Code to be arranged in an Appendix.

(No. 1.)

A resolution expressive of unabated confidence in the ability, devotion and enlightened patriotism of the President of the Confederate States.

WHEREAS, His Excellency, Jefferson Davis, President of the Confederate States, for his unselfish patriotism, and untiring devotion to the interests of the whole country, in this trying period of our country's history, is entitled to the gratitude of the people, and the commendation of every enlightened patriot. Therefore, be it.

Resolved, by the Senate and House of Representatives in General As-

Thanks to Gen. Bragg-Fasting and prayer.

sembly met, That the State of Georgia, fully appreciating the one-rous trials and arduous duties devolving upon the Chief Magis-Expressive of trate of the Confederate States; and realizing his patriotic devo-the ability, at ion to the whole country, and his self-denying sacrifices; tender devoting to him the assurances of unabated confidence, and an unalterable determination to sustain him in his efforts to conquer an honorable peace, and maintain the liberties of the nation.

Resolved, That His Excellency the Governor, be requested to cov. to transtransmit to His Excellency the President, a copy of the foregoing mit copy.

preamble and resolutions.

Approved Nov. 24. 1863.

(No. 2.)

The General Assembly of Georgia do resolve, That acting for and in behalf of the people of the State, we hereby tender our sincere Thanks to and grateful thanks to General Braxton Bragg, and the officers Gen. Bragg and soldiers of his entire command, including each and every one of their gallant countrymen, by whom they have been from time to time reinforced, for the highly meritorious services they have rendered to the Confederacy, and especially in guarding the approaches to Georgia; and for the brilliant victory which they achieved over the Feperal army at Chickamauga. Of this great army it may well be said, that their patience has only been equalled by their courage. It is difficult to say which should be most admired in the history of its campaigns—that Fabian strategy, sustained by patient, brave endurance, which avoided general engagements until all things were ready—or the chivalric valor which carried the tide of battle against the stubborn invaders of our scil.

Resolved further, That the Governor be requested to transmit a transmited to copy of these resolutions to General Bragg, in order that they may the Gov. be communicated to the Army.

Approved Nov. 11, 1863.

(No. 3.)

Resolved by the Senate and House of Representatives of the State of Georgia in General Assembly met, That in view of our national calamity and distress, it is the solemn duty of all the people of these Confederate States to humble themselves before God, and with penitence for our past sins, national, social and individual; and with an honest, earnest desire to obey His laws; implore through the merits of our Saviour, His forgiveness, and plead for wisdom to guide us; Therefore be it,

Resolved. That we cordially concur in the recommendation of setting apart. His Excellency Joseph E. Brown, Governor of this State, that ing and pray-Thursday, the 10th day of December next, be, and said day is ex. hereby set apart, as a day of fasting, humiliation and prayer; that

Drs. Higgins and Marshall-Impressing Officers-Mail Route.

the Congress of the Confederate States, the Legislatures of the different States, our army and Navy, and all the people, be, and are hereby respectfully requested, to unite with us in a strict observance of the day.

Approved Nov. 17, 1863.

(No. 4.)

A Resolution to appoint a joint committee to secure copies of the sermons delivered by the Rev. Drs. Higgins and Marshall, on fast day,

Resolved by the General Assembly, That the joint committee apManuscript pointed to make arrangements for the observance of fast day, be
Drs. Marshall requested to wait on the Rev. Drs. Higgins and Marshall, and ask
and Higgins requested for of them the manuscript sermons delivered by them on Thursday
last; and that two thousand copies of the same, be printed for the
use of the General Assembly; and that they be printed within
To be payed two weeks, and that the expenses of the same be paid for out of
from contingent fund, by the Governor.

Assented to Dec. 14, 1863.

(No. 5.)

A Resolution to revoke the appointment of Impressment officers, and appoint citizens in their stead.

WHEREAS, The impressment law, passed by the Congress of the Confederate States, has been greatly perverted and violated by the impressing officers, and those professing to be; by reason of which many of the citizens of this State have been greatly harrassed, defrauded, and willfully wronged, Therefore,

See of War Be it resolved by the General Assembly convened, That the Secretarequested to ry of War, be, and he is most respectfully requested, to revoke
pointments of the appointment of all the impressing officers of this State liable
ficers, and to conscription, and to have appointed in their place and stead, in
have only responsible citi- counties where it may be necessary to make impressments to feed
county, not licounty, not liand support our gallant armies, one or more responsible citizens,
seription.

not liable to military duty, residing in the counties respectively.

Copy resolutions to be ded to forward a copy of these resolutions to the Secretary of War servy by War immediately, and to furnish each of our Senators and Representatives in Congress with a copy of the same.

Approved Nov. 23, 1863.

(No. 6.)

WHEREAS, There is no regular Mail route in the county of Charlton, and in consequence thereof the citizens of said county, are almost entirely destitute of Mails. And whereas, the soldiers

Establishment of Mail Routes.

in the army from said county, could communicate with their families regularly, if said route was established.

Be it therefore resolved by the Senate and House of Representatives of the State of Georgia, in General Assembly met, That our Senators and Representatives in the Confederate Congress, be requested to use Rep. 1 in Contheir influence to have a Mail route established from No. 9, Atlan-gress to have tic and Gulf Road, twice a week, going and returning, by way of tablished. Center Village, to Traders Hill, Charlton county, Georgia.—Thence by way of Howardville, to Baldwin in the State of Florida.

Assented to Nov. 12, 1863.

(No. 7.)

Resolution to establish a Mail route between Clarksville and Dahlonega, by way of Blue Creek and Cleveland; and from Athens, Georgia, to Auburn, in Gwinnett county, via Jug Factory in Jackson county, and G. W. Smith's Store, in Walton county.

WHEREAS, It is important to the public welfare, that a line of Mail communication be established between Clarksville, and Dahlonega. Georgia, by way of Blue Creek, and Cleveland; and from Athens, Georgia, to Auburn, in Gwinnett county, via. Jug Factory, in Jackson county, and G. W. Smith's Store, in Walton county;

Therefore, be it resolved by the Senate and House of Representatives of Senators and the State of Georgia, That our Senators and Representatives in the gress requested to use their influence, in obtaining the establishment of said ville to Dahland Communication.—That a copy of this resolution be furnished to the Honorable Hardy Strickland, Representative of the Ninth Congressional District of Georgia.

Assented to, Nov, 30th, 1863.

(No. 8.)

A Resolution requesting the establishment of a certain Mail route in this State.

WHEREAS. The Mail route leading from Douglass, in Coffee county, to Forest, in Clinch county, of this State, has been changed, to the great inconvenience of a large portion of the people of those counties;

Therefore, be it resolved by the Senute and House of Representatives in Members of General Assembly met, That our members in Congress, be requested quested to to use their influence to have a Mail route established, running route from Douglass, in Coffee county, to Forest, in Clinch county, in Forest, Clinch county, in Forest, Clinch county, in Forest, Clinch county, all Co., and have so, a Post Office at Guest's Mills;—both of which are directly on evertain post offices.

Assented to, Dec. 14th, 1863.

Establishment of Mail Routes-State officers exempt from conscription.

(No. 9.)

A Resolution to request the establishment of a Mail route, and for other purposes.

WHEREAS, There is no Mail route established from Number Five, Atlantic and Gulf Rail Road, to Ocmulgee Mills, in Coffee county; and whereas, it is highly essential to the citizens in that part of the county, through which said proposed route will pass, that the same be established. Therefore,

Senators and Reps in Con-Reps in Con-gress request- our Senators and Representatives in Congress, be requested to use ed to procure weekly mail their influence to have a Mail route established, going and return-weekly mail their influence to have a Mail route established, going and returnweekly mail their influence to have a Mail route established, going and returnNo. 5 A. & G ing once a week, from Number Five, Atlantic and Gulf Rail Road,
R. R. to Oc.
Middletown Store, in Appling county,—thence running to Ocfee Co., by
Mid-mulgee, Coffee county, Georgia.

detown Store
in Appling Co

Assented to, Dec. 12, 1863.

(No. 10.)

A Resolution requesting the establishment of a certain Mail line, in this State.

Resolved by the Senate and House of Representatives in General As-Senators and Resolved by the Senator and House of Representatives in General As-Raps, in Con-sembly met, 'That our Senators and Representatives in Congress, be gress request-ect to procure instructed and requested, to use their influence to procure the es-amail route and the congress of the congres a mail route between Mill tablishment of a Semi-weekly Mail route between Milltown and Nashville, in Nashville, in the county of Berrien of this State, to connect with the Semi-weekly Mail from Naylor, to Milltown.

Assented to, Dec. 11, 1863.

(No. 11.) ..

Resolved, by the General Assembly of the State of Georgia, In re-Declares all Resolved, by the General Assembly of the State of Georgia, In recivil and mili-sponse to the law of the Confederate Congress, inviting the sever-targ officers' sponse to the law of the Confederate Congress, inviting the severof State ex-empt from al States to specify what State officers shall be exempt from Conconscription, scription; That all Civil and Military officers of this State, shall be so exempt.

Assented to, Dec. 14, 1863.

(No. 12.)

Resolutions expressive of the determination of Georgia to prosecute the , present war with the utmost vigor and energy. .

WHEREAS, At a session of the General Assembly of the State of Georgia, in the year 1861, the following resolutions were adopted: "Recolved, That it is the sense of this General Assembly, that

Prosecution of the war-Indigent soldiers families

the separation of those States now forming the Confederate States of America, from the United States, is, and ought to be, final and of Dec. 11th, irrevocable; and that Georgia will, under no circumstances, en
1861, recited. tertain any proposition from any quarter, which may have for its object a restoration or reconstruction of the late Union, on any terms or conditions whatever."

"Resolved, That the war which the United States are waging upon the Confederate States, should be met on our part, with the utmost vigor and energy, until our independence and nationality are

unconditionally acknowledged by the United States.".

"Resolved, That Georgia pledges herself to her sister States of the Confederacy, that she will stand by them throughout the struggle; she will contribute all the means which her resources will supply, so far as the same may be necessary to the support of the common cause; and will not consent to lay down arms until peace is established on the basis of the foregoing resolutions."* -

Whereas, The enunciation of said resolutions is as truly expres-Proumble. sive of the position of Georgia to day, as at the time of their adoption, and whereas, the meeting of another General Assembly of the State, after a lapse of two years more of struggle for independence, presents an occasion peculiarly appropriate to the renewal of these declarations; and that the world may know that Georgia does not tire of the war until her purpose is accomplished, nor abate any thing of the spirit and determination manifested by said resolutions. Therefore,

Resolved, That this Senate and House of Representatives, in The foregoing General Assembly met, with a fixed and unalterable purpose to affirmed and stand by them, do re-affirm and re-adopt said resolutions in their

letter and spirit.

Resolved further, That the Governor cause copies of these reso-copies to be lutions to be transmitted to the President of the Confederate by Gov. States, and the Governors of the several States of the Confederacy, and also to the President of the Senate and Speaker of the House of Representatives of the Confederate Congress, with the request that they cause said resolutions to be read before their respective bodies.

Approved Nov. 24, 1863.

*See Pam. Act 1861, P. 136.

(No. 13.)

A Resolution requesting the action of Congress for the relief of indigent soldiers' families.

WHEREAS, Many families have been left destitute of the means of support, by the absence of the male laboring portion of said families, in the army of the Confederate States; Therefore,

Resolved by the Senate and House of Representatives of the State of Georgia, That our Senators and Representatives in Congress, be requested, to take such measures, as will cause the collectors of

Soldiers on furlough-Detailed soldiers-Field and company officers.

Members in the "tax in kind" for the Confederate Government, to release to Congress from the Justices of Inferior Courts of the counties of this State, upon Ga requested their application, so much of the said "tar in kind" of the country to have the their application, so much of the said "tax in kind" of the county dissertion which the Justices making the application reside, as will in in kind." their the said Justices opinion be necessary for the support of their, the said Justices opinion, be necessary for the support of the destitute or indigent soldiers families of their county.

Approved Nov. 16, 1863.

(No. 14.)

Resolutions granting free transportation to soldiers on furlough.

Resolved by the General Assembly of Georgia, That our Senators in Congress and Representatives in Congress be requested to procure the pasrequested to and representatives in Congress be requested to procure the pasprocure an act sage of an act. granting free transportation to all private soldiers portation of in the Confederate service, on furlough from their respective soldiers. commands, to their homes; and to return to their commands, in the same manner, that free transportation is now granted to soldiers on sick furlough.

Approved Nov. 26, 1863.

(No. 15.)

WHEREAS, Under existing laws of our Confederate Congress, there is a discrimination made in the per diem pay of detailed volunteers, whereby volunteer soldiery receive a smaller remuneration than oth r detailed persons: Therefore be it,

Resolved, That our Representatives in Congress, be, and they ray of detail are hereby requested, to introduce and favor the passage of a law ed soldiers. giving our detailed soldiers the same pay, as other persons employed by the Government in the same business.

Second. Be it further resolved, That a copy of these resolutions be gress instruction forwarded to each of our Representatives in Congress, who are requested to urge the passage of a law favoring the objects herein above contemplated.

· Assented to Dec. 14, 1863.

(No. 16.)

Resolutions requesting Congress to pass laws allowing our volunteers to elect their own field and company officers.

Resolved by the General Assembly of the State of Georgia, That, be-Reps. in Congress from Galieving it to be the Constitutional right of all soldiers who went urge the pas- from Georgia, through the agency of the State, to elect their regisage of a law, allowing vol mental, battalion and company officers, we request our Represen-unters to elect their tatives in Congress, as a proper appreciation of the patriotic de-field and com. pany officers votion, patience and toil of our gallant soldiers in this sanguinary

Pay of privates and non-commissioned officers-Provisions for certain counties.

struggle for independence, to use their zealous efforts to procure, at the earliest practicable day, such a change in existing Confederate laws, as shall secure the right of all regiments, battalions and companies in the Confederate service from this State, to elect all their regimental, battalion and company officers.

Resolved 2d, That His Excellency the Governor, is hereby retions to be forquested to furnish a copy of this resolution to each of our Senators Governor.

and Representatives in Congress. Approved Dec. 14, 1863.

(No. 17.)

A Resolution to increase the pay of privates and non-commissioned officers in the Confederate service.

Resolved by the Senate and House of Representatives, That our Sena-Our Reps. in tors and Representatives in Congress, be requested, to use their in-quested to fluence to increase the pay, of privates and non-commissioned offi-vates and non-commissioned o cers in the Confederate service.

commission-ed officers in

Assented to Dec. 14, 1863.

(No. 18.)

Resolutions to provide for supplying certain counties in this State with prosisions.

WHEREAS: The supplies of provisions in the counties of Catoosa, Chattooga, Walker, Dade, Whitfield and Murray, have been near-Preamble. ly entirely consumed by the enemy and our own army; and in many instances the owner has been deprived of his entire stock of provisions without any sort of compensation, and the people of these counties being left thus destitute, and being deprived of the means of transportation, must suffer, if not aided by our State

Be it therefore resolved by the General Assembly of Georgia, That the ish transport Superintendent of the Western and Atlantic Rail Road be required that the ish transport to transport supplies of provisions to the people of said counties, ties free of free of charge; that the Superintendent of said road be required charge. to send such trains of cars as may be necessary, to points on Rail State to furn-Roads in this State, where supplies of provisions can be procured, for the purpose of shipping provisions to the people of said counties, Provided, other Rail Roads over which such shipments are to be made, cannot or do not ship said supplies immediately on application; provided further, that before such shipments are made, the person desiring to ship shall file his attidavit in the office of said Superintendant, that said article or articles to be shipped as aforesaid, are for his or her own use, and not for sale or speculation; and Affidavits of that an agent filing such affidavit shall insert the name of each of or agents to his principals in said affidavit, that the said provisions are for the be filed. use of said principal and not for speculation or sale.

Spun yarn for soldiers' families.

Gen'l Brazg requested to ce-operate.

Resolved, That His Excellency the Governor, be, and he is hereby requested to call the attention of Gen. Bragg, to the destitute condition of said counties, and request of him to release from the control of the Confederate Government, cars and engines sufficient to transport all supplies contemplated in the foregoing resolutions.

Assented to Nov. 33, 1863.

(No. 19.)

Whereas, a Resolution was assented to by His Excellency Governor, on the 15th of April, 1863, authorizing the Governor, to take a portion of the money set apart by law, for the support of indigent families of the soldiers of this State, to purchase spun yarn from the different factories of this State, to be turned over to the Inferior Courts, to be distributed by them to each of the families of soldiers as are destitute of the means of supplying themselves, or their families with clothing,; and that the Inferior Courts be required to notify his Excellency the Governor, by the 15th of June, 1863, the amount necessary for the purpose; and whereas, the Inferior Court of Muscogee county did notify his Excellency the Governor, within the time prescribed, that there were two hundred and fifty such families in that county; therefore,

Deficit of

Be it resolved, That his Excellency the Governor instruct the other counties Quartermaster General to distribute the same pro rata amount of with spin yarns, to have spun yarn to Muscogee county, and other counties that have not their pro rata been supplied, at the same price, that he has already distributed it gent families to a greater portion of the counties of the State; and that if he has not already purchased a sufficient quantity of yarns at prices furnished to other counties, and has now to pay the factories highprovided for er prices than that paid for yarn already distributed to other counties, the additional or enhanced price be paid out of the balance of the \$2,500,000 fund, which by the report of the Comptroller General, appears from causes stated, not appropriated.

Assented to Nov. 18th, 1863.

(No. 20.)

WHEREAS, under the law authorizing the distribution of spun Spun yarn to yarn to soldiers' families in the several counties of this State, the to counties Government has been able to furnish those conveniently situated at same rates and first applying, at six dollars per bunch; and whereas, the price as to those of said yarn has now risen to eight dollars and upwards; Now therefurnished. fore be it resolved by the General Assembly, That the Governor is hereby authorized to furnish the counties not yet supplied, with the yarn apportioned to each, at six dollars per bunch, thereby doing equal justice to all.

Assented to Nov. 23d, 1863.

The tax in kind.

(No. 21.)

WHEREAS, those having charge of the collection of the tax in kind in the several counties in Georgia, have, in many instances, appointed officers for this purpose from other States, who are unacquainted with the people, and are strangers to the respective localities to which they have been assigned, and are therefore liable to imposition; and in many cases, have been guilty of gross injustice and oppression :

Therefore, be it resolved by the General Assembly of Georgia, That Reps. in Canour Senators be instructed, and our Representatives be requested, press from 6a requested to to procure such a change in the tax law, as will require that res-procure change in impectable citizens residing in the several counties, not liable to con-pressing officers, so that scription, who are well acquainted with the people, and who may reliable citibe qualified for the discharge of such duty, be appointed to collect county, not liable to contain the said ten is him.

the said tax in kind.

Resolved further, That his Excellency the Governor be requested Copy resolute forward a copy of these resolutions to each of our Senators and towarded. Representatives in Congress.

Approved Dec. 1, 1863.

(No. 22.)

WHEREAS, the Confederate Congress made provision to commute the tax in kind, in such locations as were remote from Railroad or other facilities of transportation, to payment in money; and whereas, the county of Carroll has furnished most of her available laboring population to the Confederate army, thereby diminishing the means of support; and whereas, the crop in said county this year has been unusually short, and the families of a great many soldiers likely to suffer, in case the tax in kind is removed by the Confederate government, their means of transportation from other sections being curtailed, on account of their oxen, horses and mules being impressed, or otherwise taken for the use of the govern-

Resolved by the General Assembly, That the Governor be requested Gov. requestto confer with the Confederate authorities, and through the Inferior with Confederate authorities as authorities as authorities as Courts, purchase is possible, the tax in kind, or so much thereof as to purchase may be necessary, to supply the necessities of indigent families of of things soldiers in the county of Carroll, and all other counties alike situ-roll co., &c. ated, where the failure in the crops has rendered it necessary; pro-Proviso. vided, that whatever amount may be advanced to the several counties for the purchase of said tenth, shall be deducted from the pro rata share of said counties in the funds which may be appropriated for the support of indigent soldiers and their families, and shall not exceed the pro rata share to which said counties may be enti-

Approved Nov. 18, 1863.

Tax in kind, &c.

(No. 23.)

WHEREAS, there are many localities in the State of Georgia. where the citizens have been stripped of nearly every species of personal property by the enemy, or the agents or pretended agents of the Confederate government, and left without the means of paying their Confederate tax, and especially the "tax in kind;" for the tenth has not been left them.

Be it therefore resolved, That the Governor of this State be re-Gov. request quested to use his utmost exertions with the President and Secre-ed to urge sus-pension of collection of tary of War, to have the collection of the "tax in kind" suspentax in kind in ded, in all cases where the citizens' crop, out of which his tax was where proper to be paid, has been taken by the enemy, or by our army or offi-ty has been destroyed by cers; and that the collection of all Confederate tax be suspended the enemy or in cases where the property of the citizens has been taken by Confederate soldiers or officers, without compensation, until such compensation is paid.

Gov. to call attention of members in Congres3 to this matter.

Be it therefore resolved, That in case the President or Secretary of War fail to grant the relief above mentioned, that the Governor be requested to call the attention of our Senators and Representatives in Congress to this matter, and to use all lawful means to protect the citizens against wrong and injustice.

Approved Nov. 18, 1863.

(No. 24.)

A resolution in relation to State taxation.

WHEREAS, a state of war greatly deranges the natural and legitimate order of things, so that while some persons are suddenly enriched by large incomes to their wealth arising from this disorder, others without any fault of their own, are as suddenly and as much impoverished; and whereas, this is foundunhappily to be the case in the disordered state of affairs growing out of the present war; and whereas, it is incompatible with the best interests of the State, and equally inconsistent with good faith, that one portion of the citizens of the State should make the calamities of others engaged with them in a common cause, and involved in the same peril, the occasion of their enrichment; and it is an important object of legislation to equalize these differences, as far as may be practicable, by casting the burdens of the war mainly on those who make a profit of it; and whereas, the subject of taxation presents the readiest and most available means of accomplishing this object;

Joint Finance Therefore resolved by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Therefore resolved by the Senate and House of Representatives of the mended to state of Georgia, That the Finance Committee of the Senate and team of taxa. House of Representatives be instructed to act as a joint committeen combin. ing the ad vartee on Finance; and take into consideration the whole subject of fucome print taxation by the State, with the view of raising revenue for the sup-

Preamble.

Depots for tax in kind-Number of sheep and dogs,

port of the government; and for the payment of the public debt; and for providing for the common defence, by the adoption by the State of such a system of taxation for the purposes aforesaid, as shall combine the ad valorem system with the net income system, in such a way, as that taxation shall be based mainly on net income or profits realized during the war; and to report by an appropriate bill to secure this object, to the Hcuse of Representatives where alone such bills can originate.

Assented to Dec. 14, 1863.

(No. 25.)

Resolution in relation to the Tax Act of Congress.

WHEREAS, the establishment of as many Depots for the delivery of the tax in kind as is practicable, would, in the judgment of this General Assembly, greatly conduce to the convenience of producers, and at the same time subserve the best interests of the govern-

ment; it is therefore,

Resolved, That we respectfully request our Senators and Representatives to urge upon Congress the propriety, of so modifying increase of the law, (if necessary), as to authorize and require the establish in kind on line of Rail ment of Depots for the delivery of tax in kind at every depot on roads. the lines of Railroad in the Confederate States, except at such as are manifestly unnecessary in the judgment of the District Quarter Master.

Resolved 2d, That his Excellency the Governor be requested to Copy resolufurnish our Senators and Representatives in Congress a copy of the dished memthese resolutions.

Assented to Dec. 14, 1863.

(No. 26.)

Resolution requiring tax payers to make returns of the number of sheep and dogs owned by each tax payer.

WHEREAS, it is highly important to the interest of the citizens of this State, to be informed as to its present condition and future prospects with regard to a supply of wool, and as to the best

means of increasing the same;

Be it therefore resolved, That it shall be the duty of the Tax Re-Tax-payers to ceiver in the several counties of this State, when they take in the give in number returns of tax payers in their respective counties, to require all many killed tax payers to make a return of the number of sheep which they by dogs, &c. may own at the time of giving in; also the number of sheep which they may have had killed by dogs, within one year previous thereto; also the number of dogs owned by them or on their prem-

Assented to Dec. 14, 1863.

Battle Flags-Volunteer Navy-W. & A. R. R.

(No. 27.)

Resolutions relative to the disposition of certain Battle Flags.

Whereas, we have learned through a message of his Excellency the Governor, that the following flags have been forwarded to the Acknowledge-1 State of Georgia, to-wit: the battle flag of the 4th Georgia Regment; the battle flag of the 14th Georgia Regiment; the battle flag of the 20th Georgia Regiment; the battle flag of the 26th Georgia Regiment; the battle flag of the 12th Georgia Battalion; also, a Federal battery flag, captured with the guns of the enemy, at the battle of Chancellorsville, by the 4th Georgia Regiment; and two battery flags captured at the battle of Gettysburg, by General Doles' Brigade of Georgians;

Complimentary notices of Georgia accepts with just pride, these evidences of the courage and our troops forwarding in a cause involving every principle of right, interest, or honor, dear to the hearts of freemen.

Resolved 2d, That the Adjutant and Inspector General be direction to arrange said flags in range them in the Capitol. Some conspicuous place in the Capitol building, where they may forever remain, a public testimonial of Georgia's appreciation of gallant and heroic deeds, and a public incentive to her children of future generations, to emulate great and noble examples.

Similar disposition to be made of oth ted to make a similar disposition of all such flags as may have ers which been heretofore, or may hereafter, be received by the State.

Approved Dec. 11, 1863.

(No. 2S.)

Resolution in reference to a Volunteer Navy.

Resolved by the General Assembly of Georgia, That the Committee on the State of of the Republic, are hereby instructed to consider what action it may be prudent and proper for the authorities of Georgia to take, for the encouragement of the organization of a Volunteer Navy, for the service of the Confederacy, and to increase the number of vessels and seamen engaged in the Naval service; and to report by bill or otherwise, as early as practicable upon the subject.

Assented to Dec. 11, 1863.

(No. 29.)

Resolution for the appointment of a committee to investigate the condition and management of the Western and Atlantic Rail Road.

Resolved by the General Assembly of Georgia, That a joint commit-

Western & Atlantic Railroad.

tee of three, from the House, and two from the Senate, be appointed, who shall proceed at an early day to investigate the condition Joint commit-and management of the Western and Atlantic Rail Road, with investigate & report on the authority to examine the affairs of the said road, and enquire as to W. & A. Reil-road. whether or not any abuses or mismanagement exist, in any department; and it shall be the duty of the Superintendent and other officers and employees of said road, to assist the committee in arriving at a true estimate of the condition of the Road; the committee shall keep a record of their acts, and report the same to . the General Assembly at the next session.

Assented to Dec. 12, 1863.

(No. 30.)

A Resolution authorizing the Governor to furnish certain books to the Auditor of the Western and Atlantic Rail Road.

Resolved by the General Assembly, That His Excellency the Gov-Anditor of Wernor, be, and is hereby authorized, to furnish from the State Li- A.R. R. to brary, for the use of the Auditor's office of the Western and At-with Code of lantic Rail Road, one copy of the Code of Georgia, and the decis-Supreme Ct. ions of the Supreme Court of this State; should the aforesaid books not be in the State Library, then the Superintendent of said road be authorized to purchase them, under the direction of the Governor, and pay for the same out of the funds of the road.

Assented to Dec. 12, 1863.

(No. 31.).

Resolutions relative to freights, passage, &c. on the Western and Atlan. tic Rail Road.

Resolved 1st, That the Governor, be, and he is hereby authorized, Gov. authorized to raise the freights for Confederate transportation over the road, ized to raise to one hundred per cent upon the rates fixed by the Augusta Con-Confederate transportation; and to make such additional increase in future, as the intion from time to time. crease of findings, repairs and supplies of the road may render Proviso, necessary, Provided, that the freights and passenger rates charged the Confederate Government, shall at all times be twenty per cent less, than is charged to the citizens of this State, for freight or passage.

Resolved 2d, That the Confederate officers shall be permitted to load and unload their own freight; and to send a guard off a reascers allowed onable number with each freight train, free of charge, for transunload their porting the guard; that freight lists shall be made out at the place of shipment by officers of the road, before the trains leave; bow make out. and the road shall in no case be subject to pay for losses of Confederate freights snipped upon it.

. ..

Respect for the services and memory of Capt. T. G.

Capt. T. G. Raven.

Resolved 3d, That the Governor be authorized from time to Power of Gov he increase time, to increase the general freight and passenger rates upon the and passage road, to keep them as high as the freight and rates of passage on also, salaries. Company roads: and that he he authorized to make such increase Company roads; and that he be authorized to make such increase in the compensation and salaries of employees and officers of the road, as may be reasonable and just, taking into the account the circumstances by which they are surrounded.

Resolved 4th, That the Governor transmit a copy of these reso-Copy to be sent to Secy lutions to the Secretary of War, and one to our Assistant Adjutant of War, and one to our Assistant Adjutant of War, and one to our Assistant Adjutant

General in charge of railroad transportation.

Approved Dec. 14, 1863.

(No. 32.)

Resolutions of respect for the memory of Captain T. G. Raven.

Information has been received that Captain T. G. Raven, departed this life on the 10th instant, whilst on a visit at Milledgeville connected with his military duties. The facts fully authenticated, connected with the brief and honorable career of the deceased, merit from the State, an earnest tribute to his memory. Captain Raven was born in England, and was a graduate of the Military College at Addiscome. Emigrating to America, he was married to a lady in Charleston, S. C., where he embarked and was engaged in commercial pursuits, at the beginning of the war. Without a formal transfer of allegiance, he generously espoused the cause of the South; and has, with unremitting industry and devotion, given to her the benefit of his labors and scientific training. He did creditable service in South Carolina, but learning the great need of engineers in Georgia, tendered his services to the authorities of this State. As one of the volunteer Staff of the Adjutant General, in the capacity of engineer, he has by his skill, energy and fidelity, secured honorable mention in the last report of that Officer; he has been suddenly stricken down by disease, contracted in the service of the State, in the very flush of his early manhood. It is for his family and friends to cherish the remembrance of his private virtues, whilst the State reverently pauses to make record of his disinterested zeal and active labors in her behalf; in view of the foregoing,

Resolutions.

Resolved by the General Assembly, That we have learned with unfeigned regret, the death of Captain T. G. Raven, and gratefully recognize his active and intelligent labors; so unselfishly bestowed for the defence of the State.

Resolved, That we tender our sincere condolence to the friends and family of the deceased, and request that a copy of the foregoing preamble and resolutions accompanying, be sent by the Governor to his bereaved widow.

Resolved, That in further evidence of our respect for the memo-

Standing Committees-Conference Committee-Compilation of the laws.

ry of the deceased, the General Assembly will adjourn this day at 12 o'clock, to attend his funeral from the Episcopal Church.

Assented to Dec. 12, 1863.

(No. 33.)

A Resolution to consolidate certain standing committees.

Resolved, That the standing committees on Internal improve-Certain standard, on the Deaf and Dumb Asylum, on the Penitentiary, on Fitness of the nance, and on the Lunatic Asylum, of the Senate and House of Senate consolidated, and act as joint committees.

Approved Nov. 24, 1863.

(No. 34.)

A Resolution to consolidate standing committees on Military affairs.

Resolved, That the Committees of the Senate and House of Rep-Consolidation resentatives on military affairs, be consolidated, for the purpose of committee reorganizing the militia of the State of Georgia.

Affairs.

Assented to Nov. 24, 1863.

(No. 35.)

A Resolution in relation to the appointment of a committee of conference.

WHEREAS, A bill of the Senate, to be entitled, "an Act to reorganize the militia of this State," having passed the Senate, and also the House of Representatives, with numerous amendments, in many of which the Senate has refused to concur, and upon which the House insists; Therefore,

Resolved, That a free conference be asked by the Senate upon committee of said bill, and the matter of disagreement between the two Houses; militia bill, and that a committee of three be appointed by the President, to conduct such conference on the part of the Senate.

Assented to Dec. 12, 1863.

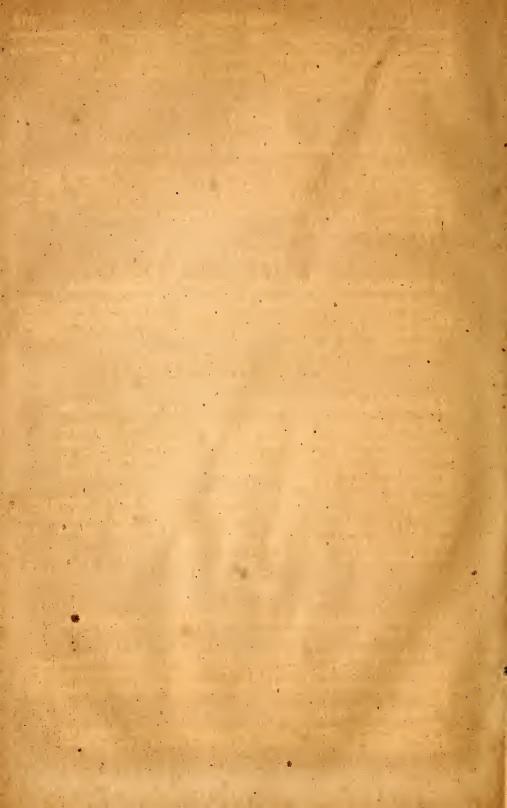
(No. 36.)

A Resolution in relation to the compilation of the laws of the present General Assembly.

Resolved by the Senate and House of Representatives, That the Com-Compiler of piler of the laws of the present General Assembly, be required to laws to add an appendix annex an appendix containing all laws changing the Code of Geor-of changes in gia.*

Assented to Dec. 14, 1863.

*This Resolution was misplaced till too late to arrange an appendix, but all changes in the Code have been compiled under a separate heading, which will obviate any inconvenience of reference.—COMPILER.



ACTS

OF THE

GENERAL ASSEMBLY

OF THE

STATE OF GEORGIA,

PASSED IN

MILLEDGEVILLE,

AT THE

CALLED SESSION.

IN

MARCH 1864.

PUBLISHED BY AUTHORITY.

MILLEDGEVILLE:
BOUGHTON, NISBET, BARNES & MOORE, STATE PRINTERS.
1864.



TABLE OF TITLES, DIVISIONS, &C.,

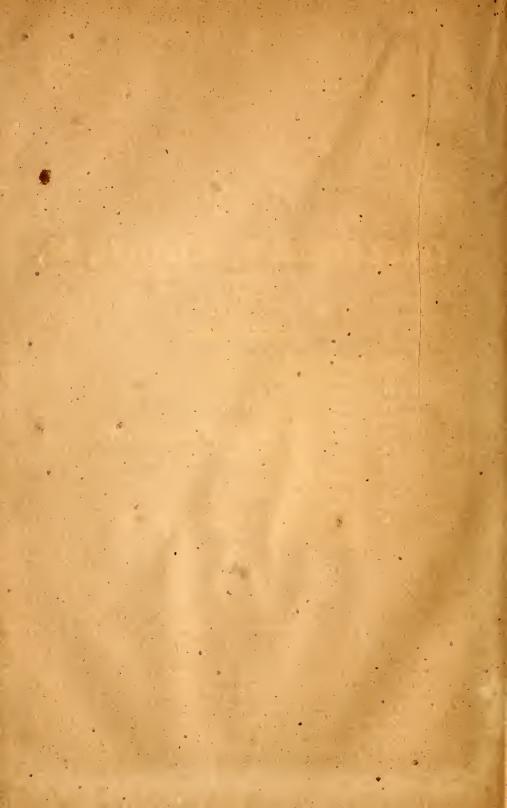
PART I.

PUBLIC LAWS.

TITLE I.—APPROPRIATIONS.

- II.—CODE OF GEORGIA.
- III.—COUNTY OFFICERS.
- IV.—DISTILLATION.
- V.—EVIDENCE.
- VI.—EXR'S, ADMR'S, GUARDIANS, &C. VII.—IMPRESSMENTS. VIII.—MILITIA.

- IX.—NAVY.
- X.—RAIL ROADS.
- XI.—RELIEF.
- XII.—SUPREME COURT DECISIONS. 66
- XIII.—TAXES.



STATUTES OF GEORGIA,

PASSED AT THE

EXTRA OR CALLED SESSION

IN

MARCH, 1864.

PART. I .-- PUBLIC LAWS.

TITLE I.

APPROPRIATIONS.

- Sec. 1. Per diem of President of the Senate Sec. 4. Pay for Stationery, lights and fuel.

 and Speaker of the House. Mileage Warrant, how drawn.

 Per-diem and mileage of members. Sec. 5. Compensation of Pagge of the House.

 Provision as to absence.
- Provise as to absence.

 Sec. 2. Pay of Secity of Senate. Pay of Clerk of the House. All important papers to be filed previous to payment. Contingent expenses of Clerk and Sec. Sec. 7. For support of two mute girls at Cave Springs for 1864. retary.
- Sec. 3. Per-diem of Doorkeepers and Messengers of each branch. Mileage. Pay for servants hire. Per-diem of Clerks of Finance and Judiciary Commit-
- Sec. 8. Pay for Chaplains of House and Senate.

(No. 98.) .

- An Act supplemental to an Act, assented to December 14th, 1863, to provide for raising a revenue for the political year 1864, and to appropriete money for the support of the Government during said year; and to make certain special appropriations, and for other purposes.
- I. SECTION I. The General Assembly of the State of Georgia do en-Per diem of act, That the sum of ten dollars per day be paid to each the Presi-Senate and Speaker of dent of the Senate and Speaker of the House of Representatives, House. during the present extraordinary session of the General Assembly; and the sum of five dollars for every twenty miles of travel Mileage. going to and returning from the seat of Government; the distance

Pay of Members, Sec'y of Senate, Clerk of House. Doorkeepers and Messengers, &c.

to be computed by the nearest route usually traveled; and that Per diem and the sum of six dollars each per day, be paid to the numbers of the mileage of General Assembly, during the present session, and five dollars for General Assembly, during the present session, and five dollars for every twenty miles of rravel going to and returning from the seat of Government, under the same rules which apply to the President of the Senate and Speaker of the House of Representatives: Provided as to Provided, That no member of the General Assembly shall receive pay for the time he may be absent, unless his absence was caused by the sickness of himself or family, or he had leave of absence granted by the Senate or House for satisfactory reason, or after a member shall have obtained leave of absence for the remainder of the session.

Pay of Soc'y

House.

2. Sec. II. And be it further enacted, That the Secretary of the Senate be paid eighty-seven dollars and fifty cents, per day, for Clerk of the the present session; and the Clerk of the House of Representatives be paid the sum of one hundred dollars per day, for the pres-All important and sub Clerks: Provided, that no warrant shall be issued in fagapers to be and filed.

The present the clerk assistants with the clerk and filed.

The present the clerk and sub Clerks are the clerk and filed. isfactory evidence, that they have carefully marked and filed away all reports of standing committees, and all other papers of importance, connected with either House; and the sum of twenty-five dollars or so much thereof as may be necessary, is hereby appropriated, each, to the Secretary of the Senate and Clerk of the House of Representatives, to defray the contingent expenses of their respective offices, at the present session of the General As-

3. SEC. III. And be it further enacted, That the sum of six dol-

and Doorkeepers of the Senate and House of Representatives at

the present session, and the sum of five dollars for every twenty. miles of travel, going to, and returning from, the seat of Govern-

Contingent expenses of Clerk and Secretary.

sembly.

Per diem of lars, each, per day, is hereby appropriated to pay the Messengers Doorkeepers and Messengers of each branch.

Mileage.

ment, the distance to be computed by the nearest route usually traveled; and the sum of two dollars per day, to be paid the Mes-Pay of serv-ant hire. sengers and Doorkeepers of both the Senate and House of Representatives, to pay the negro hire of their respective houses; and Per diem of the sum of ten dollars, per diem, each, be appropriated to pay the Clerks of Fi. the sum of ten dollars, per diem, each, be appropriated to pay the nance and Judiciary Committees during the sesmittees.

sion.

4. SEC. IV. Be it further enacted, That the sum of five thousand Pay for stationery, lights six hundred and fifty dollars, or so much thereof as may be necesused lively sarry is hereby appropriated to pay for stationery, lights, and fuel. sary, is hereby appropriated to pay for stationery, lights, and fuel, during the present extra session; and that the Governor be, and he is hereby authorized, to draw his warrant on the Treasury, in how drawn. favor of N. C. Barnett, Secretary of State, for this purpose.

Compensa-

5. Sec. V. Be it further cnacted, That the sum of four dollars tion of Page per day, be paid to Iverson L. Hunter, the Page of the House of Representatives, during the present extra session of the General Assembly.

·Code of Georgia amended.

6. Sec. VI. And be it further enacted, That the sum of fifteen thousand dollars be, and the same is hereby appropriated, to repair for repair of Academy for the buildings of the Academy for the Blind in the city of Macon; the Blind. and the sum of one million of dollars, or so much thereof as may For purchase be necessary, be, and the same is hereby appropriated, for the pur-cards. chase of cotton cards—the same to be disbursed in the mode and manner, suggested by his Excellency the Governor, in his special message of the 15th instant.

7. Sec. VII. And be it further enacted, That the sum of twelve two mute girls for 1864. hundred dollars be also appropriated for the clothing, support, and maintenance, for the present year, of two mute girls at the Deaf and Dumb Asylum at Cave Springs, who are left there, and who have no homes nor relatives to take care of them, to be drawn up-

on the warrant of the Governor.

8. Sec. VIII. And be it further enacted, That the sum of one and Senate, hundred dollars be appropriated, to the payment of the Rev. Mr. Fulwood, Chaplain of the Senate; and the sum of one hundred dollars be appropriated to the payment of Rev. Mr. Flynn, Chaplain of the House of Representatives.

Assented to March 19, 1864.

TITLE II.

CODE OF GEORGIA.

Sec. 1. Sec-1670 of Code amended, and additional grounds of Divorce prescribed.

(No 99.)

An Act to amend the 1670th section of the Code of Georgia.

1. Section I. The General Assembly of Georgia do enact, That Sec. 1670 of Georgia from and after the passage of this Act, the following shall be good ed, and new grounds of digrounds for a total divorce in favor of any loyal female, a resident scribed. of the State of Georgia: 1st. That her husband is in the military service of the United States; 2d. That her husband has been, or is voluntarily within the lines of the enemy, furnishing them aid and comfort.

SEC. II. Repeals conflicting laws.

Assented to March 18, 1864.

146th sec. of

Receivers of Tax Returns and Tax Collectors-County officers filing their bonds.

TITLE Ш.

COUNTY OFFICERS.

1. Bonds of Tax Receivers reduced and Sec. 3. 146 Sec. of Code repealed. fixed. Duty of Comp. Gen. in send " 4. Time extended for County Officers to ing out. give their Bonds.

2. Tax Collectors bond reduced and fixed. Duty of Comp. Gen. in sending

(No 100.)

An Act to reduce the bonds of Receivers of Tax Returns and Tax Collectors of this State, and to repeal so much of the one hundred and forty sixth section of the Code, as limits the securities on said bonds to the number of five.

1. Section I. Be it enacted by the General Assembly of Georgia, That. Receivers refrom and after the passage of this Act, all bonds hereafter taken from the Receivers of Tax Returns for the faithful discharge of their duties, shall be taken for half of the amount of the State tax, supposed to be due from the county, for the year in which said officers shall give bond; the amount of said bonds to be filled up Duty of Comp. Gen'l. by the Comptroller General before being sent out to the several.

counties from the Executive office.

2. Sec. II. Be it further enacted, That from and after the passage Tax Collectors, all bonds hereafter taken from Tax Collectors, shall be duced and taken for thirty-three and one third per cent more than the State tixed. tax, supposed to be due from the county, for the year for which said officer is required to give bond; the amount of said bonds to be Comp. Gen'l filled up by the Comptroller General before being sent out to the duty.

several counties from the Executive office.

3. Sec. III. Be it further enacted, That the 146th section of the Code repeal-Code of Georgia, be amended by striking out the word five, and inserting ten, so as to make it read 'such bonds shall not be approved by the approving officers, unless they have at least two good and solvent sureties, and not more than ten.*

Approved March 17, 1864.

*See Code page 38, Sec. 146 which required not less than 2 nor more than 5 solvent sure-This Act requires at least two, and as many as ten sureties are allowed, but no more.

(No. 101.)

- An Act extending the time for county officers filing their bonds and taking out Commissions.
- 4. SECTION I. The General Assembly of the State of Georgia do enact, That the Sheriffs, Clerks of the Superior and Inferior Courts,

Distillation of Grain &c.

Ordinaries, Tax Collectors, Coroners, and County Surveyors of this Time extend-State, be, and they are hereby allowed until the first day of June officers or give in each year, and Tax Receivers until the first day of April next, their bonds, to take up their Commissions from the Inferior Courts, and to perfect their bonds; and that the provisions of this Act shall be applicable to said officers who were elected in January last.

SEC. II. Repeals conflicting laws.

Assented to March 21, 1864.

TITLE IV.

DISTILLATION.

Sec. 1. Act of Dec. 3rd, 1863, as to Distillation amended.

(No. 102.)

An Act to amend an Act entitled an Act to further provide for the suppression of unlawful distillation of grain and other commodities in this State, assented to December 3d, 1863.*

1. Section I. The General Assembly do enact, That from and after Act of Dec. 3, the passage of this Act, the before recited act be amended as fol-1863, as to dislows: The word "twenty" in the first paragraph be stricken out, amended, and the word "five" be inserted in lieu thereof; and that after the word "time,' the following words be inserted: "or any other time to which said cause may be continued upon legal showing, not to exceed twenty days from the date of issuing the warrant." And in the section second of said Act, that the words "unlawful sales," be stricken out, and the words "sales of spirituous liquors contrary to any existing law have been," be inserted.

*For Act of Dec. 3, 1863, see pages 19-21 of this Pamphlet. By that Act, Justices of the Peace and Justices of the Inferior Court were required, on information filed on bath, or from being otherwise induced to the opinion, that violations of the law were occurring, to issue warrants for the arrest of such violators and scizure of their stills—which warrants should be returnable for trial in twenty days. This Act makes them returnable in five days. The Actreferred to, did not provide for continuances; this Act does, on good cause shown, from time to time, not exceeding twenty days from date of warrant, when the issue of "nuisance" or "no nuisance" will be tried. The Act of Dec. 3, 1863, did not provide for compulsory process to procure attendance of Jurors. This Act does, under the usual legal penaltics for such defaulters. Cases may be tried in the Militia Districts where such offences are committed, or at the County town of the County. For legislation on this subject, see Pam. Acts 1862-3, pages 25-28, and 141-2, also pages 19,-21 of this Pam., from which it will be seen, that for violations of the various Acts on distillation, not only are the stills to be seized and confiscated, but the parties are liable to be indicted and punished, by fines not less than \$500 and may be imprisoned at the discretion of the Court, not exceeding 12 months for every offence. It will further appear, that no person can distil for himself or another, or for a county, or the Confederate government, under any contract or agreement, without a license from the Governor of this State. The Governor has an enlarged discretion by the provisions of the law, and has charged the Aids-de-Camp in their respective military districts with vigilant attention and grompt action in cases of actual or supposed violations, but this does not relieve, in the least degree, the obligation of every civil officer, whose duty it is now made by solemn enactment, to, be vigilant and firm, and to make report in all cases, where there are palpable acts of viola

Copies of deeds taken in evidence.

2. Sec. II Be it further enacted, That in the fifth section of the Jurors may be before recited Act, after the word "freeholders," insert the follow-forced to at ing words; "whom such Judge or Justice are authorized to have summoned, and who shall be subject to the same penalties as are now prescribed for defaulting jurors in case of refusal to attend."

Cases where

3. Sec. III. Be it further enacted, That the following section be added to the Act of which this is amendatory; That all cases under this Act shall be tried at the county town of the county, or in the district where the defendant resides.

SEC. IV. Repeals conflicting laws.

Assented to March 19, 1864.

TÎTLE V..

EVIDENCE.

Sec. 1. Secondary proof of deeds, bonds, &c , allowed in evidence, when originals are in the United States.

(No. 103.)

An Act to admit copies of deeds and other instruments, in evidence, when the originals are in the United States.

1. Section I. The General Assembly of the State of Georgia do enSecondary proof of deeds act, That from and after the passage of this Act, in all cases now pending, or hereafter instituted, the fact that a deed, bond, or any mals are in the other instrument which would be legal evidence if offered as such, is in the United States, or either of them, shall form the same foundation for the introduction of secondary evidence, as the loss or destruction of the paper would do; and the preliminary fact shall be proved in the same manner as such loss or destruction would have to be proved.

Assented to March 18, 1864.

Property administered on-Invest funds in Confederate four per cent bonds.

TITLE VI.

EXR'S. ADMR'S. GUARDIANS, &c.

- Sec. 1. Property may be administered on in Sec. 2. Adm'rs. Ex'rs. and Guardians authorany county to which it may be rejected to invest funds on hand, in 4 per moved, for security from the enemy
 - cent bonds.

·(No. 104.)

An Act to allow persons to administer upon property in the county which it has been moved for security from the enemy.

WHEREAS, In consequence of the insecurity of property in the vicinity of the enemy, and in places imminently exposed to the depredations of the enemy, that belonging to the estates of deceased persons, in many instances, has been moved away before being administered upon, and administration cannot be had under the existing law, greatly to the injury and inconvenience of persons interested.

1. Section. I. Therefore, be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives in General Assembly met, and it is hereby enacted by authority be administered on in service of the second s of the same, That in all cases, where on account of the insecurity county to aforesaid, property belonging to the estates of deceased persons be removed has been moved to a county other than the one in which the de-from the eneceased lived, the same may be administered upon in the county to which it has been moved, in the same manner, and under the same restrictions as is now allowed by law for administering upon property in the county in which the deceased lived at the time of his death.

·Sec. II. Repeals conflicting laws. Assented to March 19, 1864.

(No. 105.)

An Act to authorize Administrators, Executors and Guardians to invest in Confederate States four per cent bonds.

2. Sec. I. Be it enacted, &c., That from and after the passage of Admira extremely this Act, it shall be lawful for Administrators, Executors, Guarans and authorized and Trustees, to invest what money they may have on hand find a per cent in Confederate Treasury notes, prior to the first of April next; in Confederate

Govuernor authorized to impress rolling stock of Railroads.

bonds of the Confederate States bearing four per cent per annum interest.*

Sec. II. Repeals conflicting laws.

While I do not approve of the policy of investing the estates of orphans and persons represented by Trustees, in the present depreciated currency, I assent to this Act to avoid injustice to Trustees and other fiduciary agents who have, in good faith, received Confederate notes before the passage of the late act of Congress.

JOSEPH E. BROWN, Governor.

March 21, 1864.

*By reference to Act of Dec. 14, 1863, page 29 of this Pamphlet, it will be seen, that investments in Confederate Bonds, then issued or thereafter to be issued was allowed to Ex'rs. Adm'rs. Guardians and Trusters, on filing application to the Judges of the Superior Courts in their respective Circuits and obtaining written orders of permission. The above Act (No. 105) was obviously intended to dispense with the formulary of petition and order aforesaid, as to investment of funds on hand, bona-fide received, from the passage of the Act, to the 1st day of April 1864, the last day of funding money under the late "Curreucy Act" of Congress. From its very terms, the above Act became void and inoperative after the first day of April 1864; and hence to invest hereafter in State or Confederate Bonds, the application and order prescribed in Act of Dec. 14, 1863, are necessary.

TITLE VII.

IMPRESSMENTS.

Sec. 1. Gov. authorized to impress rolling stock Sec. 3. Compensation for use, how fixed to transport supplies for indigent families of soldiers.

4. Compensation may be fixed by arbitres.

2. Rail Road tracks may be used. Proviso.

5. Expense, how paid.6. Takes effect from passage.

(No. 106:)

An Act to authorize the Governor to impress, in certain cases, the rolling stock of Rail Roads, either of this State, or to be found in this State, not being in use at the time of said impressment, or other conveyance, for the purpose of transporting supplies and provisions purchased or ordered hereafter to be purchased, under any law of this State, for the indigent families of soldiers, on paying just compensaion.

port supplies for indigent families of soldiers.

1. Section I. The General Assembly do enact, That the Governor Gov. authorized to impress rolling shall have power, whenever he may deem the necessity of the case stock to traus may require it, to impress any rolling stock of any of the Rail may require it, to impress any rolling stock of any of the Rail Roads of this State, or other conveyance, or of any to be found in this State, when the same is not in use by said Rail Roads or other owners thereof, for the purpose of transporting supplies purchased for the indigent families of soldiers under any law of this State.

2. Sec. II. And be it further enacted, That said impressment being

Militia law amended.

made, he shall have power to use the Rail Road tracks in this Railroad State for said rolling stock, making proper and suitable arrange-tracks may be ments with the authorities controlling the same forthat purpose, on such terms as are usual in such cases; provided nothing shall in Proviso, this act be so construed as to authorize an interference with the transportation on any of said Rail Roads, with the armies of the Confederate States, or the supplies for the same.

3. Sec. III. And be it further enucted, That such compensation compensation for use shall be paid, by the Governor, for the use of said rolling stock how fixed of Rail Roads, as well as the tracks of such other roads over which it is passed, as is usual and customary in such cases with

Rail Road corporations.

4. Sec. IV. And be it further enacted, That if any other conveyance Compensation is impressed under this Act, and disagreement arises as to the arranged by compensation to be paid, the same shall be determined by three assessors, one to be chosen by the State, and proprietor or owner of said conveyance, respectively, and the third, by the two thus selected; and their decisior shall be the measure of compensation to be paid.

5. Sec. V. And be it further enacted, That the expense of the Expense how transportation of said supplies, is to be paid out of moneys already appropriated for the support of indigent soldiers' families for the year 1864, and to be deducted from the amounts due those for whose benefit said expenses are incurred.

SEC. VI. Be it further enacted, That this act shall take effect from passage

from its passage.

Assented to March 19, 1864.

TITLE VIII.

MILITIA.

Sec. 1. Amendments to 15th Sec. of Act to Sec. 2. Tax Receivers, one Editor, and necessary Printers, and Ministers exempt from Militarduty.

(No. 107.)

An Act to amend the 15th section of an Act entitled an Act to reorganize the militia of the State of Georgia, and for other purposes, upproved December 14th, 1863.

1. Section I. The General Assembly of the State of Georgia do en-Amendment act, That the following words shall be added to the said fifteenth to 15th sec. of set or 15th section: But all persons to whom certificates of disability may in the milibe granted by District Surgeons, shall be subject to re-examination

Exempts from militia duty-Organization of a navy.

at least once a year, except those to whom said Surgeons may grant certificates of permanent disability.

SEC. II. Repeals conflicting laws.

Assented to March 18, 1864.

*For 15th Sec. see page 55 of this Pam.

(No. 1,0S.)

An Act to exempt certain persons from service in the Militia of the State of Georgia.

2. Section II. Be it enacted, That the following named persons, and addition to those already declared emempt, shall be exempted and necessary from militia duty under the Act of the General Assembly, approvement from each 14th December, 1863.* All State Tax Receivers, one editor of each newspaper published on the 14th of December, 1863, and as many persons employed in printing and publishing the same, as the editor may on oath declare to be absolutely essential to its publication; and all ministers of religion, duly authorized to preach according to the rules of their sect, in the regular discharge of ministerial duties.

SEC. II. All conflicting laws are hereby repealed.

Assented to March 19, 1864.

*For specific exemptions from Militia duty, to which the above are added, see Title "Militia" in this Pampulet, Sec. 'XXI, page 57.

TITLE IX.

:NAVY.

Sec. 1. Private companies may be incorporal Sec. 2. Blockade running prohibited under conted by thing declaration, giving ditions.

name, Capital, &c., Gov. may issue Sec. 3. Violations of sec. 2nd, how punished. germane of Incorporation.

Sec. 4. Capital stock may be increased.

(No. 109.)

An Act to encourage the organization of a Navy.

WHEREAS, It is recognized by the law of nations to be a right of belligerents in time of war, as far as may be in their power, to destroy the enemy's commerce, in order to weaken the foundation of his Naval power, and to use all means of capturing or of driving from the Sea, the fleets of the enemy, both mercantile and war-

Organization of a Navy.

like, for the purpose of crippling him, and bringing him to terms and producing peace; and whereas, the Confederate Congress, relying upon these impartial principles of international law, and actuated by the laudable desire of encouraging the people to enter upon this most effectual field for injuring our enemy and constraining him to honorable terms of pacification, heretofore to-wit: on the 18th day of April, 1863, passed an act to establish a volunteer Navy. Now, therefore, for the purpose of promoting the laudable policy of the Confederate Government in this particular, and to give such further encouragement as may be in our power, to the organization of a Navy.

1. SECTION I. The General Assembly of Georgia do enact, That pri-Private Co.'s vate corporations having for their object to operate under the Act pointed by filling declaraof the Confederate Congress aforesaid, may be formed by any tion sixing number of the citizens of this State, by complying with the fol-&c. lowing provisions, to-wit: A declaration of the applicants specifying the objects of their associations, and the business they propose to carry on, together with their Corporate name, and the time, not exceeding thirty years, they desire to be incorporated, signed by the Stockholders and accompanied by the oath of the President, taken before some person authorized to administer oaths, of the amount of capital in money or property at its sworn valuation, actually paid in and employed, or to be employed by such corporation, shall be filed in the office of the Governor of Georgia—where-Gov. may is-upon His Excellency the Governor, upon being satisfied of the cates of incor-poration. good faith of the parties concerned, shall cause record thereof poration.

to be made, and issue to the Company a certificate of incorporation.

2. Sec. II. Be it further enacted by the authority aforesaid, That it Blockade shall be a violation of the charter of any company thus organized, hibited under conditions. to enage in what is commonly called running the Blockade, for the purpose of bringing in cargoes of goods, whether assorted or not on private account; but it shall be lawful for them to bring ... into any of the ports of the Confederate States, any goods, wares and merchandise allowed by the laws of the Confederacy, under written permit, or by written request, or contract of His Excellency the Governor of Georgia.

3. SEC. III. Be it further enacted by the authority aforesaid, That for Violations of Sec. 2nd how each and every violation of the foregoing section, any company punished. so violating, shall be subject not only to a forfeiture of their charter, but also to a forfeiture of all property they may have in Georgia, to be adjudged and recovered upon information filed by the Solicitor General, to the Superior Court of any county in

which they may have property; and for the purpose of detaining the property until adjudication is had, the Judge of the Superior Court, upon affidavit of the Solicitor General, shall have power, either at Chambers or in open Court, to order the same attached and held in custody by the Sheriff, to answer the judgment of the Court:

Water and lights to be kept in Railroad ears.

4. Sec. IV. Be it further enacted by the authority aforesaid, That the Capital stock of any company which may hereafter organize under the provisions of this Act, may be increased to any desirable amount, by filing a statement of such proposed increased stock, in substantial accordance with the first section of this Act. Sec. V. All conflicting laws are hereby repealed.

Assented to March 21, 1864.

TITLE X.

RAIL ROADS.

Sec. 1. Water and lights to be supplied on passenger Cars, under heavy penalties.

" 2. Conductors and agents liable to indict-!

ment and fine for non-compliance.
3. Judges of Superior Court to give special charge,

(No. 110.)

An Act to require the Railroad Companies of this State, as well as the Western and Atlantic Railroad, to keep water and lights in the cars for passengers, in their respective trains.

Water and lights to be supplied on passencer cars, under heavy penalties.

Section I. The General Assembly of Georgia do enact, That from and after the passage of this act, all Railroad Companies in this State, as well as the Western and Atlantic Railroad, shall keep in each passenger car, or in any car in which passengers are transported, an adequate supply of good, pure drinking water, at all hours during the day and night, and lights during the night, for the use of the passengers; and upon the failure thereof, shall be liable to pay a fine of fine hundred dellars for each and every offence.

SEC. II. Be it further enacted, That any Conductor or agent of conductors a said Roads being requested by any passenger to furnish a sufficient to indictment supply of water to the passengers in each car in the day or night, and fine for and light at night, and shall pass any depot or station without so doing, shall be liable to a fine of one hundred dollars, and to be indicted before the Grand Jury in any county through which said Railroad runs, of which they are agents or Conductors.

SEC. III. It shall be the duty of all Judges of the Superior Courts of this State, to give this act specially in charge to the

Judges of Courts of this State, to give this act Sup. Court to Grand Juries in their respective Courts. clarge.

Sus IV All conflicting laws are here

SES. IV. All conflicting laws are hereby repealed.

Assented to March 21, 1864.

Relief of Habersham county, &c.

TITLE XI.

RELIEF.

Sec. 1. Quar. Mas. Gen. of Ga. to purchase Sec. 3. Certificate of Justices of Infr. Court and transport corn for Habersham required in advance.

required in advance.
4. Funds how drawn.

county, on conditions. 2. Same arrangements for other destitute counties.

5. Money rec'd paid into Treasury.

(No. 111.)

An Act for the relief of Habersham county and all other counties in this . State alike destitute, and for other purposes.

1. Section I. The General Assembly of the State of Georgia do enact, That the Quartermaster General of this State is hereby authorized of Ga, to purand required to purchase and ship to such point on the Railroad transport com as the Justice of the Inferior Court of Habersham county may for Haberdesignate, such amount of corn as the Governor in his discretion conditions may order, not to exceed ten thousand bushels; such corn to bedelivered to the order of the Justices aforesaid, upon the payment of the cost of said corn and the freight thereon; provided, the person or persons applying for said corn shall file his or her affidavit, that said corn is for the use of the citizens of said county and not for the purpose of speculation or distillation,

2. Sec. II. And be it further enacted, That the benefits and privement for other destitute ileges of this Act shall be extended to any county in this State counties.

alike destitute with the said county of Habersham.

SEC. III. Be it further enacted, That it shall not be the duty of Certificates of said Quartermaster General to make any purchase under this Act, Inf. Court required in aduntil the Justices of the Inferior Court of the several counties vance. claiming the benefits of this Act, shall have certified under oath to his Excellency the Governor, the amount of corn in their judgment absolutely necessary for the people of their respective counties, and the Governor shall have informed said Quartermaster General what amount, in his judgment, ought to be furnished to each county making such application; and then it shall be his duty at once to purchase and ship as much of said corn as can be procured.

4. SEC. IV. And be it further enacted, That it shall be the duty of his Excellency the Governor, to draw his warrant on the drawn. Treasury for the amount of money necessary to pay for the purchase and transportation of said corn, to be paid out of any money in the Treasury not otherwise appropriated.

5. SEC. V. And be it further enacted, That the money received Money ree'd the paid into the from the several counties for said corn, shall be paid into the Treas-Treasury.

ary by said Quartermaster General.

Assented to March 21, 1864.

Decisions of Supreme Court

TITLE XII.

SUPREME COURT DECISIONS.

Sec. 1. Reporter of Supreme Court, to furnish Clerks of Supreme Court with pamphlet decisions of each session.

(No. 112.)

An Act to require the Reporter of the Supreme Court to publish the decisions of the Supreme Court, in pamphlet form.

Section I. Be it enacted by the General Assembly of Georgia, That Rep. of Sup'in the Reporter of the Supreme Court shall publish, as soon as possi-Cit to furnish the Reporter of the Supreme Court, the decisions thereof, Supr Court with pumph; in pamphlet form, instead of bound volumes. And said Reporter of each sea- shall furnish to the Clerks of the Superior Courts of each county, three copies of his reports in pamphlet form, to be paid for out of the contingent fund of this State.

Assented to March 21, 1864.

TITLE XIII.

TAXES.

Sec. r. Cotton and other property of Confed | " 2. Former taxes on cotton released, and Gov. exempt from taxation in this State.

refunded.

(No. 113.)

An Act to exempt from taxation, cotton and other propery, owned by our Confederate States Government, in this State, and for other purposes.

Cotton and Gov. exempt from tax in this State.

1. Section I. The General Assembly of Georgia do enact, That from other proper-ty of Couled, and after the passage of this Act, in addition to lands, mines, and minerals, of our Confederate States Government, now exempt from taxation, all cotton, or other property, held, and owned, in this State, by the Confederate States Government, be, and the same is . hereby exempt from taxation.

Former taxes

2. Sec. II. Be it further enacted, That where any cotton belongon cotton religion ing to the Confederate States Government, has been returned for taxation, during this year, and the taxes been paid to any Tax Collector, said officer is hereby authorized to release said property from taxation, and to refund the money collected on the same for tax.

Assented to March 21, 1864.

LOCAL AND PRIVATE LAWS.

TITLE I.—COUNTY COURTS.

" II.—EDUCATION.

" III.—INCORPORATIONS.

" IV.—INTERNAL TRANSPORTATION.

" V.—RELIEF.

TITLE I.

COUNTY COURTS:

Sec. 1. Inf'r. Court of Washington county (for county purposes) to be held the first Tuesdays in each month.

(No. 114.)

An Act to repeal an Act, entitled on Act to change the time of holding the Inferior Court, for county purposes, of Washington county, from the first Tuesday to the first Wednesday in each month, assented to April 17th, 1863.

1. Section I. Be it enacted by the General Assembly of the State Inf. Court of Georgia, That from and after the passage of this Act, the Act to Co. (for court entitled an Act to change the time of holding the Inferior Court of to be held washington county, for county purposes, from the first Tuesday Washington county, for county purposes, from the first Tuesday in each to the first Wednesday in each month, assented to April 17th, 1863, be, and the same is hereby repealed.

SEC. II. Repeals conflicting laws.

Assented to March 19, 1864.

TITLE II.

ELUCATION.

Sec. 1. \$418 appropriated to make up deficit of common School Fund of Wilcox Co. for 1863_ (No. 115.)

An Act to appropriate four hundred and eighteen dollars for the Common School Fund of the county of Wilcox for the year 1863.

1. Section I. The General Assembly of the State of Georgia dos

Amend act incorporating the town of Fort Gaines.

\$418 appro. enact, That the sum of four hundred and eighteen dollars be, and priated to make up de. the same is hereby appropriated. to be paid out of the common ficit of com-School Fund. field of com-School Fund at the next distribution, to the common School fund of Wilcox county, in order to make up the deficit to which said county is entitled, in consequence of the amount not having been drawn, to which said county is equitably entitled.

Assented to March 18, 1864.

TITLE III.

INCORPORATIONS.

Sec. 1. Prescribes days for election of municipal officers of Fort Gaines.

(No. 116.)

An Ac to amend an Act entitled an Act to incorporate the town of Fort Gaines, in the county of Clay, to define its jurisdictional limits, and for other purposes therein mentioned, assented to April 18th, 1863.

1. Section I. Be it enacted, That the first section of the above recited Act, be so amended as to authorize the election of the offi-Prescribes days for elec-tion of the punicipal cers prescribed in said section, on the first Saturday in May 1864, and the first Saturday in January in each year thereafter. officers o fort traines.

Sec. II. Repeals conflicting laws.

Assented to March 18, 1864.

TITLE IV.

INTERNAL TRANSPORTATION.

COLUMBIA AND AUGUSTA RAIL ROAD COMPANY.

Sec. 1. The Columbia and Hamburg Rail Road Sec. 13. Stock transferrable.

Company interpreted, and name sec. 14. Capital Stock may be increased to changed to "Columbia and Augustive inillions, if necessary. Individta Rail Road Company." All former acts of President, Directors and Stockholders ratified. Corporate

Road and its property.

Annual reports of the condition of closest company to be week to the condition of closest company to be week to the condition of company to be well as the condition of conditions of condi Sec. 3. Number of votes to which Stockholders tions, & c., a majority of all the shares shall be represented in person or by shall be represented in person.

The proxy A smaller number may adjourn from time to time, till a quosum from time to time t

Sec. 4. President how elected. Directors elec-ted annually. The President or any Sec. 18. Public roads may be rnn across and Director removable at a general or called meeting. President and 5 Directors constitute a Board for business, or 6 Directors in absence of

President or Directors how filled. Sec. 5. Annual meetings of Stockholders prescribed, and time and place how de-

termined.

Sec. 6. If no election of Directors is held at the regular annual meeting, the bye laws may prescribe how held afterwards.

Sec. 7. Special meetings, how called. Sec. 8. All contracts authenticated by the President and Secretary, binding. without a seal.

Sec. 9. May construct a Rail Road. Initial and terminal points, with certain con-nections prescribed. Provisoes as to the consent of the City Authorities of Augusta and Ga. R. R. Co.
The use of any finished part or section authorized.

Sec. 10. Rates of freight and fare to be fixed by Board of Directors.

Sec. 11. May farm out right of transportation Liable as common carriers.

Liable as common carriers.

Sec. 12. On failure to pay installments as required, the share or shares of any Stockholder may be sold at public auction. Any surplus of the sale, how disposed of. Sale or assignment of stock does not release original proprietor from payment of his cull share. Additional remedy. by suit. Forfeiture of shares of de linquent subscribers authorized on 20 days' notice. 20 days' notice.

five millions, if necessary. Individ-nal Stockholders have preference in taking the shares to be raised. If not taken by Stockholders, books of

powers and franchises.

Sec. 2. Aff dirs to be managed by a Board of 12 Directors, elected by and from the Stockholders.

Subscription may be opened.

Sec. 15. President and Directors may borrow money, and issue certificates, bonds, &c. May mortgage and pledge the

meeting of Stockholders; and bye laws may prescribe for occasional

along; but when obstructed, new roads to be provided by Company. Draws to be made in bridges over

navigable streams.

President, one of whom shall be Sec. 19. On disagreement as to value of any President pro tem. Vacancy of lands or right of way necessary, lands or right of way necessary, setlement to be made by Commis-sioners. How appointed. Beneat and damage the criteria of valuation. Appea to jury authorized. Proceedings of Commissioners with full description of land to be returned to the Court issuing Commission. Record of proceedings vests title in Company. Ten days notice to be given by applicants to owners—and in cases of minors, or persons non compos mentis, guardians to be notified. Notice by newspaper publication to be given to parties "not to be found." Appeals not to retard the work. Pending appeal, Company to give bond and security for eventual recovery

Sec. 20. In absence of contracts, the Road presumed to be properly in possession of any lands-traversed, with 65 feet on either side from center of track. Assessments for right of way to be made within 12 months after com-pletion of Road through any one's land, or barred thereafter. Rights of feme coverts and infants not afdisability. Purchasers of Road, or any part, at execution sale, to keep

Columbia & Auguata Railroad Company.

Sec. 22. Intrusions on said Road, how pun Sec. 26. May be crossed by any Rail Road ished.

Sec. 23. Persons damaging or obstructing said
Rond, or aiding in the same, indictable. Punishment. Plea of bemade. ing agent or servant disallowed, in Sec. 28. Charter of Columbia and Hamburg

cases of injury done. Rail Road continued, where not re-All obstructions to free passage de-clared public naisances, and may be abuted as such; and persons causing them indicted.

As prescribe rules of priority in Sec. 24. All obstructions to free passage de-

Sec. 25. May prescribe rules of priority in transportation; likewise general rates to be published, and special rates for particular owners. Charges for stoobtained, corporate property shall be first subject—and private property of Stockholders afterwards.

(No. 117.)

An Act to incorporate the Columbia and Augusta Rail Road Compamy.

1 Section I. Be it enacted by the General Assembly of the State The Columbia and Hamburg Rail Road, Company, R. Co incorporated, and which has been formed under a charter granted by the General name change. Assembly of the State of South Carolina, ratified on the twenty-bia & Augusta first day of December, in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and fifty-eight, be, and the same is hereby incorporated by the name of the Columbia and Augusta Rail Road Company;

All former and all acts and things heretofore done by the Stockholders of said acts, directors and stock-company, and by the President and Directors heretofore elected by holders rathing the said stock and the said stock and stock company. them, be, and the same are hereby ratified and made lawful, in as full and ample a manner, as if they had been authorized and allowed by the said charter. Provided, the same were not in violation of existing law or laws, or of the Constitution of this State, or of the Confederate States of America; and by the above title, the said Stockholders shall have corporate existence in this State and in the State of South Carolina; if incorporated by that State; and shall have perpetual succession of members; may have a common seal, may sue and be sued, plead and be impleaded, in any Court of law or equity; and may make all such rules, regulations and bye-laws, as are not inconsistent with the laws or Constitution of this State, the State of South Carolina, or the Confederate States; Provided, that service of process upon the principal agent of said Company, or any Director thereof, shall be deemed and taken to be due and lawful notice of service of process upon the

Corporate powers and franchises.

directors.

Company, so as to bring it before the Court. 2. Sec. II. Be it further enacted, That the affairs of said Com-Affairs to be? managed by a board of 12 pany shall be managed and directed by a general board, to consist of twelve Directors, to be elected by the Stockholders, from and

amongst the Stockholders residing in this State.

Number of votes to 3. Sec. III. Be it further enacted, That the election of Direcwhich stock-tors shall be by ballot; and each Stockholder at any general noters are unitted, grad-meeting of the Company shall be entitled to one vote upon all unted by No. shares held by him, not more than fifty; to one vote for every Columbia & Augusta Railroad Company.

five shares upon all shares held by him more than fifty, and not more than one hundred; and upon all shares more than one hun-in matters of dred, to one vote for every ten shares, to be given by the Stock-a majority of holder in person, or by his proxy, in all elections, and upon all shall be represented in the control of th matters to be submitted to the decision of the Conpany; and to sented in perconstitute a meeting of the Stockholders, authorized to make proxy. elections, or to decide upon any matter upon which it shall be necessary for the Stockholders to act as a company, a majority of host adjourn all the shares shall be represented, by the Stockholders themselves, time till quotien to or by his, her, or their proxy, or proxies, and if a sufficient num-tained. ber do not appear on the day appointed, those who do attend shall. have power to adjourn from time to time until a quorum shall be obtained.

4. SEC. IV. Be it further enacted, That the President of the President Company shall be elected by the Dicrectors, from amongst their number. as the regulations of the company may prescribe; and Directors the Stockholders, at each annual meeting, shall elect twelve Di-elected annually, rectors, who shall continue in office, unless sooner removed, until the next annual meeting after their election, and until their suctessors shall be elected, and shall enter upon their duties; but or any Director the President, and any of the Directors, may at any time be reat a general or moved, and the vacany thereby occasioned, be filled by a majoring. ty of the remaining Directors, at any general or called meeting.

The President and any five or more Directors shall constitute a 5 or more Directors. The President and any five or more Directors shall constitute a 5 or more Directors of the absence ture a board of the transaction of business; and in case of the absence ture a board of the President from sickness or other cause, six Directors, one of 6 Directors of whom shall be appointed to act as President pro tem, shall confresion of tresident, one of whom shall be appointed to act as President pro tem, shall confresion of tresident one of the president of the protein dent or any Director, from death, removal, resignation or disa-vacancy of bility, the same may be filled by a majority of the remaining President or Director how filled. members of the board until the annual meeting.

5. Sec. V. And be it further enacted, That there shall be annual Assual meetings of the proprietors of the stock, at such times and places, bolders presented, and as the preceding annual meetings shall have appointed. At such time and place how determined or at any special meeting, proprietors of stock may attend and vote, in person, or by proxies, under such regulations as the byelaws shall prescribe.

6. Sec. VI. And be it further enacted, That if the day of the an-of Directors nual election should pass, without any election of Directors, the regular annucorporation shall not thereby be dissolved; but it shall be law-the bye-laws ful on any other day to hold and make such election, in such man-how held ar-

ner as may be prescribed by the bye-laws of the corporation.

7. SEC. VII. And be it further enacted, That special meetings of Special meetthe Company shall be called, whenever twenty members of the ings how Company, or more, owning together three hundred shares stock, shall require it. Provided, that public notice shall first be given of the time and place of such meeting, and of the object for which it is called, unless the interest of the Company requires that the cause of convening the meeting should not be published,

Columbia & Augusta Railroad Company.

and provided also, that either in person, or by proxy, there shall be present at the meeting, a number of persons owning together a majority of the stock.

Contracts how binding.

S. Sec. VIII. And be it further enacted, That all contracts or agreements, authenticated by the President and Secretary of the general or local board, shall be binding on the company without a seal; or such mode of authentication may be used, as the company by their bye-laws, may adopt.

May con-struct Rail-

Initial and terminal points, with certain connections, pre-

Provisoes.

9. Sec. IX. And be it further enacted, That the company shall have power, and may proceed to construct, as speedily as may be practicable, a Rail Road with one or more tracks, to be used with steam, animal or other power, which extends from some point on the Charlotte and South Carolina Rail Road, in or near the city of Columbia, and to cross the Savannah River at or near the city of Augusta, in the State of Georgia, and to connect with the Georgia Rail Road in the said city of Augusta. Provided, the consent of the authorities of the City of Augusta, and the Georgia Rail Road Company, shall first have been obtained. Provided also, that the said company may use any section, or portion of the said road, before the whole thereof shall be completed. Provided further, that the Columbia and Augusta Rail Road Company shall not have power to enter within the corporate limits of the City of of Augusta with the said road, except upon such terms, limitations and restrictions, as may be imposed by the municipal authorities of the city.

Rates of freight and

10. Sec. X. And be it further enacted, That said company shall fregue and is have the exclusive right of conveyance or transportation of perdet by hoard of Directors. sons, goods or merchandise, and produce, over the said road to be by them constructed, and shall have power to fix and establish such rates of charges for the transportation of persons, goods, produce, merchandise, and other articles, as the Board of Directors may establish.

May farm out The Sec. At. And to the right of transportation on right of transportation when they see fit, may farm out their rights of transportation on said road, subject to the provisions of this charter; and said com-Liable as company, and every person or company, who may have received from them the right of transporting goods, wares and produce en said road, shall be deemed and taken to be common carriers, as respects all goods, wares, merchandise and produce, entrusted to

11. Sec. XI. And be it further enacted, That said Company,

them for transportation.

On failure to 12. Sec. XII. And be it further enacted, That if any Stockholder pay install-ments as re-quired, the shares of any stockholder shall fail to pay the installment or installments required of him, on his share or shares, by the President and Directors, or a majorimay be sold at ty of them, within one month after the call for the same shall tion. have been advertised in one or more papers published in the City of Columbia or Augusta, as the case may be, it shall and may be lawful for the President and Directors, or a majority of them, to sell at public auction, and to convey to the purchaser or purchasers, the share or shares of such stockholders so failing or retusing,

Columbia & Augusta Railroad Company.

giving twenty days notice of the time and place of sale; and after retaining the sum due, and all expenses incident to the sale, out of the proceeds, shall pay the surplus to the former owner, or his Any surplus legal representatives or assignees; and any purchases of the stock how disposed of the company, under the sale by the President and Directors as aforesaid, shall be subject to the same rules and regulations as the original proprietor, and no sale by the original proprietor of stock sale or assignor assignees, shall release the original proprietor from his obliga-ment of stock, tion to the company to pay the whole amount of his subscription. In addition to the foregoing remedy, the President and Directors Additional by may proceed by action of assumpsit or debt, in any of the courts suit. of law of the States of South Carolina and Georgia, for the recovery of the installments due and not paid by any delinquent Stock-Forfeiture of holder or his assignees, who shall not pay the same on requisition hardest demande in manner or form as aforesaid; or the President and Directors, or a majority of them, may deelere the share or shares of any Stockholder, in arrears, after twenty days' notice, forfeited for the use and benefit of the company.

13. SEC. XIII. And be it further enacted, That the stock of said ferable, Company may be transferred, in such manner and form, as may be directed by the by-laws of said Company.

14. Sec. XIV. And be it further enacted, That if the capital stock shall be deemed, by a majority of the Directors, to be insufficient, Capital stock it shall and may be lawful, at some general meeting, by a vote of reased to five the stock-holders, from time to time, to increase the capital stock necessary. of said Company, to an amount not exceeding five millions of dollars, by the addition of as many shares as may be necessary for that purpose; and the President and Directors shall first give the individual Stockholders, for the time, or their legal representa-Individual tives, the option of taking such additional shares, and an apportence in tak-tionment, if necessary, shall be made amongst them; and if such to be raised. additional shares shall not be taken by the Stockholders, the President and Directors shall cause books to be opened, under the di-by stockhold-rection of Commissioners, to be appointed by them, at such time abscription and place as they shall designate, which time and place shall be duly may be openadvertised, for subscriptions for said additional shares, or for so much thereof as may not be taken by the individual Stockholders as aforesaid, and the subscribers for such additional shares, are hereby declared to be thenceforward incorporated into said Company, with all the privileges, and advantages, and subject to all the liabilities of the original Stockholders.

15. Sec. XV. And be it further enacted, That the President and President and Directors Directors, or a majority of them, shall have power to borrow mon-may borrow money, &c. ey for the objects of this Act; to issue Certificates, Bonds, or other evidences of such loans; and to make the same convertible into the stock of the Company, at the pleasure of the holder; Provided, the capital stock of said Company shall not thereby be increased beyond five million of dollars; also, to mortgage, or otherwise

Columbia & Augusta Railroad Company.

May mortand property.

pledge the said road, and any of the property of the Company, to pledge the Road and its secure such loans, and the interest thereon.

Annual re-ports of the condition of Co to be made and bye-laws may provide for occasional meetings,

16. Sec. XVI. And be it further enacted, That the Directors shall, once in every year at least, make a full report, on the state of the Company, and its affairs, to a general meeting of the Stock-Co to be made to a general holders; and shall have power to call a general meeting of the meeting of stockholders, Stockholders, when the Board may deem it expedient; and the Company may provide in their by-laws, for occasional meetings being called, and prescribe the mode thereof.

its business.

Public roads

to provide

made in bridges over

navigable

streams.

17. Sec. XVII. And be it further enacted, That the said Company co. may purchase have, and hold in fee, or for a term of years, any real estate for purposes con-lands, tenements or hereditaments, which may be necessary for the necessary for the purpose of sold Road; or for the erection of densitories, storehous business of said Road; or for the erection of depositories, storehouses, houses for the officers, servants, or agents of the Company; or for workshops, or foundries to be used for said Company, or for procuring stones, or other materials, necessary for the construction of the Road, or for effecting transportation thereon, and for no other purpose whatever.

18. Sec. XVIII. And be it further enacted, That said Company may be run across and along, but when obstructed, the Co. shall have the right, when necessary, to conduct the said road across, or along, any public road or water course; Provided, that the said Company shall not obstruct any public road, without constructing another, equally as good and convenient as may be; nor without making a draw, in any bridge of said road, which may Draws to be pass a navigable stream, sufficient for the passage of vessels navigating said stream; which draw shall be opened by the Company,

for the free passage of vessels, navigating said stream.

On disagreement as to value of any of way neces-

Com's how appointed.

Benefit and damage the criteria of valuation.

19. Sec. XIX. And be it further enacted, That when any lands, or rights of way may be required by said Company, for the purlands or right pose of constructing their road, and for want of agreements as to sary, settles the value thereof, or from any other cause, the same may be taken at a valuade by Com-chased from the owner or owners, the same may be taken at a valuade by Com-chased from the owner or owners, or a majority of them, to be appointed by any Court of record, having common law jurisdiction in the County, or District, where some part of the land or right of way is situated. In making the said valuation, the said Commissioners shall take into consideration the loss or damage which may occur to the owner or owners, in consequence of the land being taken, or the right of way surrendered, and also, the benefit and advantage, such owner, or owners, may receive from the erection or establishment of the Rail Road, or work, and shall state, particularly, the nature and amount of each; and the excess of loss or damage, over and above the advantage and benefit, shall form the measure of valuation of said land or right of way, Appealtojury Provided, nevertheless, in case either party shall appeal from the valuation, to the next session of the Court granting the commission, and giving fifteen days notice to the opposite party of such appeal, the Court shall order a new valuation to be made by a jury, who shall be charged therewith, in the same term, or as soon as pos-

authorized.

Columbia & Augusta Ra.lroad Company.

sible; and their verdict shall be final and conclusive between the parties, unless a new trial shall be granted. The proceedings of proceedings said Commissioners, accompanied with a full description of the said full description of a majority of the Commissioners, to the Court from which the commission. Commission issued, there to remain a matter of record; and the land or right of way so valued by the Commissioners, shall vest in Record of proceeding the said Company, discharged from all previous liens, so long as Yeststille in Company. the same shall be used for the purposes of said Rail Road, so soon as the valuation may be paid, or when tendered, may be refused, Provided, that on the application for this appointment of Commissioners, under this section, it shall be made to appear to the satisfaction of the Court, that at least ten days previous notice has been given by the applicants to the owner or owners of the land, so Ten days' noproposed to be condemned; or if the owner, or owners, be infants, en, &c. or non compos mentis, then to the Guardian or Committee, of such owners, if such Guardian or Committee can be found within the County or District; or if he cannot be so found, then such appointment shall not be made, unless notice of the application shall have been published at least one month, next preceding, in some news-n-wspaper paper, printed as conveniently as may be to the Court House of by given to the County, or District, Provided, that when there shall be an ap-be found. peal as aforesaid, from the valuation of the Commissioners, by either of the parties, the same shall not prevent the work intended to be constructed, from proceeding. But when the appeal is Appeals not made, the Company requiring the surrender, they shall be at lib-to retard the work. erty to proceed in their work, only on condition of giving the opposite party a bond, with good security, to be approved by the In meantime Clerk of the Court where the valuation is returned, in a penalty bond and serve equal to double the said valuation, conditioned for the payment of eventual rethe said valuation and interest, in case the same be sustained; and every. in case it be reversed, for the payment of the valuation, thereafter to be made by the Jury, and confirmed by the Court. 20. SEC. XX. And be it further enacted, That in the absence of in absence of

any contract, with the said Company, in relation to Road presum-lands, through which the said Road or its Branches may pass, sin of any signed by the owner thereof, or his agent, or any claimant, or per-lands travers-son in possession thereof, it shall be presumed, that the land, upon side from cen-which said Road, or any of its Branches, may be constructed, to true of track. gether with the space of sixty-five feet on each side of the center of said Road, has been granted to the Company, by the owner or owners thereof, and the said Company shall have good right and title thereto, and shall have, hold and enjoy the same, as long as the same may be used only for the purpose of said Rail Road, dischar-Assessments ged from all previous liens, and no longer, unless the person or way to be persons ownings the said land, at the time that part of the said through any ing under him, her or them, shall apply for an assessment of the ones land, or those claim-tion of Road ing under him, her or them, shall apply for an assessment of the ones land, or better there. value of said lands, as hereinbefore directed, within one year, next

Columbia & Augusta Railroad Company.

after that part of said Road, was finished; and in case the owner, or owners, or those claiming under him, her or them, shall not apply within one year, next after the said part was finished, he, she or they, shall be forever barred from recovering said land, or having any assessment or compensation therefor; Provided, that nothing Rights of feme herein contained, shall effect the rights of feme coverts, or infants,

coverts and infants not uf- until two years after the removal of their respective disabilities, years after re- and provided, also, that if said Road, or any part thereof, should be sold at Execution sale, for the debts of said Company, or otherwise, then, and in that case, all the rights and titles to the land, which may have been condemned by virtue of this Act, shall immediately Purchasers of Road at any execution sale revert to the owner, or owners, unless the purchaser, or purchasexecution sale to keep it up ers, at such sale, shall keep up the Road, for the use of the public, according to in the same manner and all the road. according to original char in the same manner, and under the same restrictions, as by this Act it is contemplated, "The Columbia and Augusta Rail Road" should

be appropria-

21. Sec. XXI. And be it further enacted, That all lands, not State lands heretofore granted, nor appropriated by law, to the use of the distance may State, within sixty-five feet of the center of the Road, which may be constructed by said Company, as soon as the line of the Road is definitely laid out through it, and any grant of the same thereafter, shall be void.

Intrusions on

22. Sec. XXII. And be it further enacted, That if any person, or said Road, persons, shall intrude upon the said Rail Road, by any manner of use thereof, or of the rights and privileges connected therewith. without the permission, or contrary to the will of said Company, he, she, or they, shall forthwith forfeit to the said Company, all the vehicles intruded on the said Road, and the same may be recovered by suit at law; and the person, or persons, so intruding, may also be indicted, under the laws now of force in this State.

. 23. SEC. XXIII. And be it further enacted, That if any person

Persons dam-shall wilfully, and maliciously, destroy, or in any manner hurt, structing said damage, or of struct, or shall wilfully, or maliciously, cause, or aid, ing in the group or assist, or counsel, or advise any other person, or persons, to deing in the or assist, or counsel, or advise any other person, or persons, to destroy, or in any manner, hurt, damage, or destroy, injure, or obstruct, the said Rail Road, or any bridge, or vehicles, used for, or in the transportation thereon, such person, or persons, so offending shall be liable to be indicted therefor, and on conviction, shall be imprisoned, not more than six months, nor less than one month, and pay a fine, not exceeding five hundred dollars, nor less than twenty, at the discretion of the Court, before which, such conviction shall take place, and shall be liable further to pay all the expenses of repairing the same; and it shall not be competent for any Plea of being person, so offending, against the provisions of this clause, to defend agent or serv-himself, by pleading, or giving in evidence, that he was the owned in cases of er, or agent, or servant, of the owner of said land, when such destruction, hart, damage, injury, or obstruction, was don'e, or caus-

ed. at the time the same was done or caused. 24. Sec. XXIV. And be it further enacted, That every obstruction Columbia & Augusta Railroad Company.

to the safe, and free passage of vehicles on the said Road, and its branches, shall be deemed a public nuisance, and may be abated as tools to fire such, by any officer, agent, or servant, of the Company; and the passage department. persons causing such obstructions, may be indicted and pun shed, nuisance, under the laws now of force in this State.

- 25. SEC. XXV. And be it further enacted, That said Company May prescribe shall have the right to take, at the store-houses they may establish transportation, ac. on, or annexed to their Rail Road, or the branches thereof, all goods, wares, merchandise and produce, intended for transportation; prescribe the rules of priority, and charge and receive such just and reasonable compensation for storage, as the by-laws may establish, which they shall cause to be published, or as may be fixed by agreement with the owner, which may be distinct from the rates of transportation, provided, that the said Company shall not charge, As to charges or receive, storage on goods, wares, merchandise, or produce, which for storage. may be delivered to them, at their regular depositories, for immediate transportation, and which the Company may have the power of transporting immediately.
- 26. SEC. XXVI. And be it further enacted, That any Rail Road, May be crosswhich may hereafter be constructed by the State, or by any Com-ed by any pany, incorporated by the Legislature, shall be at liberty to cross chartered by the road hereby allowed to be constructed, upon a level, or other-as not to obvise, as may be advantageous; *Provided*, that the free passage of "The Columbia and Augusta Rail Road", is not hereby obstructed.

27. Sec. XXVII. And be it further enacted, That the profits of

the Company, or so much thereof as the General Board of Direc-dividend of tors may deem advisable, shall, when the officers of the Company made. will permit, be semi-annually divided among the stockholders, in proportion to the stock each may own.

28. SEC. XXVIII. And be it further enacted, That the charter Charter of Columbia and heretofore granted to the Columbia and Hamburg Rail Road Com_R. continue, pany, shall continue of force, except in so far as it may be re puguant to pugnant to the provisions of this Act.

29. Sec. XXIX. And be it further enacted, That the private property of each stockholder, equal to the amount of his stock, holders, equal shall be liable for the debts of the incorporation. In the event of to amount of stock, liable the neglect or refusal of the incorporation, to pay any debt. owing for debts. by the same, the creditor or creditors thereof, may sue the Company in their corporate name; and upon obtaining execution against sued in corporate Company, it shall first be levied upon the corporate property of said Company, which shall be first liable, and upon the return of the proper officer or officers, of no corporate property to be found, said execution may be levied upon an amount of the private property of any stockholder of the Company, equal to the amount of his stock; if that be not sufficient to satisfy said execution, then it may be levied upon the private property of any other stockholder, equal to his stock, and so on, until the execution is fully satis-

Ocmulgee River Railroad.

fied; and in all cases, the levying officer shall be the judge of the amount of property necessary to satisfy the fi fu

30. Sec. XXX. Repeals conflicting laws.

Assented to, March 21, 1864.

OCMULGEE RIVER RAIL ROAD.

Company. Shall have the same rights and privileges of Macon and Bruns-wick Rail Road Co.

" 31, Initial, intermediate and terminal points.

" 32. May construct branch roads, as well as connect with and cross other Roads.

" 33. Shall construct an open stone bridge, where the Road crosses Octube River at or near Macon, double tracked, and free for foot and carriage passengers.

" 34. Capital stock how much, and how divided. Stock how transferred,

" 35. Corporators shall act as Directors till new Board is elected.

Sec. 30. Corporators of Occulgee Rail Road Sec. 36, Permanent Board, when and low elected rmanent, Sourd, when and Low elected Such Board may elect President and other necessary officers, pass by-laws, &c. Regulations for voting. Board may fill vacancies till annual election, fix compensation of Presi-dent &c. Quorum for business. Books of subscription to capital stock may be opened at discretion of Board. of Board

" 37. Mode of determining payment of right of way in disputed cases.

" 38. Power to tax Bank Stock reserved by General Assembly.
" 39. Freights and charges subject to legisla-

tive control.

(No. 118.)

An Act to incorporate the Ocmulgee River Railroad, and for other purposes therein mentioned.

Coperators of

30. Section I. That for the purpose of constructing a Railroad Oceanige R. from the city of Macon to the city of Griffin in this State. Howell Cobb, Eugenius A. Nisbet, William B. Johnston, Edward L. Strohecker, Jerry Cowles, L. N. Whittle, Charles Day, James A. Ralston, William B. Parker, O. G. Sparks, Thurston R. Bloom, Arthur E. Cochran, J. H. R. Washington, and George W. Price, and such other corporators and individuals as may be associated with them, and their assigns, shall forever hereafter be, and they are hereby made a body politic and corporate, by the name and style of the "The Ocmulgee River Railroad Company," and by said corporate name shall continue in operation, with all the rights, privileges-Shall have same rights & and immunities granted to the Macon and Brunswick Railroad M. & B. R. R. Company by their act of incorporation, and the several acts amendatory thereto; and the same are made a part of this charter, so far as is applicable to the same.

Shall have

Initial, intermediate and terminal points.

be found necessary.

31. Sec. II. That said Company shall have full power and authority to survey, lay out and construct a rail road, from the city of Macon, by the way of the Indian Springs in the county of Butts, or to such point or place as near thereto as may be found practicable, to the city of Griffin in this State, and the same to equip, use and enjoy.

32. Sec. III. That said company shall have the power to con-May con-struct branch struct such branches as they may see fit, not interfering with the reads, &c. shartered rights of any other incorporated company now in exischartered rights of any other incorporated company now in existence, without the consent of such company; and to connect said road and its branches with any other road now constructed, or to be hereafter constructed, and to cross the same wherever it may

Gemulgee River Railroad.

33. Sec. IV. That said company shall have power, and they are hereby required, to build across the Ocmulgee river, at the city of shall con-Macon, where said rail road shall cross said river, an open stone stone bridge bridge of sufficient width and strength to admit of a double track where the good crosses for said railroad and for a carriage and foot way for teams and pas-niver at or sengers, and if said carriage and foot way upon said bridge shall be near Macon. used by teams and passengers, no charge for tolls shall be demanded or received by said company, for the passage of such teams or passengers.

34. SEC. That the capital stock of said company shall be three Capital stock, millions of dollars, to be divided into shares of one hundred dollars how intended divided and the same to be transferable on the books of said company, as may be prescribed by the Board of Directors; and no stockholder stock, how indebted to said company shall transfer his or her stock, without the

consent of a majority of the Directors.

35. Sec. VI. That the persons above mentioned shall act as a corporators Board of Directors, until said company shall be fully organized rectors till new Board is.

and until a new Board shall be elected.

36. Sec. VII. At any time after one hundred thousand dollars of the capital stock of said company shall be subscribed for and Pennapeat paid, in such currency as shall be received by the State of Georgia Board, when and how elector taxes, a permanent Board of Directors shall be chosen, after red. giving twenty days' notice to the stockholders, by publication, in one or more of the newspapers published in the city of Macon, of a meeting of said stockholders to be called for that purpose; said Eoard may elect Presi-Directors shall have power to elect one of their number President dent and othof said company, and to appoint such other officers as they may pass by claws, deem necessary and proper for said company, and to pass such bylaws as they may think proper for the government of said company, not repugnant to the constitution and laws of this State; and the said board of Directors shall hold their office for the term of one year, and until their successors are elected; and in all cases, Regulations the stockholders shall have the right to vote in person. or by proxy, for voting. under power of Attorney duly executed; and the number of votes to which each stockholder shall be entitled, shall be according to the number of shares, he, she, or they may hold, either in their own right, or as Guardian, Executor, Administrator, agent or Trustee, for at least one month previous to said election, one vote Board may for each share; the board of Directors shall have power to fill all till annual vacancies which may occur in their board until the next annual election, &c. election by the stockholders, and shall fix the compensation of the Quorum for President of said company, five of whom shall constitute a quo-bneiness. rum for the transaction of business, of whom the President shall be one, except in cases of sickness or necessary absence, when his place may be filled by one of the board present, to be elected President pro. tem. by a majority of the board present.

36. Sec. VIII. That the board of Directors for the time being scription tech shall be authorized to open books of subscription to the capital may be openstock of said company, at such times, and at such places, as they, tion of Board-

Macon & Western Railroad.

or a majority of them, shall designate; and prescribe the terms and conditions of such subscription for such stock.

Mode of de-CASOR.

37. Sec. IX. That all questions concerning the right of way, between said company and the owners of land through which said payment of way Road may run, shall be tried and determined according to the proint disputed visions of the fifteenth section of an Act, approved December 14th. 1835, to amend an Act to incorporate the Central Railroad Canal Company of Georgia.

38. Sec. X. That the power of taxing said Railroad Bank Power to tax stock reserved in the General As-

Assembly. sembly.

39. SEC. XI. Be it further enacted, That the freights and charges Freights and charges sub-charges sub-ject to legisla of this Railroad shall always be subject to the control of the Legtive control. islature.

SEC. XII. †All conflicting laws are hereby repealed.

. As this bill has passed by over two-thirds majority, I yield my JOSEPH E. BROWN, assent to it, March 23d, 1864.

Governor.

*By reference to Act of April 10, 1863, Pam. p 223, it will be seen the Macon and B. R. R. Company had conferred on it the same Barking privileges of the Central Rail Road and Barking Company,—and as the first section of this Actoonters on the Ocmulgee Rail Road Co., all the privileges of the Macon and Brunswick Rail Road, it follows that the Company incorporated by this Act have banking privileges. Hence, the use of the term "Rail Road Bank Stock" in the 10th section.

tFor duration of charter see Resolution No. 57 of this Pam.

MACON AND WESTERN RAIL ROAD.

Sec. 40. Macon and Western Rail Road authorized to charge same fare and freight as Central Rail Road.

(No. 119.)

An Act to amend an Act to amend the charter of the Macon and Western Railroad Company, assented to December 14, 1863.

40. Section I. The General Assembly of Georgia do enact, That M. & W. R. R authorized to the before recited Act be amended as follows; the Macon and charge same Western Railroad shall hereafter be entitled to charge for pasfectly as central R. R. sengers and freight the same rates per mile as are charged or may central R. R. sengers and freight the central Railroad of this State. hereafter be charged by the Central Railroad of this State.

> 41. Sec. II. That so much of the act of the 14th December, 1863,* as is in conflict with the 1st section of this Act, and all oth-

er laws conflicting are hereby repealed.

Assented to March 19, 1864.

*For Act referred to, see page 65 of this Pamphlet.

Tax Receivers and Collectors.

TITLE V:

RELIEF.

Sec. I. Preamble as to justice of allowing Tax Receivers and Collectors of certain larger counties named, commissions on collections of "State Income Tax." Commissions allowed, and to be drawn by Governor's warrant on the State Treasury.

(No. 120.)

An Act for the relief of the Tax Receivers and Collectors of the counties of Richmond, Chatham, Muscogee, Bibb, Decatur and Fulton for the year 1863.

WHEREAS, by an Act of the Legislature assented to November 30th, 1861, the officers of Tax Receiver and Collector of this State Preamble as were consolidated, and only the commissions of one officer was al-glowing Tax Receivers and lowed for the service of both offices, in the collection of the Gen-Collectors of eral State tax: and the largest commission allowed to any one of counties commissions on ficer, not being more than fifteen hundred dollars; and whereas, in collection of State Income the year 1862, the Legislature passed a special Act taxing incomes Tax. of Traders, Manufacturers, &c., the proceeds of which were directed to be appropriated to the families of indigent soldiers; and no provision being made for the payment of the collection of this tax, the Governor and Comptroller General 'allowed all other Tax Receivers and Collectors, the usual commission on said tax, but declined to allow the Tax Receivers and Collectors of Richmond, Chatham and Muscogee counties any commissions, and the Tax Receivers and Collectors of Bibb, Decatur and Fulton counties, but partial commissions, because of that provision of the Act of 1861, which prohibited any one Tax Receiver and Collector receiving more than fifteen hundred dollars for his services-; and whereas after the passage of the Act of 1861, the currency greatly depreciated, making the amount received in 1863, as commissions, not half, and hardly one-fourth as much as it was in 1861, when the fifteen hundred dollars limit was prescribed,

1. Section I. Be it enacted by the General Assembly of Georgia, Commissions That the Tax Receivers and Collectors of the counties of Rich-by Gov's war. mond, Chatham, Muscogee, Bibb, Decatur and Fulton, be allow-rant on the State Treas'y ed the usual commissions under the Code, for the collection of the income tax of their counties for the year 1863, without regard to the commissions received for the collection of the general State tax, or without regard to the limit contained in the proviso of the Act of the 30th November, 1861; and his Excellency the Governor, be directed to draw his warrant upon the State Treasury for said commissions, which have been paid into the Treasury.

Assented to March 19, 1864.



RESOLUTIONS

ADOPTED BY

THE SENATE

AND

HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES,

OF THE

STATE OFGEORGIA,

AT THE CALLED SESSION OF THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY, HELD IN MARCH, 1864.

No. 37. Acknowledgment, with pride and grat-No. 46. Peace desirable, and on what terms itude, of the Battle Flags of the 10th and 50th Geo. Regrey's, through Gen. Goode Bryan; the same to be safely

deposited in the State Capitol.

33. Counsel to be employed in prosecutions for unlawful distillation, and paid

for services.

" 39. The suspension of the privileges of the writ of Habeas Corpus by the last Congress, declared unconstitutional and unjustifiable; and our members in Congress requested to insist on its

immediate repeal.

40, Declaratory of undiminished confidence in the patriotism and integrity of President Davis.

41. Mail line from Dublin to Mount Ver-

non, recommended.

" 42. Mail line from Jefferson to Gainesville, recommended.

" 43 Mail line from Grantsville and Greenville recommended

" 44. Recommends that the Governor inter pose no obstacle to enforcement of pose no obstacle to enforcement of late Military Act of Congress. Gov. to interpose for relief of those not volunteering in time, having been enrolled in the State Militia.

"45. Creditors of H. P. Livingston of Clinch Co. and R. H. McCrosky of Fulton Co. and R. H. wecrosky of Fulton Co. and R. H

Co. relieved from certain fi fas for "Income Tax."

"48. Gov. authorized to appoint agents to distribute Relief fund for soldiers' families, where Inf'r. Courts fail to

discharge duty.

49. Refugees from certain counties authorized to receive and purchase corn from State agents, in whatever counties such refugees may be.

" 50. Purchase of wagons and teams to transport corn from Railroad to indigent families' of soldiers, approved.

" 51. Gov. authorized to fund all Confederate money belonging to the State in 6 per cent Confederate bonds, and to sell the latter.

" 52. Form and style of State Treasury notes to be issued.

" 53. Actincorporating Ocmulgee River Rail Road Company construed, as to limitation of charter.

" 54. Laws and Journals to be sent to members of the General Assembly, Sec-

retary and Clerk.

" 55. Public Laws to be issued in advance.

(No. 37.)*

Resolutions in reference to certain Battle Flags.

Whereas, Brigadier General Goode Bryan has transmitted to

*For the purpose of convenient reference the numbering of Resolutions of the Extra Session commences from the last number of the Annual Sessiou. COMPILER.

Battle flags-Distillation-Habeas Corpus.

Balthe flags of the State of Georgia, the battle flags of the tenth and fiftieth Geor-loth and south gia regiments attached to Bryan's Brigade, accompanied by statements of the various engagements in which these regiments have been engaged:

Acknowledge and the price of the state of Georgia accepts with and to be price pride these evidences of the valor of her sons, and that the Adserved, &c. intant General be instructed to arrange them in the same manner jutant General be instructed to arrange them in the same manner as directed by the resolutions of the last session of the Legislature in reference to similar flags.

Resolved further, That the Adjutant General be further directed Engagements Resolved jurther, That the Adjutant General be further directed to be marked to have attached the statements of the various engagements mentereon. tioned in the accompanying papers, to the flags of the regiments to which they respectively belong.

Approved to 18 March, 1864.

(No. 38.)

Preamble.

WHEREAS, Parties arrested in the State, under the different acts for the suppression of unlawful distillation, are frequently discharged, and the objects of the law defeated for the want of counsel to prosecute the same on the part of the State, and the fees prescribed by law in such cases being inadequate to secure the services of competent counsel. Therefore,

1st. The General Assembly of Georgia do Resolve, That in all ca-Gov. may em. 181. The deficie are arrested under any of the laws for the supin cases of persons charg-pression of unlawful distillation, in which summary process is lawful distil- provided for the suppression of the same, the Governor be authorized to employ counsel to represent the interest of the State, and to pay them such fees for their services as in his judgment shall be reasonable and just.

Assented to March 19, 1864.

(No. 39.) /

Resolutions on the Suspension of the Habeas Corpus.

The General Assembly of the State of Georgia do resolve, 1st, Doclaratory , That, under the Constitution of the Confederate States, there is no Bacaratory 7 that, under the constitutional limitational limitations of the power to suspend the privilege of the writ of habeas corpus, but tions of the power to sus in a manner, and to an extent, regulated and limited by the expend the writ press, emphatic and unqualified constitutional prohibitions, that "No person shall be deprived of life, liberty, or property, without due process of law," and that "the right of the people to be secure in their persons, houses, papers and effects, against unreasonable searches and seizures, shall not be violated, and no warrants shall issue but upon probable cause, supported by oath or affirmation. and particularly describing the places to be searched and the perHabeas Corpus.

sons or things to be seized." And this conclusion results from the two following reasons: First, because the power to suspend the writ is derived, not from express delegation, but only from implication, which must always yield to express, conflicting and restricting words. Second, because this power, being found no where in the Constitution but in words which are copied from the original Constitution of the United States, as adopted in 1787, Reasons givmust yield in all points of conflict to the subsequent amendments' of 1789, which are also copied into our present Constitution, and which contain the prohibitions above quoted, and were adopted with the declared purpose of adding further declaratory and restrictive clauses.

2nd. That "due process of law" for seizing the persons of the Seizure of people, as defined by the Constitution itself, is a warrant issued only be made upon probable cause, supported by oath or affirmation, and partic-cause, supported by oath or ularly describing the persons to be seized, and the issuing of such affirmation, particularly warrants being the exertion of a Judicial power, is, if done by any describing the branch of the government except the Judiciary, a plain violation expenses to be that provision of the Constitution which vests the Judicial solutions alone can issue warrants power in the Courts alone; and therefore all seizures of the per-for such seizures. sons of the people, by any officer of the Confederate Government, without warrant, and all warrants for that purpose from any but a Judicial source, are, in the judgment of this General Assembly, unreasonable and unconstitutional.

3rd. That the recent act of Congress to suspend the privilege of Late act of the writ of habeas corpus in cases of arrests ordered by the Presi clared unconstitutional activities and the control of the congress of the cong dent, Secretary of War, or General officer commanding the Trans-stitutional Mississippi Military Department, is an attempt to sustain the military authority in the exercise of the constitutional, Judicial function of issuing warrants, and to give validity to unconstitutional seizures of the persons of the people; and as the said act, by its express terms, confines its operation to the upholding of this class of unconstitutional seizures, the whole suspension attempted to be authorized by it, and the whole act itself, in the judgment of this General Assembly, are unconstitutional.

4th. That, in the judgment of this General Assembly, the said A a dangeract is a daugerous assault upon the constitutional power of the tiffable meas-Courts, and upon the liberty of the people, and beyond the power men or memor any possible necessity to justify it; and while our Senators and insist on its Representatives in Congress are earnestly urged to take the first pear. possible opportunity to have it repealed, we refer the question of in the meanits validity to the Courts, with the hope, that the people and the ity returned to

military authorities will abide by the decision.

5th. That, as constitutional liberty is the sole object which our Constitution. people and our noble army have, in our present terrible struggle alliberty de-with the Government of Mr. Lincoln, so also is a faithful adher-our great end ence to it on the part of our own Government, through good for-by the war, and prime ele-tune in arms, and through bad, one of the greatest elements of strength. our strength and final success; because the constant contrast of

Confidence in President Davis-Mail Routes .

constitutional Government on our part, with the usurpations and tyrannies, which characterize the Government of our enemy, under the ever recurring and ever false plea of the necessities of war, will have the double effect of animating our people with an unconquerable zeal, and of inspiring the people of the North more and more, with a desire and determination to put an end to a contest which is waged by their Government openly against our liberty and as truly, but more covertly, against their own.

Approved March 19th, 1864.

(No. 40.)

A Rusolution expressive of the confidence of this General Assembly in the integrity and patriotism of President Davis.

Resolved, That notwithstanding the difference of opinion entertained by members of this Legislature in reference to the wisdom and constitutionality of the recent Act of Congress suspending the privilege of the writ of Habeas' Corpus, the General Assembly of Georgia hereby express our undiminished confidence in the integrity and patriotism of Jefferson Davis, Chief Magistrate of the Confederate States.

Assented to 19 March, 1864.

(No. 41.)

Resolved, by the Guerral Assembly of the State of Georgia, That. Re-establish our Senators and Representatives in Congress, be requested to use ment of inall their influence in having the mail route between Dublin, in Lau-Dublin and rens County, and Mount Vernon, in Montgomery county, re-established; and that the Governor cause a copy of this resolution to be sent to each of our Senators and Representatives in Congress.

Approved March 17, 1864.

(No. 42.)

Resolved, That our Senators and Representatives in Congress, be requested to use their influence, to have a tri-weekly mail run be-Jefferson to tween Jefferson, in Jackson County, and Gainesville, in Hall Counrecommend- ty; and that the Governor cause a copy of this resolution to be forwarded to each of our Senators and Representatives.

Assented to, March 15, 1864.

Declaratory of undimin-ished confi-dence in the patriotism & integrity of President Davis,

Conscript Act-H. P. Livingston and R. H. McCroskey,

(No. 43.)

Resolved, 1st, That our Senators and Representatives in Congress, be, and are hereby requested, to use their influence to have a daily being mail between Grantmail (Sundays excepted,) run between Grantville, Georgia, on the ville recom-Atlanta and West Point Rail Road, to Greenville, Meriwether mended. County, in this State.

Resolved, 2nd, That His Excellency the Governor furnish each of our Senators and Representatives in Congress, with a copy of

the above Resolutions.

Assented to, March 17, 1864.

. (No. 44.)

A Resolution in relation to the recent Military Act of Congress.

The General Assembly do Resolve, That this General Assembly, Gov. to interdeclining to express any opinion as to the wisdom of the Act pas-cle to the ensed by Congress enrolling such persons as had been enrolled under the late militate state law, recommend that his Excellency interpose no obsta-cougress. cle to its enforcement; and the Governor is requested to open a cor-ed to correspondence with the Secretary of War, and request him to exon-sector of relations of said Act, such persons between the those who did ages of seventeen and eighteen, and forty-five and fifty, who did time. not volunteer, or enroll, within the time specified, supposing their enrollment under the State law to be legal.

Having given my views upon this question, in my Messages to the General Assembly, and submitted it to their decision, I yield to their recommendation, this 22d March, 1864.

JOSEPH E. BROWN, Governor.

(No. 45.)

Whereas, H. P. Livingston, of the County of Clinch, failed to make a return of his Income Tax, for the year 1863, and consequently was assessed as a defaulter, and charged with a tax of fifty thousand dollars, which was afterwards increased to one hundred thousand dollars, by the issue of execution. And the said Livingston, after having swindled many good citizens of Georgia, ran away to the enemy, and his creditors having asked that the State should only claim the tax due, and not claim the full default; and the Governor and Comptroller General having investigated the matter, and agreed, (with the sanction of the Legislature,) to receive ten thousand dollars, in full, of all demands of the State, against the property of the said Livingston, for his default, which sum has been paid into the State Treasury; And whereas, R. H. McCrosky, of the County of Fulton, having also failed to make his return for his Income Tax, was also assessed a Tax of fifty

The terms of peace.

thousand dollars, which was afterwards increased to one hundred thousand dollars, by issue of execution: and upon examining into the matter, the Governor and Comptroller General having agreed to receive two thousand dollars, in full, of said default, provided, the same be sanctioned by the Legislature; and the said two thousand dollars having been paid into the Treasury;

Be it therefore Resolved by the Senate and House of Representatives, of Creditors of the State of Georgia, That the sums already paid into the State ston, of Clinch Treasury, on account of the default of H. P. Livingston, and R. H. McCrosky, be deemed, and taken, as in full, for the Tax due by fulton, relieved from far said parties; and the Sheriff of Clinch County, be directed to enter ther payment as a satisfied, the fi fa vs. H. P. Livingston, upon the payment of all for income. costs occurring on the same, by the creditors of the said Livingston; and that the Sheriff of Fulton county be directed to enter the fi fu vs. R. H. McCrosky satisfied, upon the payment of all costs on the same, by the said R. H. McCrosky.

Assented to March 18, 1864.

(No. 46.)

Resolutions declaring the ground on which the Confederate States stand in this War, and the terms on which peace ought to be offered to the enemy.

The General Assembly of the State of Georgia do resolve, 1st, Declaratory That to secure the rights of life, liberty, and the pursuit of hapof the objects of all good piness, "Government's were instituted among men, deriving their governments piet in the governed; that whenever of the governed; that whenever plet to alter any form of government becomes destructive of these ends, it is secure those the right of the people to alter or to abolish it, and to institute a objects. new government, laying its foundations on such principles, and organizing its powers in such form as shall seem to them most likely to effect their safety and happiness."

principle.

2nd. That the best possible commentary upon this grand text of The Declara-tion of Inde- our fathers of 1776, is their accompanying action, which it was pendence, the put forth to justify; and that action was the immortal declaration that the former political connection between the Colonies and the State of Great Britain, was dissolved and the thirteen Colonies were, and of right, ought to be, not one independent State, but thirteen independent States, each of them being such a "people" as had the right, whenever they chose to exercise it, to separate themselves from a political association and government of their former choice, and institute a new government to suit themselves.

3rd. That if Rhode Island, with her meagre elements of nation-States declar- ality, was such a "people" in 1776, when her separation from the edgucha people government and people of Great Britain took place, much more entitled to exwas Georgia and each of the other seceding States, with their right of self large territories, populations and resources, such a "people," and

The terms of peace.

entitled to exercise the same right in 1861, when they decreed their separation from the Government and people of the United States; and if the separation was rightful in the first case, it was more clearly so in the last, the right depending, as it does in the case of every "people" for whom it is claimed, simply upon their fitness and their will to constitute an independent State.

4th. That this right was perfect in each of the States to be exercised by her at her own pleasure, without challenge or resistance from any other power whatsoever; and while these Southern States had long had reason enough to justify its assertion against some of their faithless associates, yet, remembering the dictate of The causes of "prudence" that "governments long established should not be separation changed for light and transient causes," they forbore a resort to the act of security exercise, until numbers of the Northern States, State after fied. State, through a series of years, and by studied legislation, had arrayed themselves in open hostility against an acknowledged provision of the Constitution, and had at last succeeded in the election of a President who was the avowed exponent and executioner of their faithless designs against the Constitutional rights of their Southern sisters-rights which had been often adjudicated by the Courts, and which were never denied by the abolitionists themselves, but upon the ground that the Constitution itself was void whenever it came in conflict with a "higher law" which they could not find among the laws of God, and which depended, for its exposition, solely upon the elastic consciences of rancorous partisans. The Constitution thus broken, and deliberately and persistently repudiated by several of the States who were parties to it, ceased, according to universal law, to be binding on any of the rest, and those States who had been wronged by the breach, were justified in using their rights to provide "new guards for their future security."

5th. That the reasons which justified the separation when it took place, have been vindicated and enhanced in force by the The separasubsequent course of the Government of Mr. Lincoln—by his ion originally contemptuous rejection of the Confederate Commissioners who subsequent were sent to Washington before the war, to settle all matters of policy of Mr. difference without a resort to arms, thus evincing his determination to have war: by his armed occupation of the territory of the Confederate States, and especially by his treacherous attempt to reinforce his garrisons in their midst, after they had, in pursuance of their right, withdrawn their people and territory from the jurisdiction of his government, thus rendering war a necessity, and actually inaugurating the present lamentable war: by his official denunciation of the Confederate States, as "rebel" and "disloyal" States, for their rightful withdrawal from their faithless associate States, whilst no word of censure has ever fallen from him against those faithless States who were truly "disloyal" to the Union and the Constitution, which was the only cement of the Union, and who were the true authors of all the wrong and all the mischief

The terms of peace.

of the separation, thus insulting the innocent by charging upon them the crimes of his own guilty allies: And finally, by his monstrous usurpations of power and undisguised repudiation of the Constitution, and his mocking scheme of securing a Republican form of government to sovereign States by putting nine-tenths of the people under the dominion of one-tenth, who may be abject enough to swear allegiance to his usurpation, thus betraying his. design to subvert true constitutional republicanism in the North as well as the South.

close of the war highly desirable.

6th. That while we regard the present war between these An honorable Confederate States and the United States as a huge crime, whose beginning and continuance are justly chargeable to the government of our enemy, yet we do not hesitate to affirm that, if our own government, and the people of both governments, would avoid all participation in the guilt of its continuance, it becomes all of them, on all proper occasions, and in all proper ways—the people acting through their State organizations and popular assemblies, and our government through its appropriate departments —to use their earnest efforts to put an end to this unnatural, unchristian and savage work of carnage and havoc. And to this end, we earnestly recommend that our government, immediately after signal successes of our arms, and on other occasions, when success of our none can impute its action to alarm, instead of a sincere desire for all appropriate peace, shall make to the government of our enemy, an official offer occasions, terms of peace, on the basis of the great principle declared by our be officially common fathers in 1776, accompanied by the distinct expression enemy on the of a willingness, on our part, to follow that principle to its true great principles of 1776, logical consequences, by agreeing that any border State, whose and in pursuance of it, the preference for our association may be doubted, (doubts having border States been expressed as to the wishes of the border States) shall settle choice of for the question for herself, by a Convention, to be elected for that the principle association to be elected for that the principle association association association. enemy on the of a willingness, on our part, to follow that principle to its true purpose, after the withdrawal of all military forces, of both sides. from her limits.

7th. That we believe this course, on the part of our govern-Reasons of policy for this ment, would constantly weaken, and sooner or later, break down the war power of our enemy, by showing to his people the justice of our cause, our willingness to make peace on the principles of 1776, and the shoulders on which rests the responsibility for the continuance of the unnatural strife; that it would be hailed by our people and citizen soldiery, who are bearing the brunt of the war, as an assurance that peace will not be unnecessarily delayed, nor their sufferings unnecessarily prolonged; and that it would be regretted by nobody on either side, except men whose importance, or whose gains, would be diminished by peace and men whose ambitious designs would need cover under the ever-recurring plea of the necessities of war.

8th. That while the foregoing is an expression of the sentiments of this General Assembly respecting the manner in which peace should be sought, we renew our pledges of the resources and powRe-enlistment of Ga. troops-Relief fund.

er of this State to the prosecution of the war, defensive on our ln meantime, part, until peace is obtained upon just and honorable terms, and state pledged until the independence and nationality of the Confederate States to the proseis established upon a permanent and enduring basis.

Approved March 19th, 1864.

(No. 47.)

Resolutions in reference to the re-enlistment of all the Georgia Regiments.

The General Assembly of Georgia do resolve, That the reenlistment of all of our Georgia regiments has inspired within the Expressive of bosom of every true Georgian, sentiments of the highest esteem gratitude to our re-emist. and gratitude for the heroic endurance, fortitude and chivalry, ing troops. displayed by them, in this additional instance of self-sacrifice.

Resolved, 2nd, That we pledge ourselves to make all need-state to supful appropriations for the support and benefit of the destitute port amilies and suffering families of these gallant troops, so long as the exi-of soldier gencies of the country may require their services in the field

of battle.

Approved to March 19, 1864.

(No. 48.)

A Resolution in reference to the distribution of the relief fund for soldier's families.

Resolved, That whenever the Governor is informed that the Justices of the Inferior Court of any county in this State, shall Agents may fail or refuse to do their duty towards the citizens of the county in country in country in country in country in country in country to the country in country in the country in t with reference to the proper distribution of the relief fund for lief families, soldiers families, that he be authorized to appoint an agent to lies. take charge of the fund for said county, and disburse the same; Provided the person so appointed shall not be liable to military duty under the act of the Congress of the Confederate States, and Agents approvided also, that the Governor shall require such agent to give bond and security. enter into bond with security in such amount as he may judge proper for the faithful discharge of his trust.

Assented to March 18, 1864.

(No. 49.)

WHEREAS, The last Legislature of the State of Georgia, made an appropriation of corn for certain of the destitute counties in this

Approving action of Gov.-Confed. Treasury Notes.

State; and whereas, a portion of said counties, are now in possession of the enemy, and the citizens of the same have been driven from said counties, and are now settled in the various counties of this State;

Refugees from certain counties authorized to purchase or receive corn from State agents. Be it resolved by the General Assembly of Georgia, That citizens of said counties, entitled to the benefits of said acts, be permitted to receive from, or purchase corn, of the agents of the State appointed by the law, at any point in the State most convenient or at any point according to their option; the said purchase to be made, under the restrictions, limitation, and in the manner pointed out by said act.*

Assented to, March 17th, 1864.

* For act, see pages 66-69 of this Pamphlet.

(No. 50.)

A Resolution approving the action of the Governor in purchasing wagons and teams for the transportation of corn from the Rail Road to indigent soldiers' families.

Purchase by Gov. of wagols & teams opproved.

Resolved by the Senate and House of Representatives in General Assembly met, That the action of the Governor in the purchase of wagons and teams for the transportation of corn from the Rail Road to indigent families of soldiers, was judicious and prudent, and the purchase and payment for the same as communicated to us, meet the approval of this General Assembly.

Assented to March 18, 1864.

(No. 51.)

The General Assembly of the State of Georgia do resolve, That His Gov. authorized to have Excellency the Governor, be, and he is hereby authorized, to have funded in six funded in six per cent bonds, provided for by the act of Congress, per cent Conbonds all Confederate notes which may remain in the Treasury, or may fed, notes be longing to the be in the hands of the financial agents of the State, after the first day of April next; and to sell and dispose of such bonds at their market value in currency, which can be made available in pay-

State Treasurements to be made by the Treasury; and to credit the Treasurer rer to be credited with loss with any losses that may accrue, by reason of the failure of the ses for sales below par. bonds to bring their par value, when sold.

Assented to, March 17th, 1864,

State Treasury Notes-Ocmulgee River Railroad.

(No. 52.)

Resolutions prescribing the form of the issue of State Treasury Notes under the Act of the 12th December, 1863.

WHEREAS, under an Act of the General Assembly assented to December 12th; 1863, "to provide for raising revenue for the po-Presmble. litical year 1864, and for other purposes, His Excellency the Governor is authorized to raise the money necessary to meet the appropriations for 1864, till the taxes can be collected, by negotiating a temporay loan for the amount, needed to be paid at the end of the year in currency, or if he cannot negotiate such loan, he may have issued Treasury notes of this State, payable in Confederate States Treasury notes at the end of the year, and the Confederate notes when collected for taxes, shall be deposited in the Treasury, and there remain to redeem said State notes so issued; and whereas, the late action of the Confederate States Congress has rendered the present issue of Confederate Treasury notes unsuitable as a currency, after the first of April next, and it is inexpedient to borrow or use the same, and it now becomes necessary for the Governor to issue as early as possible, Treasury notes of the State of Georgia, to meet appropriations of the State, and especially to pay to the indigent soldiers' familes the first quarters'. pay for their support, in accordance with the apportionment which has just been made; that these Treasury notes may be issued in accordance with the above recited Act, and that the terms of the same may be fully understood on the face of each note; be it therefore.

Recolved by the Senate and House of Representatives of the State of Georgia, That the style and form of said Treasury notes thus au-style and thorized to be issued, shall be as follows: "The State of Georgia Treasury will pay the bearer——dollars at her Treasury on the 25th issued. of December next, in Confederate Treasury notes issued after the first of April 1864, if presented within three months after maturity, otherwise not redeemable except in payment of public dues."

2d. And be it further resolved, That when the taxes for 1864 shall when and have been paid into the State Treasury, His Excellency the Gov-how ed. ernor be authorized; if he thinks proper, to deposit Confederate Treasury notes of the new issue in any one of the Banks of Augusta, Savannah, Macon, Columbus and Atlanta, to redeem said State Treasury notes so issued.

Approved March 17, 1864.

(No. 53.)

Resolutions construing a certain act of this General Assembly.

WHEREAS, During the present session of the General Assembly, a bill was passed entitled "An Act to incorporate the Ocmulgee

Laws and Journals, &c.

River Rail Road Company, and for other purposes therein men-Explanatory tioned," which may be construed to grant perpetual powers to porate Ocumul-said corporation; and whereas, it was the intention of the Legislager River R. ture to restrict said corporation to the time prescribed by the Code ture to restrict said corporation to the time prescribed by the Code of Georgia.

Therefore be it resolved, That the General Assembly do declare, charter limit that it was intended and designed to restrict the grant of power ed to 30 years, to said corporation, to a period of thirty years; and that this resolution be accepted and considered as a part of said act of incorporation.

Assented to, March 23, 1864.

(No. 54.)

Resolved by the Senate and House of Representatives, That His Excel-Laws and lency the Governor, be, and is hereby directed, when the Laws and Journals to be Journals of this Extra Session, as well as the regular Session, shall each member of the Gen'l have been printed, to cause to be forwarded to each member of the Assembly. Secretary and Senate. and House of Representatives, also the Secretary of the Senate and Clerk of the House of Representatives, a copy thereof.

Approved March 17, 1864.

(No. 55.)

A resolution in relation to the publication and distribution of the Acts of the General Assembly.

WHEREAS, Great inconvenience is felt by the citizens of this State, in the delay of the publication of the Laws enacted by the General Assembly; Be it therefore

Resolved by the Senate and House of Representatives, That the Governor of this Staté, cause to be collected and published, in a convepanpinet of this State, datase to be confected and published, in a convenience of the form all the Public or general Laws, so soon as the same the General shall receive his approval; and that one copy of the same be sent shall receive his approval; and that one copy of the same be sent and have copy to each of the Judges of the Supreme and Superior Courts, and a test forwarded to each of the Judges of the Superior and Infarior Courts, and the te the more important civ-copy to the Clerks of the Superior and Inferior Courts, and the Ordinaries of each of the several counties of this State, and to the members of the Legislature; and that the expenses of said publication be paid for from the Treasury of this State.

Assented to March 18, 1864.

Gov. to have published in pamphlet il officer. Payment from Treasu-

INDEX

TO

LAWS OF BOTH SESSIONS.

${f A}_{f lpha}$	Appropriations—Continued.
ACADEMY FOR BLIND.	Salaries fixed by law appropri-
\$12.000 for support of, 12	ated annually, 7
\$15.000 for repair of build-	Advances by Treasurer, 7
ings,	To Geo. Relief and Hospital
ABJUTANT & INSP'R GEN'L.	Association, 8
Rank changed to Major Gen-	\$2.090,000 appropriated for
eral, 5S	purchasing clothing for Ga,
APPROPRIATIONS:	Soldiers, 8
To pay salary of Governor, 6	\$6.000.000 appropriated for
" " Sec'y of State, 6	indigent families of Soldiers,
"" "Treasurer, 6	&c., 8
" " " Gomp. Gen'l, G	\$500.000 to procure Salt for
" " Sec's Ex. Dep't, 0	people, 8
" " " Mes'r " " 6	\$200.000 to manufacture wool
" " " State Librarian, 6	and cotton cards, &c., 8
" " At. & So's Gen'l, 6	\$1.007.095 to pay public debt, 8
" " " Rep'r of Sup.	Salary of Sup't Military Institute, 9
Court, 6	Military fund for 1864, 9
" pay Cl'k of Supreme Court	Guard State Magazine, 9
for Stationery, &c., 6	Military Store-Keeper at Mill-
" pay Salaries of Judges of	edgeville, 9
Supreme Court, 6	Salary of Recording Clerk,
" pay Salaries of Judges of	Ex. Dep't 9.
Superior Court, 6	Page of House of Representa-
Contingent Fund 1864, 6	tives, 9
Printing " " 6	Hon. Wm. Herrington, per di-
To pay for airing and cleaning	cm and mileage, 9
Legislative Halls, 6	Hon. Messrs. Warren and Gra-
To pay for winding, &c., State	ham, for expenses in accom-
House Clock, 6	panying home remains of
To pay State-House Guard, 6	Hon. Wm. Herrington, 9
To pay of Officers and Mem-	Advance to Public Printer, 9
bers of Legislature, 6-7	To Henningsen Hospital, Rich-
To pay for cleaning and light-	mond Va., 9
ing chandaliers, 7.	\$750.000 appropriated for
Gov. to pay for services per-	purchase of Steamer, 10
formed where no special ap-	Stationery for Executive De-
propriation is made, 7	partment, 10

Appropriations—Continued.		Appropriations—Continued.	
Door-Keepers House and Sen	•	Pay of Rev. Mr. Flynn, as	
ate, extra allowance,	10	Chaplain of the House of	
Hon. Richard Clark, for super-	-	Representatives, called Ses-	
intending printing Code,	10	sion,	123
Expenses of Committee visit-		\$1.000.000 appropriated for	
ing Academy for the Blind	, 10		123
Rev. Samuel Higgins, for ser-		Pay for deficit of common	
mon on Fast day, .	10		
Secretary of State for fuel	,	ty,	136
lights and other contingen-		Pay of Tax Collectors and Re-	
cies,	10		
For support of State Lunatic	;	for collecting Income Tax,	149
Asylum for 1864,		ASYLUMS.	-
Rev. Joseph J. Ridley as Chap-		Lunatic Asylum,	12
lain of the Senate,	10	A 1 2 C 13 mars 2	12
\$25.000.00 appropriated for		\$15.000 appropriated to re-	-~
purchase of Forge hammers		pair Academy for Blind,	123
and Gudgeons,		ATHENS STEAM COMPANY.	1.20
James S. Walker for servi-		Name changed,	90
ces to conference committe			
R. B. Knight for services to		Corporate limits extended,	86
conference committee,	11	O 1 CRE O 1	86
		Salary of City Council, how	00
Pay of compiler of the Laws		determined,	86
of 1863,	11		30
Hons. G. N. Lester, B. H. Big-	٠.	Mayor and Council may issue	
ham, N. C. Barnett and S.		license, to retail spirits, and	00
S. Stafford, for services in		regulate the same,	86
preparing new Great Seal	11	Power as to shows, theatres,	87
for the State,	11	In absonge of Mayor three	01
Pay of 4th Geo. Brigade for	77.4	In absence of Mayor, three	07
arrearages,	74		87
Pay of Harriet M. R. Mont-		Bonds of City Officers, how es-	CM
molin, Admr'x, over-pay-	0.5	timated and approved,	S7
ment of tax,	99	AUGUSTA.	
Pay of Westley Sheffield, over-	0~	Power of Judge of City Court	
payment of tax,	97	in cases of habeas corpus and	0.0
Pay of Officers and Members		possessory warrants,	90
of General Assembly, called	100	DANE OF WHITEIR O	6.0
		BANK OF WHITFIELD.	
Pay of N. C. Barnett, for sta-	100	May do banking business at	
tionery and fuel,	122	Atlanta,	15
Pay of Page of House of Rep-	122	BANKS AND BANKING.	10.
resentatives, called Session,	122	Stay law re-enacted,	13 '
Pay for repairs of Academy	100	Treasury certificates may be	
for the Blind,	123		-14
Pay of support of two mute	100	State to issue one million in	4.
girls for 1864,	123	change bills,	14
Pay of Rev. Mr. Fulwood, as	40 4	Bank of Whitfield-	
Chaplain of the Senate, cal-		Location in Atlanta,	15
led Session,	123		

Banks and Banking-Continued.	1756	Code of Ga.—Continued.	
North-Western Rail Road Bank-		" 2287 repealed in part,	47
May bank at Atlanta,	15		48
Traders and Importers Bank—	,	" 1658 repealed,	48
Name changed,	1.5		
Banks taxable on Capital		3618 (on same subject mat-	•
stock, assets, real and per-		ter) repealed in part, .	49
sonal estate, ad ralorem, for		Sec. 786 amended,	49
Soldiers families,	73		50
C		" 1630 amended,	50
CAMP' GROUNDS.			123
Disturbances of, punishable,	64		124
Other remedies,		COLUMBIA & AUGUSTAR. R.	
CARDS.		Incorporated, 137-	
\$200.000 appropriated for		COLUMBUS.	
purchase Cotton cards and		Marshall, Deputy Marshall,	,
materials for making,	8	Clerk and Sexton, elected	
\$1.000.000 additional forsame	Ĭ	by general ticket,	87
	123		87
CATOOSA.		CONTINGENT FUND.	
8,000 bushels of corn to be		\$50.000 appropriated for,	6
supplied to,	67	CORN.	
How and on what terms dis-	٠.	To be supplied to certain	., .
	-68	Counties named,	67
CHANGE BILLS.	00	COTTON.	0,1
One million dollars of, may be		Of C. S. Gov't exempt from	- Op-
issued,	14		134
Of what denominations,		COUNTY LINES.	
Additional Clerks allowed,	15	Between Sumter and Terrell	
Compensation of Clerks,	15	changed,	92
For what purpose paid out,		COUNTY OFFICERS.	
CHARLTON CO.		Act repealed, consolidating	
Cl'ks office of Sup'r and Inf'r	ţ	offices of Tax Collector and	
Court, where kept,	45	Receiver,	16
CHATTOOGA CO.		Takes effect 1st Jan'y 1864,	18
6,000 Bushels corn to be sup-		Commissions limited,	16
plied to,	67	Time extended for final settle-	
How and on what terms dis-	-0	ment in certain Counties,	17
	-68		-18
CITY COURTS.	- 0	County Treasurers hold office	
Judge City Court of Augusta	•	two years,	18
may issue and try writs of		Bonds of Tax Collectors and	
habeas corpus,	90		124
Also possessory warrants,	91	Not less than 2, nor more	
Offices of J. Ps' in Savannah,		than 10 securities, allowed, 1	24
where held,	91	Time extended, to perfect	
CODE OF GEORGIA.			125
Sec. 4459 repealed,	46		
" 1855 amended,		COUNTY REGULATIONS.	
" 611 amended,	47	Act repealed compensating	
" 2480 amended,	47	Petit Jurors in Emanuel Co.,	92

	Education—Continued.
County Regulations—Continued. Am't of Sheriffs bond in Mc-	In absence of Ordinary, funds
Intosh Co. fixed, 93	
Inf'r Court of Warren Co. may	return of Cl'k Sup'r or Inf.
levy taxes without recom-	*Court, 25
mendation of Grand Jury, 93	How estimated, when no re-
COUNTY TREASURERS.	turn, 25
Term of office two years, 18	
D.	soldiers' families, 25
DADE COUNTY.	Clerks Court of Ordinary may
8,000 Bushels of corn to be	draw in certain cases, 26
supplied to, 67	Greensboro' Female College
DAWSON.	authorized to sell its real
Town charter amended, 87	and personal property, 94
Tax on shows, retail license,	Name of Walton Academy
itinerant traders, &c, au-	changed, 94
thorized, SS	Deficit of common school fund
DAWSON CO.	of Wilcox Co. for 1863, ap-
3,000 bushels of corn to be	propriated, 136
	ELECTIONS.
How and on what terms	Soldiers may vote for munici-
distributed, 67–68	
DESERTERS.	Regulations for voting, 27
Concealing or assisting, penal, 63	
DISTILLATION.	il officers, 27
Stills run contrary to law pub-	Forms and regulations for vo-
lic nuisances, 19	
Proceedings to suppress, 19-20	EMANŬEL CO.
Warrants transmitted to Gov.	Act compensating petit jurors
in certain cases, 20	repealed, 92
Stills seized, to be paid for, 21	EMPIRE INSURANCE CO.
Confed. Gov't may contract	Incorporated, 31
Confed. Gov't may contract under conditions, 22	Incorporated, 31
	Incorporated, 31
under conditions, 22	Incorporated, 31 EVIDENCE.
under conditions, 22 Violations, how punished, 22 License to distill Alcohol may issue under restrictions, 23	Incorporated, 31 EVIDENCE. Secondary proof of deeds, bonds, &c., in certain cases, 126
under conditions, 22 Violations, how punished, 22 License to distill Alcohol may issue under restrictions, 23 Warrants returnable in 5 days, 125	Incorporated, 31 EVIDENCE. Secondary proof of deeds, bonds, &c., in certain cases, 126 EX'RS, ADM'RS, GUARD'NS, &c.,
under conditions, 22 Violations, how punished, 22 License to distill Alcohol may issue under restrictions, 23 Warrants returnable in 5 days, 125 Cases may be continued, 125	Incorporated, EVIDENCE. Secondary proof of deeds, bonds, &c., in certain cases, 126 EX'RS, ADM'RS, GUARD'NS, &c., Authorized to invest in State
under conditions, 22 Violations, how punished, 22 License to distill Alcohol may issue under restrictions, 23 Warrants returnable in 5 days, 125 Cases may be continued, 125 Compulsory process on Jurors, 126	Incorporated, 31 EVIDENCE. Secondary proof of deeds, bonds, &c., in certain cases, 126 EX'RS, ADM'RS, GUARD'NS, &c., Authorized to invest in State or Confederate Bonds, 29
under conditions, 22 Violations, how punished, 22 License to distill Alcohol may issue under restrictions, 23 Warrants returnable in 5 days, 125 Cases may be continued, 125 Compulsory process on Jurors, 126 Cases, where tried, 126	Incorporated, EVIDENCE. Secondary proof of deeds, bonds, &c., in certain cases, 126 EX'RS, ADM'RS, GUARD'NS, &c., Authorized to invest in State or Confederate Bonds, Must file petition and obtain
under conditions, 22 Violations, how punished, 22 License to distill Alcohol may issue under restrictions, 23 Warrants returnable in 5 days, 125 Cases may be continued, 125 Compulsory process on Jurors, 126 Cases, where tried, 126 DIVORCES.	Incorporated, EVIDENCE. Secondary proof of deeds, bonds, &c., in certain cases, 126 EX'RS, ADM'RS, GUARD'NS, &c., Authorized to invest in State or Confederate Bonds, Must file petition and obtain order from Judge of Sup'r
under conditions, 22 Violations, how punished, 22 License to distill Alcohol may issue under restrictions, 23 Warrants returnable in 5 days, 125 Cases may be continued, 125 Compulsory process on Jurors, 126 Cases, where tried, 126 DIVORCES. Libellant or respondent may	Incorporated, EVIDENCE. Secondary proof of deeds, bonds, &c., in certain cases, 126 EX'RS, ADM'RS, GUARD'NS, &c., Authorized to invest in State or Confederate Bonds, Must file petition and obtain order from Judge of Sup'r Court, 29
under conditions, Violations, how punished, License to distill Alcohol may issue under restrictions, Warrants returnable in 5 days, 125 Cases may be continued, Compulsory process on Jurors, 126 Cases, where tried, DIVORCES. Libellant or respondent may have verdict according to	Incorporated, EVIDENCE. Secondary proof of deeds, bonds, &c., in certain cases, 126 EX'RS, ADM'RS, GUARD'NS, &c., Authorized to invest in State or Confederate Bonds, Must file petition and obtain order from Judge of Sup'r Court, Returns how made to Ordu'y, 29
under conditions, 22 Violations, how punished, 22 License to distill Alcohol may issue under restrictions, 23 Warrants returnable in 5 days, 125 Cases may be continued, 125 Compulsory process on Jurors, 126 Cases, where tried, 126 DIVORCES. Libellant or respondent may	Incorporated, EVIDENCE. Secondary proof of deeds, bonds, &c., in certain cases, 126 EX'RS, ADM'RS, GUARD'NS, &c., Authorized to invest in State or Confederate Bonds, Must file petition and obtain order from Judge of Sup'r Court, Returns how made to Ordu'y, Same as to land and negroes, 29
under conditions, Violations, how punished, License to distill Alcohol may issue under restrictions, Warrants returnable in 5 days, 125 Cases may be continued, Compulsory process on Jurors, 126 Cases, where tried, DIVORCES. Libellant or respondent may have verdict according to testimony, 45	Incorporated, EVIDENCE. Secondary proof of deeds, bonds, &c., in certain cases, 126 EX'RS, ADM'RS, GUARD'NS, &c., Authorized to invest in State or Confederate Bonds, Must file petition and obtain order from Judge of Sup'r Court, Returns how made to Ordu'y, Same as to land and negroes, Sale notices to be published in
under conditions, 22 Violations, how punished, 22 License to distill Alcohol may issue under restrictions, 23 Warrants returnable in 5 days, 125 Cases may be continued, 125 Compulsory process on Jurors, 126 Cases, where tried, 126 DIVORCES. Libellant or respondent may have verdict according to	Incorporated, EVIDENCE. Secondary proof of deeds, bonds, &c., in certain cases, 126 EX'RS, ADM'RS, GUARD'NS, &c., Authorized to invest in State or Confederate Bonds, Must file petition and obtain order from Judge of Sup'r Court, Returns how made to Ordn'y, Same as to land and negroes, Sale notices to be published in paper of largest circulation, 30-
under conditions, Violations, how punished, License to distill Alcohol may issue under restrictions, Warrants returnable in 5 days, 125 Cases may be continued, Compulsory process on Jurors, 126 Cases, where tried, DIVORCES. Libellant or respondent may have verdict according to testimony, E.	Incorporated, EVIDENCE. Secondary proof of deeds, bonds, &c., in certain cases, 126 EX'RS, ADM'RS, GUARD'NS, &c., Authorized to invest in State or Confederate Bonds, Must file petition and obtain order from Judge of Sup'r Court, 29 Returns how made to Ordn'y, Same as to land and negroes, Sale notices to be published in paper of largest circulation, Inventory and appraisement of
under conditions, 22 Violations, how punished, 22 License to distill Alcohol may issue under restrictions, 23 Warrants returnable in 5 days, 125 Cases may be continued, 125 Compulsory process on Jurors, 126 Cases, where tried, 126 DIVORCES. Libellant or respondent may have verdict according to testimony, 45 E. EDUCATION.	Incorporated, EVIDENCE. Secondary proof of deeds, bonds, &c., in certain cases, 126 EX'RS, ADM'RS, GUARD'NS, &c., Authorized to invest in State or Confederate Bonds, Must file petition and obtain order from Judge of Sup'r Court, 29 Returns how made to Ordn'y, Same as to land and negroes, Sale notices to be published in paper of largest circulation, Inventory and appraisement of real estate to be made, 7
under conditions, Violations, how punished, License to distill Alcohol may issue under restrictions, Warrants returnable in 5 days, 125 Cases may be continued, Compulsory process on Jurors, 126 Cases, where tried, DIVORCES. Libellant or respondent may have verdict according to testimony, E. EDUCATION. Per diem for teaching poor	Incorporated, EVIDENCE. Secondary proof of deeds, bonds, &c., in certain cases, 126 EX'RS, ADM'RS, GUARD'NS, &c., Authorized to invest in State or Confederate Bonds, Must file petition and obtain order from Judge of Sup'r Court, 29 Returns how made to Ordn'y, Same as to land and negroes, Sale notices to be published in paper of largest circulation, Inventory and appraisement of real estate to be made, Property may be administered
under conditions, 22 Violations, how punished, 22 License to distill Alcohol may issue under restrictions, 23 Warrants returnable in 5 days, 125 Cases may be continued, 125 Compulsory process on Jurors, 126 Cases, where tried, 126 DIVORCES. Libellant or respondent may have verdict according to testimony, 45 E. EDUCATION.	Incorporated, EVIDENCE. Secondary proof of deeds, bonds, &c., in certain cases, 126 EX'RS, ADM'RS, GUARD'NS, &c., Authorized to invest in State or Confederate Bonds, Must file petition and obtain order from Judge of Sup'r Court, 29 Returns how made to Ordu'y, Same as to land and negroes, Sale notices to be published in paper of largest circulation, Inventory and appraisement of real estate to be made, Property may be administered on in counties to which it

Executors, &c.—Continued.	GREENSBORO', FEMALE COL-
Adm'rs, &c., may invest in	LEGE,
Confed 4 per cent bonds, 127	May sell its property to pay
•	debts,
F. *	Title how conveyed, 94.
FANNIN CO.	GRIFFIN.
S,000 bushels of corn to be	Time fixed for election of May-
supplied to,	or and Aldermen, 88.
How and on what terms dis-	
tributed, 67-68	* *
FORESTALLING AND ENGROS-	HABEAS CORPUS.
SING, • .	Forfeiture for refusing to grant
Made indictable, 46	
Penalty, 46	HABERSHAM CO.
FORT GAINES.	4,000 bushels of corn to be
Time fixed for electing muni-	supplied to, 67
cipal officers, 136	
FOURTH GEORGIA BRIGADE.	tributed, 67–68
To be paid arrearages for ser-	HENNINGSEN HOSPITAL.
vićes, 74	
Other commands similarly sit-	HOME INSURANCE CO.
uated, also paid, 74	Incorporated, 38-41
	1
$G_{oldsymbol{\cdot}}$	I.
	IMPRESSMENTS.
GENERAL ASSEMBLY.	Illegal impressments made pe-
Hour of meeting changed, 30	nal, 62
GA. MILITARY INSTITUTE.	Impressing without authority
Salary Sup't of, 78	how punished. 62
GA. RELIEF AND HOSPITAL	Parties impressed may demand
ASSOCIATION.	written authority of agents, 62
\$500,000 appropriated for use	Failure to exhibit prima facie
of, 75	evidence of want of au-
How expended, 75	thority, 63
Day of annual meeting of	Gov. authorized in certain ca-
Board changed, 75	ses to impress rolling stock
Exemption of two agents on	of Railroads, 128
Gov.'s certificate, 75	Railroad tracks may be used, 129
Importation of supplies author	Compensation how determin-
ized, 76	ed, 129
Appropriation how drawn, 76	Expense how paid, 129
GILMER CO.	INCOME TAX.
8,000 bushels of corn to be sup-	Who liable to pay, 80
plied to,	
How and on what terms dis-	time, 80
tributed, 67–68	
GLYNN CO.	Failing to make returns, penal, S1
Inf. Courts where held, 43	Unjust returns penal, 81
GREAT SEAL.	Defaulters double taxed, 81
Committee who prepared, to	

Income Tax—Continued.	JOHNSON ACADEMY.
Commissions allowed for col-	Name of "Walton Academy"
lection in Richmond, Chath-	changed to, 94
am, Muscogee, Bibb, Deca-	Commissioners confirmed, 95
tur and Fulton, 149	
INTERNAL TRANSPORTATION.	
Macon & Western R. R. may	L. .
charge same rates as Cen-	LAWRENCEVILLE.
tral R. R 65	Corporate limits extended, S8
Columbia & Augusta R. R. in-	Coms. to have powers of Jus-
corporated, 13S-146	tices of the Peace, 88
Ocmulgee R. R. incorporated,	Powers and duties of Presi-
147–148	dent and Board, 89
Rates on Macon & Western	Compensation of President, 89
R. R.,	LUMPKIN CO.
See Railroads in Index.	4,000 bushels of corn to be
	supplied to, 67
${f J}_{f \cdot}$	How and on what terms dis-
	tributed. 67–68
JUDICIARY.	
Jury boxes to be reorganized	M.
on 1st June, 43	MANUFACTURING CO'S.
Who liable to duty, 43	Law amended as to procuring
Adjournments of Sup'r Courts	charters for, 50
legalized in certain cases, 43	MARIETTA.
Sup'r and Inf. C'ts of Glynn	Taxation of citizens limited, 89
Co. where held, 43	
Inf. C'ts of Miller & Stewart	apportioned, 89
	MARRIAGES.
Sup'r and Inf. Courts of McIn-	Publication of banns unneces-
tosh Co., where held. 44	sar y , 3 48
Time for holding Pike Inf. C't	Between first cousins legaliz-
changed, 44	ed, 45
Offices of Cl'ks Sup'r and Inf.	MILITARY FUND.
C'ts of Charlton Co. to be	\$3,000,000 for 1864,
	MILITIA.
Inf. Court of Washington Co.	Militia reorganized, 51-58
(for county purposes) held	(See head notes for full synopsis.)
1st Tuesdays in each month, 135	Re-examinations authorized
Trusts may be created for	from time to time, 129
male persons of sane minds, 47	Additional exemptions allow-
Respondent may recriminate	ed, 130
in divorce cases, and verdict	McINTOSH CO.
according to proof, 45	Bond of Sheriff fixed, 93
Forfeiture for refusing to grant	Sup'r and Inf. Courts where
writ of habeas corpus, 45	held, 44
Marriage between first cousins	MILLER CO,
legalized, 45	Time holding Inf. Courts
Secondary proof of deeds, &c.,	changed, 44
	MONTMOLLIN, HARRIET M. R.
See Code of Ga. in Index.	Relief of, from double tax. 95

MURKAY CO.	Penal Code—Continued.
7,000 bushels of corn to be	Information to enemy by
supplied to, 67	slaves or free persons of co-
How and on what terms dis-	lor, penal, 61
tributed, 67-68	
,	punished, 62
N.	Slaves or free persons of color
NAVY.	
	enticing slaves from owner,
Private Companies to form	how punished, 62
Navy, may be organized, 130	Illegal impressments made pe-
Procedure in such cases, 131	nal, (Impressments) 6263
Gov. may issue certificates of	Concealing or assisting De-
Incorporation, 131	serters, penal, 63
Blockade running prohibited, 131	Disturbing Camp Grounds,
Violations, how punished, 131	penal, 64
Capital stock may be increas-	Skinning Stock and not pay-
ed,	ing for hides penal, 64
NORTH WESTERN RAIL	Allowing slaves to rent hous-
	Allowing slaves to rent hous-
ROAD BANK.	es penal, 46
Authorized to transact busi-	Living on lots apart from
ness at Atlanta, . 15	owner or hirer penal, 46
NOTARIES PUBLIC.	PENITENTIARY.
Oath prescribed, 58	Salary Prin. Keeper of, 78
May administer Oaths gener-	PICKENS CO.
ally,	
Seal not required, 59	supplied to, 67
Former attestations without	How and on what terms dis-
Seal legalized, 59	
	PIKE CO.
O. Amira	Time holding Inferior Courts
OATHS.	changed, 44
	PRINTING FUND.
Of Tax Payers, amended, 59-60	\$30,000 appropriated for, 6
OCMULGEE RIVER RAIL	Deficit may be supplied from
ROAD COMPANY.	Treasury, 6
	PUBLIC DEBT.
OGLETHORPE INSURANCE	\$1,007,095 appropriated to
COMPANY.	pay, 8
Incorporated, 34–38	Puj,
ORDINARIES.	R.
	RABUN CO.
P. PAMERONI LANDON	3,000 bushels of corn to be
PATERSON, JAMES T. AND	supplied to, 67
KATE B.	How and on what terms dis-
Legalizes marriage of, 96	tributed, 6768
PAUPERS.	RAIL ROADS.
Inferior Court to provide for	Weekly report of stock kill-
burial, 60	ed, 65
PENAL CODE.	Marks and brands noted, 65
Communcation with enemy	Lists how posted, 66
penal, 61	Liability for failure, 66
Politicity	Liability for failure,

170 INDEX.

	the state of the s	
Railroads—Continued.	Salaries—Continued.	
Must keep water and lights	" Reporter Supreme Court,	6
in passenger cars, 132	· " Judges Supreme "	6
Conductors and Agents liable	" "Superior "	6
for failure, 132	" Sup't. Geo. Mil. Institute,	9
To be given in special charge, 132	" Sup't. State Lunatic Asy-	
See Internal Transportation.	lum,	11
RAVENAL, JAS. AND SAM-	" Prin'l. Keeper of Peny.,	78
UEL P.	SALT.	
Authorized to qualify on will	\$500,000 appropriated to sup-	
of Ross C. Davis, dec'd, in	ply salt,	8
	SAVANNAH.	
RELIEF.	Offices of Justices of the	
Corn to be purchased, and dis-	Peace, where held,	91
tributed in certain counties, 67		
Expenses, how paid, 67	Relief of,	97
State Qr. Master to employ	SOLDIERS AND SOLDIERS'	٠.
'agents and transportation, 67	FAMILIES.	
How distributed, 6768		
Money from sales, how dispo-	ted for indigent families of	
sed of, 68	soldiers,	69
Persons misapplying corn in-	How distributed,	70
dictable, • 68	Income Tax to form part of	••
Books to be kept, 68	fund,	70
Agents removable, 68		71
	Returns, how made,	• 1
Purchase and shipment of corn to Habersham county and	Comp. Genl. shall apportion funds.	71
other destitute counties, 133	Mode of drawing,	71
Commissions allowed in cer-	Infr. Court to arrange for safe	11
tain larger counties for col-		71
lecting "Income Tax," 149	Custody,	1. I
REVENUE.	May appoint agents for distri-	72
Assessment of taxes to raise, 79	bution,	72
	Misuse of funds made penal,	72
Not exceeding one per cent on all taxable property. 79	When distributed,	12
r	How paid on removal from	73
	one county to another,	1,0
Commissions of Tax Collectors and Receivers. 79	Grand Juries to investigate returns of Infr. Courts and	
tors and Receivers. 79 ROAD COMMISSIONERS.	The state of the s	73.
	agents,	10.
Not exempt from Jury, pat-	Banks taxable for above pur-	73
rol or Militia duty, 50	pose,	
CAT ADTEC	Arrearages to 4th Geo. Brig.,	74
SALARIES.	Specific exemptions of soldiers	70
Of Governor, 6		79
	THE SOUTHERN INS. CO.	10
ricusarci,	0 '	42
"Comp. General, 6		
bed is Da. Dep ti	1	00
allosson got,		90
" State Librarian, 6		0.5
" Atty. and Sol. Genls., 6	punished,	85

STATE HOUSE OFFICERS.		Taxes—Continued.
Salary Comp. Gen'l increased,	76	Time extended to collect in
" State Treasurer "	76	certain counties, 17
" Sec'y of State "	77	Defaulters double taxed first
State Treasurer to employ		year, four-fold second, &c., 49
Clerk,	77	Infr. Court of Chatham coun-
Salary Sec's Ex. Dep't. in-		ty may levy extra tax to
creased,	77	pay house rent of indigent
" Recording Clerk Ex. De-		families of soldiers, 9798
partment increased,	77	Compensation of Tax Collec-
" Clerk in Comp. Genl's. of-	80	tor and Clk. Infr. Court, 98
fice,	78	
STATE LUNATIC ASYLUM.		Confed. States exempt from
Salary of Supt. and Resident		taxation, 134
Physician,	11	Capital stock, assets, &c., of
Salaries of Trustees, Treasu-		Banks taxable, 73
rers, &c	11	TAX PAYERS.
\$50,000 for support of pauper		Oaths of non-resident, amend-
patients,	12	ed, 59
\$20,000 to purchase provisions		" On general return of,
in fall,	12	amended, 59
\$50,000 Contingent Fund,	12	Double tax on failure, 59
How raised and disbursed,	12	Debts due returned at Confed-
STATE PRINTER.		erate valuation, · 59
Advance to,	9	
Pay incresed,	78	
Mode of estimate,	7.8	ing Confederate money for
STEWART CO.		debts due, 60
Time holding Inferior Courts		See Taxes in Index.
changed,	44	TOWNS CO.
STONEWALL INS. CO.		4,000 bushels of corn to be
Charter of, amended,	41	supplied to, 67
SUPREME COURT DECI-		How and on what terms dis-
SIONS.	-	tributed, 6768
Reporter to furnish Clks. Su-		TRADERS AND IMPORTERS
perior Court in pamphlet		BANK.
	134	Name changed, 15
	ν.	TRUSTS.
T.		May be created for male per-
TAXES.	- 7	sons of sane mind, 47
Assessment of, for 1864,	79	
Not to exceed one per cent, *	79	U.
Till collected, Governor may		UNION CO.
borrow or issue State notes,	79	8,000 bushels of corn to be
Specific exemption for sol-	- 1	supplied to, 67
diers, &c.,	79	How and on what terms dis-
Commissions for collection		tributed, 67-68
graduated,	79	w.
On lands of refugees, one cent		WALKER CO.
per acre,	82	10,000 bushels corn to be sup-
	-81	plied to. 67

Walker Co.—Continued.	White Co.—Continued.
How and on what terms dis-	How and on what terms dis-
tributed, 6768	tributed, 6768
WARREN CO.	WHITFIELD CO.
Infr. Court may levy taxes	10,000 bushels of corn to be
without recommendation of	supplied to, 67
Grand Jury, 93	
WASHINGTON CO.	tributed, 6768
Infr. Court (for county pur-	WILCOX CO.
poses) when held,	Deficit of school fund of 1863
WHITE CO.	allowed, 136
3,500 bushels of corn to be	
simplied to	the same of the sa

INDEX TO RESOLUTIONS.*

No.	1.	Confidence in the President.	No	. 19.	Spun yarn to be furnished
46	$\frac{1}{2}$.	Thanks to Gen. Bragg and			certain counties.
	~.	his army.	66	20.	Pro rata of counties to be
	3:	Setting apart day for fast-			furnished irrespective of
		ing and prayer.			cost.
66	4.	Sermons of ministers for	66	21.	Requesting appointment of
		publication.	1	,	citizens of the respective
- 66	5.	Requesting appointment of			counties to collect tax in
		reliable citizens in their			kind.
		respective counties as in-	66	22.	Purchase of tax in kind in
		pressing officers.			certain counties recom-
6.4	6.	Certain mail route recom-			mended.
		mended.	66	23.	Suspension of the collection
4.6	7.	Certain mail route recom-		n is	of the tax in kind in cer-
	Non	mended,	r 3	37	tain counties, recommen-
""	S.	Certain mail route recom-		0.4	ded.
		mended,		24.	Joint committee to report
66	9.	Certain mail route recom-			tax act combining the ad
. ,;	10	mended. Certain mail route recom-			valorem and net income
6,6	10.	mended.	66	25.	principles. Increase of depots on R. R.
66	11.	Civil and military officers of	-	20.	to receive tax in kind.
	11.	the State exempt from	66	26.	Tax payers to return num-
		conscription,		20.	ber of sheep and dogs
66	19	. War to be prosecuted to in-			owned.
	12.	dependence.	66	27:	Battle flags acknowledged.
46	13.	Recommends relief of indi-			Volunteer navy encouraged.
		gent families of soldiers	66	29.	Committee to investigate
		from tax in kind.		•	condition and manage-
66	14.	Recommends free transpor-			ment of Western & At-
		tation of soldiers on fur-			lantic R. R.
		lough.	26	30.	Certain books to be furnish-
66	15.	As to pay of detailed vol-			ed Auditor of State Road.
		unteers.	65	31.	Governor may raise rates of
44	16.	Requesting Congress to pass			freight and travel on State
		laws allowing volunteers		20	Road from time to time.
		to elect their field and		32.	Respect for memory and ser-
		company officers.			vices of Capt. T. G. Ra-
46	17.	Increase of pay to privates and non-commissioned of-	66	20	ven. Consolidation of certain
		•		33.	standing committees.
,,	10	ficers. Provisions to be furnished	66	34:	Consolidation of certain
"	18.	certain counties.		34.	standing committees.
		Certain Counties.			- Standing Committees.

^{*} By reference to the Head Notes to Resolutions on pages 99 and 100 of the Regular Session, and page 151 of the Extra Session, particular Resolutions may be more easily found, COMPILER.

	11.2.		
No. 35.	Committee of conference on militia bill.	" 46.	As to peace, and the terms of its procurement.
4 36.	Changes in Code to be arranged in an appendix to		Thanks to our re-enlisting troops.
	the laws.	" 48.	Gov. authorized to appoint
" 37.	Acknowledgment of battle		agent of soldiers' relief
	flags.		fund, where Inf. Court
" 38.	Counsel to be employed and		fail in duty.
	paid in prosecutions for		Purchase of corn by refugees
	unlawful distillation.		in certain cases.
" 39.	Habeas Corpus.	" 50.	Purchase of wagons and
" 40.	Declaratory of undiminish-		teams by Gov. approved.
	ed confidence in the Pre-	" 51.	Gov. authorized to fund Con-
	sident.		fed, notes in 6 per cent.
" 41.	Certain mail line recommen-	•	Confed. Bonds.
	ded.	" 52.	Form and style of State
" 42.	Certain mail line recommen-		Treasury notes.
	ded.	" 53.	Act incorporating Ocmulgee
" 43.	Certain mail line recommen-		R. R. Co. explained, as to
	ded.	;	limitation of charter.
" 44.	Late military act of Con-	" 54.	Laws and Journals to be fur-
2	gress to be executed.		nished members, &c.
" 45.	Relief of creditors of, H. P.	" 55.	Public laws to be published
*	Livingston, of Clinch Co.,		in advance.
21	and R. H. McCroskey, of		Market and the second second
	Fulton Co		















